

Sommario

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The devices

The term device identifies a category of software devices designed to perform more or less complex support and control actions, to solve problems tied to the automation of systems. There are two types of device: internal and external. Internal devices have their codes residing and performed by the firmware of the actual product. External devices have the code residing and executed in the "intelligent" specialist cards that have their own calculation capability. The controller can only manage internal type devices. The list of devices implemented in the firmware depends on the firmware **version**. This paragraph is designed to illustrate the list and characteristics of the devices available.

Firmware version **10** implements the following devices:

Device name	Sampling time minimum (msec)	Sampling time maximum (msec)	Execution time (%)
CANOPEN	1	250	100
CALENDAR	-	-	0
DATASTORE	1	20	90,5
FREQ	1	250	4,75
DAC	-	-	0
ANINP	1	250	14,25
COUNTER3	1	250	5,94
SERCOM	1	250	9,26
MODBUS	1	250	32,07
MMIQ2	1	10	90,5
RECDATA	1	250	5,34
QMOS	-	-	0

Firmware version **20** implements the following **extra** devices:

Device name	Sampling time minimum (msec)	Sampling time maximum (msec)	Execution time (%)
EANPOS	1	250	55,94
OOPOS3	1	250	27,91
HEAD2	1	125	23,75

Firmware version **30** also implements the following devices:

Device name	Sampling time minimum (msec)	Sampling time maximum (msec)	Execution time (%)
CAMMING3	1	250	55,94
JOINT ¹⁾	1	250	95,01

¹⁾ the effective sampling time is double the actual setting

Details of devices

CANOPEN

If the device declaration **CANOPEN** indicates the zero speed, then it can be set by SW1 dip's 5 and 7. The first slot to address resources that reside in Canopen modules is 4.

DATASTORE

The files processed by the device **DATASTORE** are all contained in the /DS directory. If this directory does not exist, it is created automatically. The device **DATASTORE** can operate both with the MMC/SD card and with the internal NAND memory (not removable). To define which mass memory to operate the priority parameter is used (0=MMC/SD, 1=NAND). If the application has to access the two supported devices frequently and the physical removal of the MMC/SD card is not required, a special setup can be used for the priority parameter that avoids having to continuously run the memory MOUNT Umount. In practice, when wanting to change memory, before running the Umount command, set "priority = -1". This avoids the Umount phase is avoided in the device, making the next MOUNT command to the memory very fast.

An example of QCL code to change device:

```
SUB SETMMC
  WAIT NOT Mmc:st_busy
  IF Mmc:st_mount
    Mmc:priority = -1
    Umount Mmc
  WAIT NOT Mmc:st_mount
```

```

CALL CHECK_ERR_WRN
ENDIF
Mmc:priority = 0
MOUNT Mmc
WAIT Mmc:st_mount
ENDSUB

SUB SETNAND
WAIT NOT Mmc:st_busy
IF Mmc:st_mount
Mmc:priority = -1
UMOUNT Mmc
WAIT NOT Mmc:st_mount
CALL CHECK_ERR_WRN
ENDIF
Mmc:priority = 1
MOUNT Mmc
WAIT Mmc:st_mount
CALL CHECK_ERR_WRN
ENDSUB

```

There is a particular setting of the parameters that allows to check the existence of a file in the device. Use the “filename” parameter set to -1 and with the OPENFILE command the device, instead of opening the file, it searches for the first file in the “/DS/” directory of the selected memory. When it is found, the file name is set by the device in the parameter “filename” (and its type in the parameter “filetype”). Setting -1 in “filename” again and running the OPENFILE command, the next file name is found and so on. Every time an OPENFILE operation is run with filename different to -1, the search loop is closed. When the search has ended and there are no more files present, then the device will set as answer to the command OPENFILE “filename = -2”. The execution of the command is signalled by the flag st_busy = 0. If the file extension is not HEX or CSV, the file is ignored by the search. If the file name is not compatible with those managed by **DATASTORE** (numbers 0 to 9999999) then “filename” will remain set to -1 and a warning is given.

RECDATA

The device can memorise up to 10000 step.

QMOS

The parameter “frwuvalue01” contains the number value of the product serial number.

FREQ

To define the input associated to the device **FREQ** use the number field provided in the device declaration. The availability of frequency inputs has to be checked with the hardware version of the product. To ricavare the relation between number and terminal pin, use the information contained in the “Address” column given in the terminal tables.

CAMMING3

The parameters related to the sectors (CodeQm, CodeQs...) are not retentive. On startup they always take on the value 0.

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