目录

C1-R20-Fx BASE	3
1. Informations	∠
2. Description	5
2.1 Product identification	
2.1.1 Product label	
2.1.2 Ordering code	
2.1.3 Hardware versions	
2.1.4 Expansion cards manuals	8
2.1.5 Firmware versions	8
2.2 Product Configuration	g
2.2.1 Back terminal blocks	9
3. Technical features	10
3.1 General Features	10
3.2 CPU (F level technology)	10
3.3 Dimensions	
3.4 Drilling template	12
4. Base card wiring	13
4.1 Power supply	
Connection examples for 24Vdc power supply	
4.2 Serial Port Connections	
4.2.1 PROG PORT (USB mini-B)	17
4.2.2 USER PORT	17
4.2.3 CANbus PORT	18
4.2.4 ETHERNET port	19
4.2.5 MMC/SD	20
4.3 Ingressi digitali	21
4.3.1 16 PNP digital inputs	21
4.3.2 2 bidirectional counters 200KHz	
4.4 Digital outputs	
4.4.1 16 protected digital ouitputs	
4.5 Analog outputs	
4.5.1 2 analog outputs +/-10V, 16bit	24
5. Connection examples	25
5.1 CANbus	25
5.2 Digital inputs	
5.3 Line Driver counter inputs	27
5.4 PNP / Push Pull counter inputs	28
5.5 Protected digital outputs	
5.6 Analog outputs	
6. Electrical features	31
6.1 PROG PORT (USB mini-B)	31
6.2 RS232	32
6.3 RS422	33
6.4 RS485	34
6.5 CAN BUS	
6.6 ETHERNET	
6.7 MMC/SD	
6.8 Standard digital inputs	
6.9 Bidirectrional counters 200KHz	39

C1-R20-Fx BASE

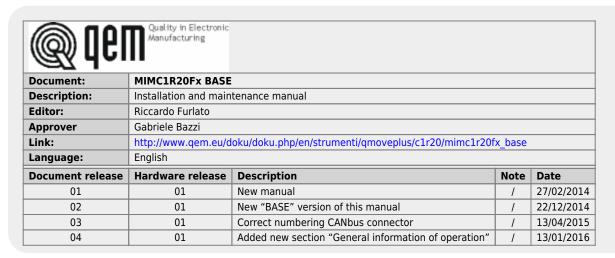
6.10 Protected digital outputs	40
6.11 Analog outputs	41
7. Settings, procedures and signals	42
7.1 Settings, procedures and signals	42
7.2 CANbus baud-rate selector	42
7.3 Led	44
"System Leds" Signals	44
"User Led" signal	
7.4 Keys	47
8. Operating Overview	48
8.1 Foreword	48
8.2 Organizing data and memories	48
8.3 CPU states	48
8.4 System functions	50
8.4.1 Access to system functions	51
8.4.2 Description of the functions	
8.5 Information for programming	
8.5.1 Development suite	54
8.5.2 Memories used	
8.5.3 Communication ports	
8.5.4 Firmware message error	
8.5.5 The devices	
9. Available accessories	59

C1-R20-Fx BASE



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1. Informations



The controller has been designed for industral environments in conformity to EC directive 2004/108/CE.

- EN 61000-6-4: Electromagnetic compatibility Generic standard on emission for industrial environments
 - o EN55011 Class A: Limits and measurement methods
 - EN 61000-6-2: Electromagnetic compatibility Generic standard on immunity for industrial environments
 - o EN 61000-4-2: Electromagnetic compatibility Electrostatic discharge immunity
 - EN 61000-4-3: Immunity to radiated, radio-frequency electromagnetic field
 - o EN 61000-4-4: Electrical fast transients
 - o EN 61000-4-5: Surge immunity
 - EN 61000-4-6: Conducted disturbance induced by radio-frequency
 - Moreover the product is conform to the following standards:
 - o EN 60529: Housing protection rating IP64
 - o EN 60068-2-1: Environmental testing: Cold
 - o EN 60068-2-2: Environmental testing: Dry heat
 - o EN 60068-2-14: Environmental testing: Change of temperature
 - o EN 60068-2-30: Environmental testing: Cyclic damp heat
 - EN 60068-2-6: Environmental testing: Sinusoidal vibration
 - EN 60068-2-27: Environmental testing: Shock vibration
 EN 60068-2-64: Environmental testing: Random vibration

2. Description

The **C1-R20-F** is the compact instrument for panel mounting of the Qmove+ range.

2.1 Product identification



The Ordering Code provides the exact product features. Make sure that the product characteristics meet your requirements.

2.1.1 Product label



- a Ordering Code
- **b Week made**: indicates the week and year of manufacture
- c Part number: unique code that identifies an ordering code
- **d Serial number**: product serial number, different for individual product
- e Hardware release: version of hardware release

2.1.2 Ordering code

Mod	el			Features						
C1	-	R20	-	FA	-	10				
						10 = Firmware version (00 = not installed)				
	F = Technology level A = Hardware version									
	R = Rear panel mounting instrument; 2 = Dimensions (150x155mm) 0 = Firmware-hardware correspondence									
C1 =	C1 = "Motion" Qmove family									

2.1.3 Hardware versions

These are hardware versions currently available:

							На	ardwa	are v	ersio	ns					
		Α	A B C D E F G H I J K L W Y Z													
	USER PORT (RS232-422-485)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	CAN PORT	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	ETHERNET PORT	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	1	1	1
	Standard digital inputs	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	-	16	16
Base card	Rapid digital inputs (can be used as frequency meters in the "FREQ" device)	-	2	2	-	2	2	2	2	-	-	2	2	-	2	2
Curu	Bidirectional counters 200KHz ABZ (24V-PP, 5V- LD)	-	2	2	-	2	2	2	2	-	-	2	2	-	2	2
	Protected digital outputs	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	-	16	16
	Analog outputs 0-10V-12bit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Analog outputs +/-10V-16bit	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	2	2
Software co	ode of the card to declare base card	1MD1F														
	Standard digital inputs	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	8
	Analog inputs 12bit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Analog inputs 16bit selectable(0-10V, 0-20mA, potentiometric, termocople, PT100)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2
Expansion card	Protected digital outputs	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	8
Caru	Relay digital outputs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Analog outputs 0-10V-12bit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Analog outputs +/-10V-16bit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	AUX PORT (RS485)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Software code of the card to declare as expansion card		-	-	-	-	-	-	1AD2F	1AD2F	1AD2F	-	-	1AD2F	-	-	1AD2F

2.1.4 Expansion cards manuals



2.1.5 Firmware versions

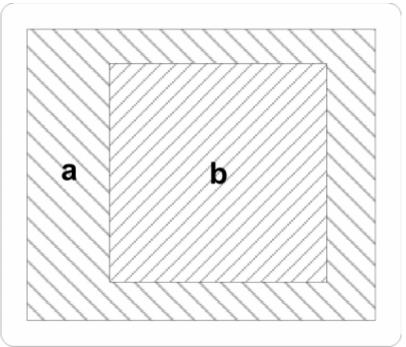
Version	Description
10	Fully programmable with PLC functions
20	Fully programmable with PLC and Motion control functions
30	Fully programmable with PLC, Motion control, Camming and Interpolation functions

For more details about the firmware, consult Devices enabled in the controllers.

2.2 Product Configuration

2.2.1 Back terminal blocks

The C1-R20-F composed of a "base" card and an "expansion" card.



- a = Base cardb = Expansion card

3. Technical features

3.1 General Features

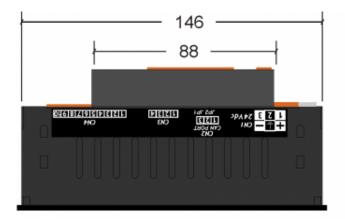
Weight (maximum hardware configuration)	500g
Material box	Sheet metal
System leds	4
User leds	4
System keys	3
Operating temperature	0 ÷ 50°C
Relative humidity	90% condensate free
Altitude	0 - 2000m s.l.m.
Transport and storage temperature	-25 ÷ +70 °C
Front panel protection	IP20

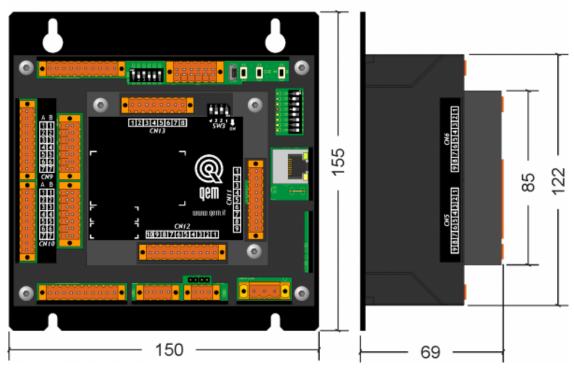
3.2 CPU (F level technology)

RISC microprocessor (32 bit)							
Work frequency	200MHz						
RAM	8MB						
Flash	8MB						

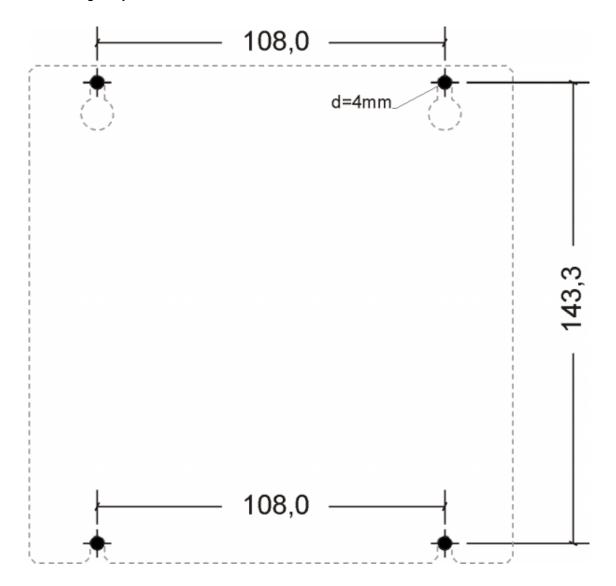
3.3 Dimensions







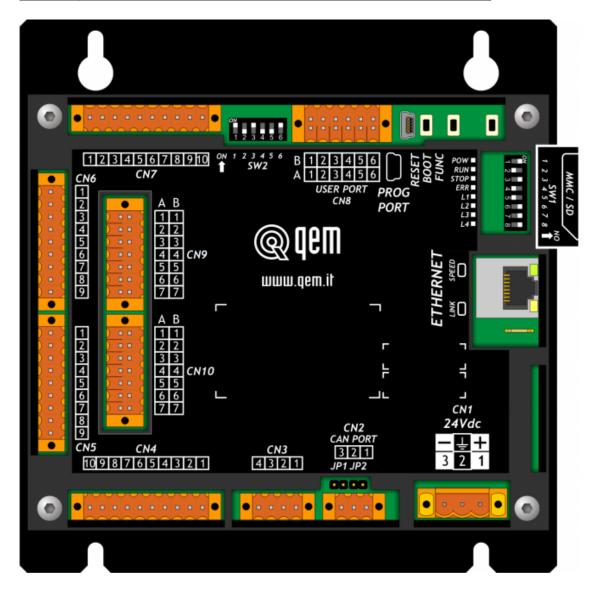
3.4 Drilling template



4. Base card wiring



For details about cable sections and connectors, see application note ANO21



4.1 Power supply

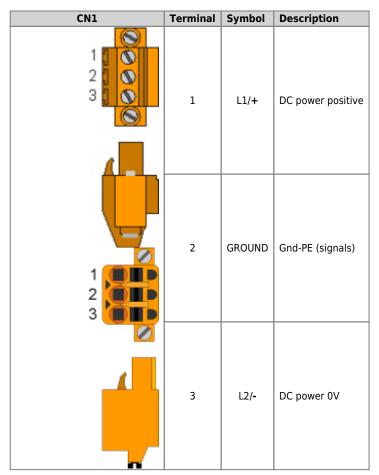


The cabling must be carried out by specialist personnel and fitted with suitable anti-static precautions.

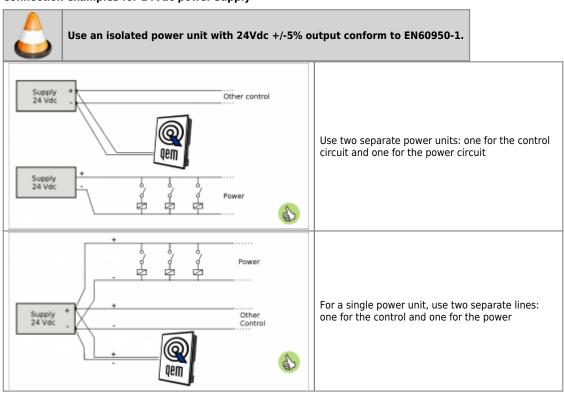
Before handling the controller, disconnect the power and all parts connected to it.

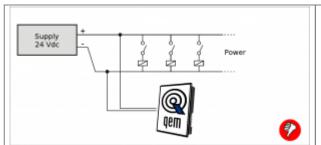
To guarantee compliance with EC regulations, the power supply must have a galvanic isolation of at least 1500Vac.

Power supply	24 Vdc
Voltage range	22 - 27 Vdc
Max. absorption	30W



Connection examples for 24Vdc power supply

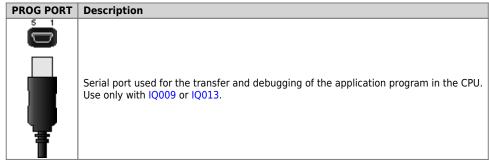




DO NOT use the same lines for the power circuit and the controller

4.2 Serial Port Connections

4.2.1 PROG PORT (USB mini-B)



4.2.2 USER PORT

Connector

CN8	Terminal	RS232	RS422	RS485	Description		
	1A	-	-	Α	Terminal A - RS485		
1A 1B	2A	-	-	В	Terminal B - RS485		
2A 0 0 0 2B	3A	0V	0V	0V	USER PORT common		
4A . 4B	4A	0V	0V	0V	USER PORT common		
5A 🕒 🔳 🕒 5B	5A	TX	-	-	Terminal TX - RS232		
6A 🚺 🚺 🕦 6B	6A	Ground					
	1B	-	RX	-	Terminal RX - RS422		
	2B	-	RXN	-	Terminal RX N - RS422		
n e	3B	-	TX	-	Terminal TX - RS422		
	4B	-	Terminal TX N - RS422				
	5B	RX	-	-	Terminal RX - RS232		
	6B	Ground					

Setting USER PORT electric standard

SW2	Num. Dip	Name DIP	Setting of DIP			Function
1 💷	1	JP2	ON	X ¹⁾	X ²⁾	Termination RS485
2	2	JP3	ON	X ₃₎	X ⁴⁾	Polarisation RS485
3	3	JP1	ON	X ⁵⁾	X ⁶⁾	Polarisation R3463
4	4		OFF	ON	OFF	
5	5		ON	OFF	OFF	Selection of USER PORT electric standard
6	6		OFF	OFF	ON	
ON ←→ OFF			RS485	RS422	RS232 ⁷⁾	

 $^{^{11.0,10.0.0.0}}$ X = setting not significant 71 the USER PORT can be used as PROG PORT with RS232 electric standard, setting ON in DIP-8 of SW1 and OFF in DIP-6 of SW2

4.2.3 CANbus PORT

Connector

CN2	Terminal	Symbol	Description	
1 2 3	1	CAN H	CAN H terminal	
0	2	CAN L	CAN L terminal	
	3	0V	CAN common	

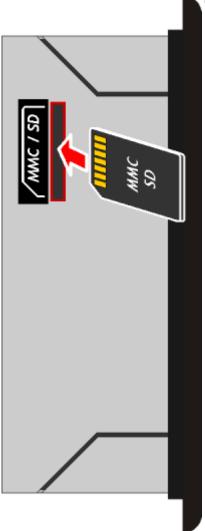
Termination resistances setup

	Jumper name	Setting	Function
JP1 JP2	JP1	INSERTED	CAN Termination activated
	JP2	INSERTED	CAN Terrimiation activated

4.2.4 ETHERNET port

ETHERNET PORT	Description
	Connector RJ45. LED: * LINK: green led = cable connected (led on signals the cable is connected to both ends) * DATA: yellow led = data transmission (flashing led signals data transmission)

4.2.5 MMC/SD



Memory card slot (marked by an arrow)

4.3 Ingressi digitali

4.3.1 16 PNP digital inputs

CN6		Terminal	Symbol	Description	Addres
	1	1	0V	Common for digital inputs	
	2	2	l1	Input I1	2.INP01
	4 5	3	12	Input I2	2.INP02
	6 7	4	13	Input I3	2.INP03
	8	5	14	Input I4	2.INP04
0		6	15	Input I5	2.INP05
		7	16	Input I6	2.INP06
		8	17	Input I7	2.INP07
		9	18	Input I8	2.INP08

CN5 Terminal Symbol Description Address 1 0V Common for digital inputs 2 3 4 2 19 Input I9 2.INP09 3 110 Input I10 2.INP10 5 6 4 111 Input I11 2.INP11 7 8 5 112 Input I12 2.INP12 9 6 113 2.INP13 Input I13 7 114 2.INP14 Input I14 8 115 Input I15 2.INP15 9 116 Input I16 2.INP16

4.3.2 2 bidirectional counters 200KHz



The electrical characteristics are given in paragraph Electrical features. The wiring examples are given in paragraph Connection examples

CN9	Terminal	Symbol	Description		Address	
	1A		Uscita +2	24V dc ¹⁾		
0	2A	PHA1	Phase A	Count 1	2.INP17	2.CNT01
1A 0 1 0 1B	3A	PHB1	Phase B	Count 1 PNP Push-Pull ²⁾	2.INP18	2.CN101
3A . 3B	4A	Z1	Z	Tivi Tusii-Tuii	1.IN	IT01
4A 🜘 🔳 🗶 4B	5A	0V				
5A . • B • 6B	6A	0V	Common for count inputs			
7A 0 8 8 7B	7A	0V				
0	1B		+24Vdc out ³⁾			
	2B	PHA1+	+ PHA		2.INP17	2.CNT01
	3B	PHB1+	+ PHB		2.INP18	2.CN101
	4B	Z1+	+ Z	Count 1		
	5B	PHA1-	- PHA	Line Driver	1 18	IT01
	6B	PHB1-	- PHB	1	1.11	1101
	7B	Z1-	- Z			

^{11.3)} Used to power the encoder. See Connection examples.
2) PNP/Push-Pull type count input configuration:
Terminal 58: connect to terminal 5A
Terminal 68: connect to terminal 6A
Terminal 7B: connect to terminal 7A

CN10	Terminal	Symbol	Description		Address	
	1A		Uscita +2	24V dc ¹⁾		
8	2A	PHA2	Phase A	Carrat 2	2.INP19	2.CNT02
1A 0 1 0 1B	3A	PHB2	Phase B	Count 2 PNP Push-Pull ²⁾	2.INP20	2.CN102
3A . 3B	4A	Z2	Z	Tivi Tusii-Tuii	1.IN	IT02
4A 🔴 🔳 🖷 🕒 4B	5A	0V				
5A . • B • 5B	6A	0V	Common for count inputs			
7A . 7B	7A	0V	7			
0	1B		+24Vdc (out ³⁾		
	2B	PHA2+	+ PHA		2.INP19	2.CNT02
	3B	PHB2+	+ PHB		2.INP20	2.CN102
	4B	Z2+	+ Z	Count 2		
	5B	PHA2-	- PHA	Line Driver	1 18	IT02
	6B	PHB2-	- PHB		1.11	1102
	7B	Z2-	- Z			

^{11.3)} Used to power the encoder. See Connection examples.
2) PNP/Push-Pull type count input configuration:
Terminal 58: connect to terminal 5A
Terminal 67: connect to terminal 6A
Terminal 7B: connect to terminal 7A

4.4 Digital outputs

4.4.1 16 protected digital ouitputs

CN7		Terminal	Simbol	Description	Address
0	1	1	V+	Output power input (12÷28V dc)	
	2	2	01	Digital output 1	02.OUT01
	4	3	02	Digital output 2	02.OUT02
	6	4	03	Digital output 3	02.OUT03
	8	5	04	Digital output 4	02.OUT04
	10	6	O5	Digital output 5	02.OUT05
		7	06	Digital output 6	02.OUT06
		8	07	Digital output 7	02.OUT07
		9	08	Digital output 8	02.OUT08
		10	V-	Output power input (0V dc)	

CN4		Terminal	Simbol	Description	Address
	1	1	V+	Output power input (12÷28V dc)	
2 3		2	09	Digital output 9	02.OUT09
4	1	3	010	Digital output 10	02.OUT10
6 7	6	4	011	Digital output 11	02.OUT11
	3	5	012	Digital output 12	02.OUT12
	10	6	013	Digital output 13	02.OUT13
		7	014	Digital output 14	02.OUT14
		8	015	Digital output 15	02.OUT15
17 }		9	016	Digital output 16	02.OUT16
		10	V-	Output power input (0V dc)	

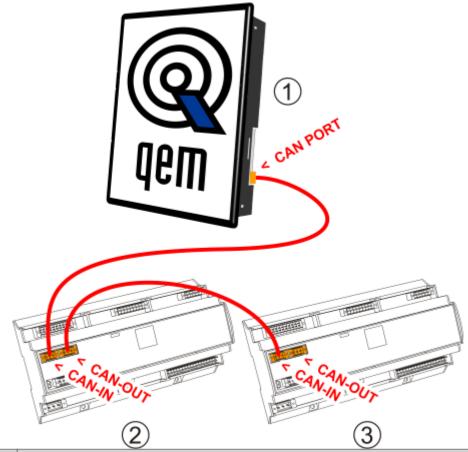
4.5 Analog outputs

4.5.1 2 analog outputs +/-10V, 16bit

CN3	Terminal	Symbol	Description	Address
	1 1 2 3	GAO	Common for analog outputs	
	2	A01	Analog output 1	2.AN01
	3	AO2	Analog output 2	2.AN02
	4	GAO	Common for analog outputs	

5. Connection examples

5.1 CANbus





On the first (1) and on the last (3) device of the series chain, must be inserted the

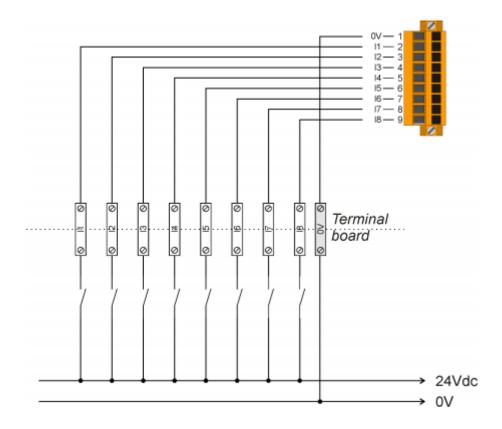
terminating resistors.

The shield of the cables must be connected to ground through the appropriate fastons on the metal casing.

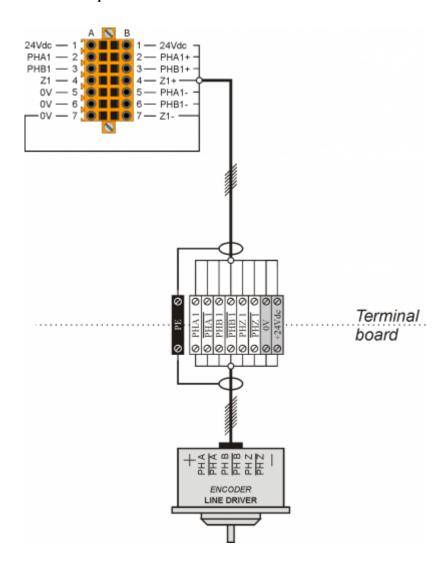


To activate the internal termination resistance see "CAN terminating resistances section"

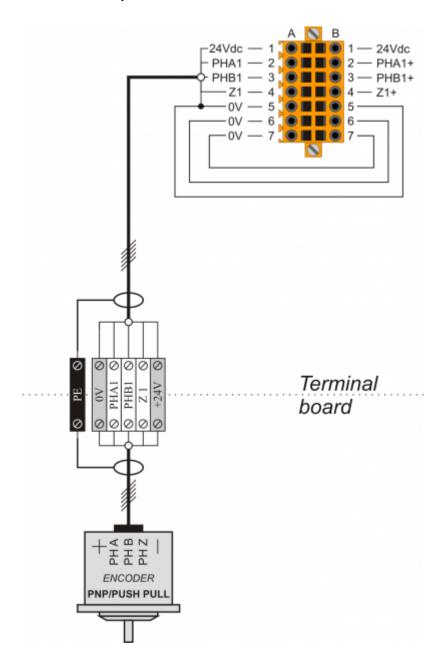
5.2 Digital inputs



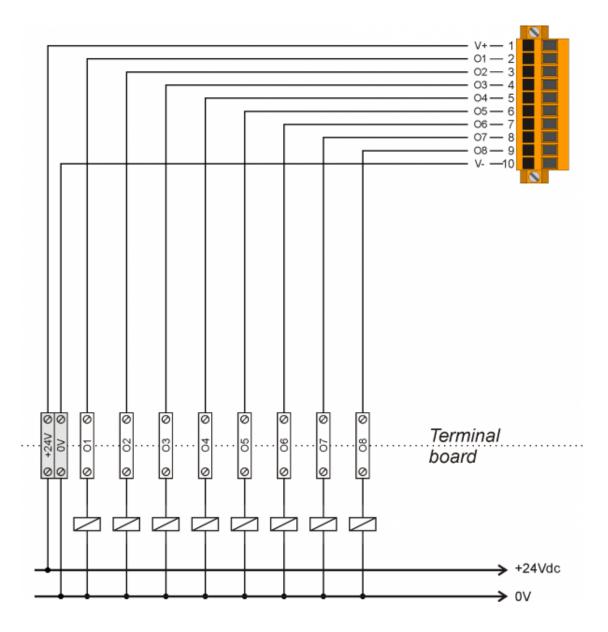
5.3 Line Driver counter inputs



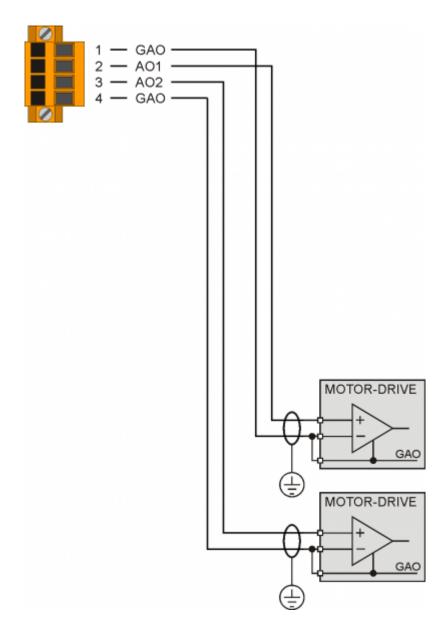
5.4 PNP / Push Pull counter inputs



5.5 Protected digital outputs



5.6 Analog outputs



6. Electrical features

The electrical features of the hardware are given below. Maximum and minimum frequency values and actual acquisition times, can still depend on any additional software filters, see for example the system "QMOVE:sys004" variable on the section "QMOVE:sys004" on the section System variables.

6.1 PROG PORT (USB mini-B)

Connector for IQ009 or IQ013

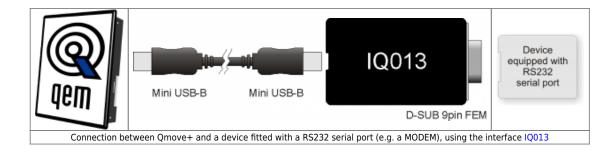


The USB mini-B connector does not support USB electrical standards, it can only be used with an interface IQ009 or IQ013.

It is used for the transfer and debugging of the application program in the CPU.

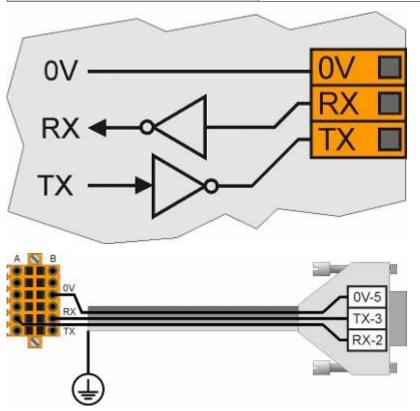
Electrical standard	TTL (Use serial interface IQ009 or IQ013)
Communication speed	Min. 9.6 Kbaud - max 115200 Kbaud settable by dip1 and 2 of the switch SW1
Insulation	None

Connection between Qmove+ e PC using the accessory IQ009



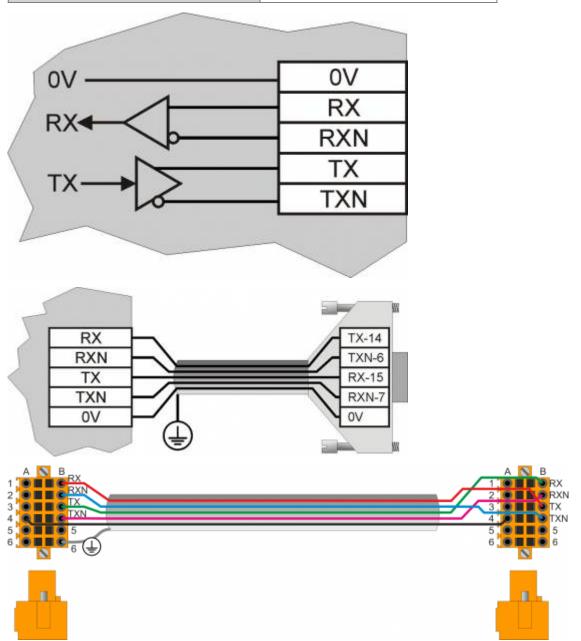
6.2 RS232

Communication speed	4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 baud
Communication mode	Full duplex
Operating mode	Referred to 0V
Max. number of devices connected on the line	1
Max. cable length	15 m
Input impedence	≥ 3 Kohm
Short-circuit current limit	7 mA



6.3 RS422

Communication speed	4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 baud
Communication mode	Full duplex
Operating mode	Differential
Max. number of devices connected on the line	1
Max. cable length	1200 m
Input impedence	≥ 12 Kohm
Short-circuit current limit	35 mA

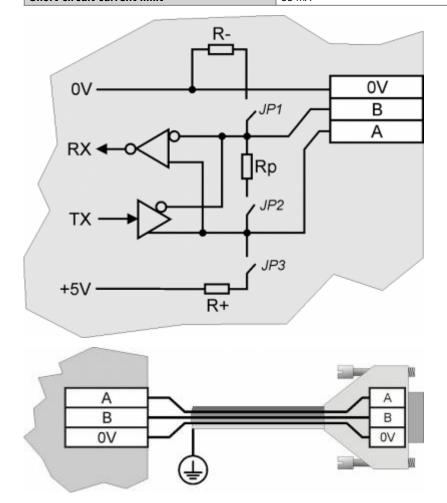


6.4 RS485



To activate the internal termination resistance see paragraph Setup of USER PORT electric standard, Setup of AUX1 PORT electric standard or Setup of AUX2 PORT polarization and termination resistances

Communication speed	4800 baud (only if used with SERCOM and/or MODBUS device), 9600 baud, 19200 baud, 38400 baud, 57600 baud
Communication mode	Half duplex
Operating mode	Differential
Max. number of devices connected on the line	32
Max. cable length	1200 m
Input impedence	≥ 12 Kohm
Short-circuit current limit	35 mA

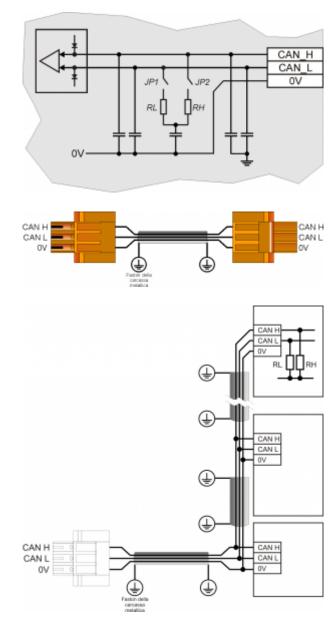


6.5 CAN BUS



To activate the internal termination resistance see paragraph Setup Termination

Communication speed 125, 250, 500, 1000 Kbit/s Max. number of Drivers/Receivers on the line 100 500m @ 125Kbit/s, 250m @ 250Kbit/s, 100m @ 500Kbit/s, 25m @ 1000Kbit/s Max. cable lengths Input impedence >15Kohm Short-circuit current limit 45mA



CAN BUS connection examples.

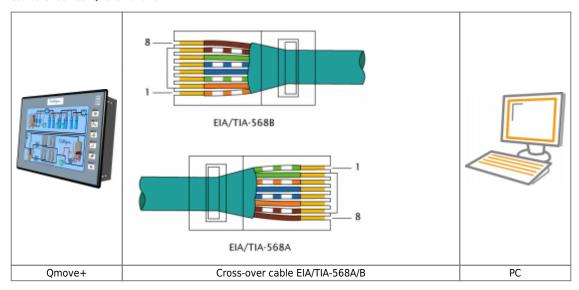


Caution: Close DIP's JP1 and JP2 and insert the termination resistances (RL, RH) on the last device of the chain.

6.6 ETHERNET

Ethernet Interface 10/100 Base T (IEEE 802.3) on RJ45 connector.

Connection between Qmove + and PC:



6.7 MMC/SD

Type of Memory Card to use	MMC, SD and SDHC up to 8GB
	For proper operation it is necessary that the device conforms to the standards set by "SD
	Association" (www.sdcard.org) or "Multi Media Card Association" (www.mmca.org).

.

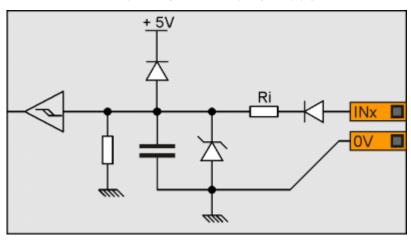


To use the Memory Cards they must first be formatted with FAT16 or FAT32 file system.

6.8 Standard digital inputs

Type of polarisation	PNP
Min. acquisition time (hardware)	3ms
Isolation	1000Vrms
Rated operating voltage	24Vdc
Voltage of logic state 0	0-2 V
Voltage of logic state 1	10.5 - 26.5 V
Internal voltage drop	5V
Input resistance (Ri)	2700Ω
Sink current	2mA ÷ 8mA ¹⁾

¹⁾ CAUTION: If the device connected to the inputs needs a higher minimum current, inputs may not work properly.



6.9 Bidirectrional counters 200KHz

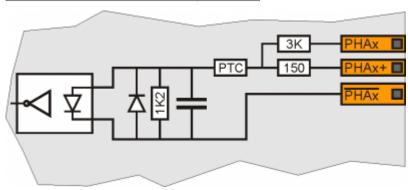


The values given in the table refer to input signals A, B and Z. The max. frequency given in the table refers to A and B phase signals with a DutyCycle = 50% With count frequencies over 50KHz the use of Line-Driver type encoders is recommended.

Type of polarisation	PNP/PP
Max frequency	200KHz
Min. acquisition time	5μs
Insulation	1000Vrms
Rated operating voltage	24Vdc
Voltage of logic status 0	0 - 2 V
Voltage of logic status 1	10.5 - 26.5 V
Internal voltage drop	1.2V
Input resistance	3100Ω

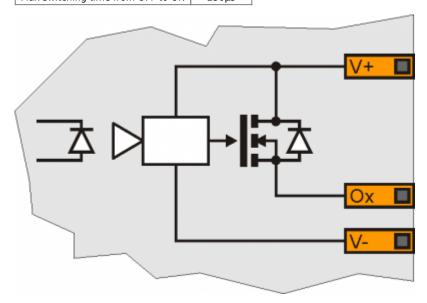
Line-Driver

Type of polarisation	Line-Driver
Max. frequency	200KHz
Min. acquisition time	5µs
Insulation	1000Vrms
Rated operating voltage (PHx+ ? PHx-)	5Vdc
Voltage of logic status 0 (PHx+ ? PHx-)	0-1.5 V
Voltage of logic status 1 (PHx+? PHx-)	2-5 V
Internal voltage drop	1.2V
Input restistance	150Ω



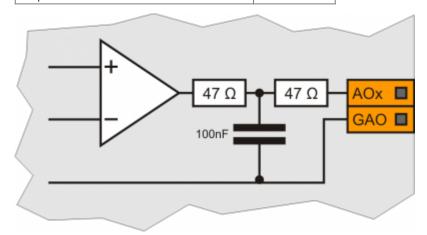
6.10 Protected digital outputs

Switchable load	Dc (PNP)
Max. operating voltage	28V
Insulation	1000VRMS
Max. internal voltage drop	600mV
Max internal resistance @ON	90mO
Max. protection current	12A
Max. operating current	500mA
Max. current @OFF	5μΑ
Max switching time from ON to OFF	270µs
Max switching time from OFF to ON	250us

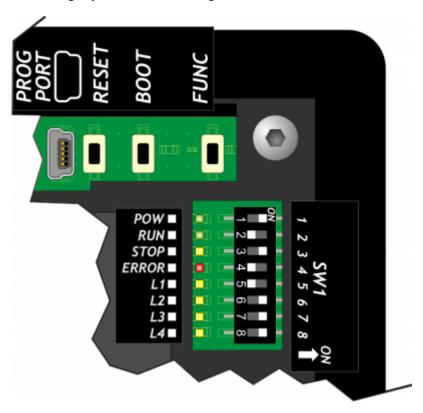


6.11 Analog outputs

Type of connection	Common mode
Insulation	1000Vrms
Voltage range (minimum no load)	-9.8V - +9.8V
Max. offset variation depending on temperature*	+/- 5mV
Resolution	16bit
Max. current	1mA
Output variation depending on load	100 μV/mA
Output resistence	249Ω



7. Settings, procedures and signals



7.1 Settings, procedures and signals

SW1	Dip	DIP settings	DIP settings			
	1	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	
/	2	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	Select PROG PORT
1 1		Baud-rate 38400	Baud-rate 115200	Baud-rate 19200	Baud-rate 57600	transmission speed
2	3	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	
3	4	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	Select USER PORT
4		Baud-rate 38400	Baud-rate 115200	Baud-rate 19200	Baud-rate 57600	transmission speed
5	5	CANbus baud-ra	te selector. See	paragraph <mark>CANb</mark> u	s baud-rate sele	ctor
6	6	O	FF	0	N	
7		PROG PORT can by SERCOM and devices		PROG PORT can SERCOM and MO		Select PROG PORT functioning mode
8	7	CANbus baud-ra	te selector. See	paragraph <mark>CANb</mark> u	s baud-rate sele	ctor
OFF ON	8	O	FF	0	N	Select the USER
		PROG PORT nor	mal	PROG PORT on l connector	JSER PORT	PORT as PROG PORT ¹⁾

¹¹ It is possible to use the USER PORT connector as PROG PORT with RS232 electric standard, doing this the mini-USB connector of the PROG PORT is disconnected (Setting USER PORT electric standard). For this function mode also set dip 6 of SW2 to OFF.

7.2 CANbus baud-rate selector

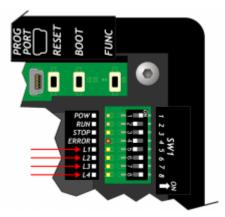
	SW1	Dip	DIP settin	gs			Function
1		1			-		-
2		2			-		-
3	-	3			-		-
175	_	4			-		-
4			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i i			
5		5	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	
6		7	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	Select speed of CANbus transmission
7			Baud-rate 125KB/S	Baud-rate 250KB/S	Baud-rate 500KB/S	Baud-rate 1MB/S	CANDUS transmission
8							
		6			-		-
OF	F ON	8			-		-

7.3 Led

The system leds "pow, run, stop, err" are found on the front panel and on the rear of controllers with display and only on the top of controllers without display.



The user leds "L1, L2, L3 e L4" are found on the rear:



"System Leds" Signals

Leggend:







Led	Colour	Status	Description
pow	Green		Power on
pow	Green		Only this led on, signals the CPU reset status
run	Green		CPU in RUN status
Tun	Green	0	CPU in READY status
stop	Yellow		With pow on, signals the STOP status of the CPU With pow off, signals the BOOT status of the CPU
err	Red	(With pow off, signals a hardware error. See paragraph Hardware Error codes With pow blinking, the flash rate gives the type of error. See paragraph err led signals

Err led signals

N. flashes	Error	Description	Recommended action
1	Bus error	Bus configuration different to application software.	Check the correspondence between the QMOVE application (BUS section of configuration unit) and the product configurations (cards mounted in BUS).
2	CheckSum Error	Negative outcome on the integrity control of retentive variables . (see Reset Error Checksum)	Restore the machine data from a backup (.DAT file) or cancel the error with in system functions and enter the values manually.
3	Index Out of Bound	An array index is pointing on an inexistent element	Open a unit editor in Qview development environment and use the "Edit→Go to PC" command to find the program line that is cause of the error. In general the index value has a value <1 or >array dimension.
4	Program Over Range	The program selection index in the DATAGROUP has attempted to access an inexistent program.	With the Qview development environment open the editor of a unit and user the "Edit→Go to PC" command to highlight the program line that has caused the error. In general the value used as index is lower than 1 or over the array dimension.
5	Step Over Range	The step selection index in the DATAGROUP has attempted to access an inexistent step.	With the Qview development environment open the editor of a unit and user the "Edit→Go to PC" command to highlight the program line that has caused the error. In general the value used as index is lower than 1 or over the array dimension.
6	Division By Zero	The denominator of a division operation of the application program has a zero value.	With the Qview development environment open the editor of a unit and user the "Edit→Go to PC" command to highlight the program line that has caused the error.
7	Syntax Error	The application program has an invalid instruction	This error may appear because the program counter has met the QCL END instruction.
8	Watch Dog Error	A CAN module does not function correctly, or a specialist card has a hardware problem	With the Qview development environment open the "Monitor→Bus" panel and the righthand column called "Watchdog Bus" indicates the card that caused the problem.
9	Stack Error	The applciation program has used all permitted levels of calls to subroutines	With the Qview software environment open the editor of a unit and use the "Edit→Go to PC" command to highlight the program line that caused the error. Analyse the unit execution flow, the call to subroutines nestings have a limit, over which this error is generated.

Hardware error codes

During the startup sequence, if a malfunction of any peripheral is detected, the system blocks and the error is signaled by the flashing led err while the other system led's remain off.



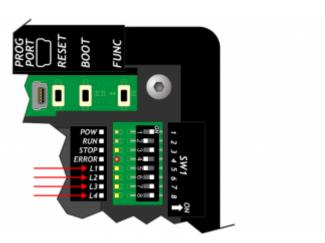
The number of flashes indicates the type of error according to the following table :

Number of flashes	Error
1	Display
2	FPGA
3	Media
4	Bootloader
5	FW
6	Bus
7	Signal not active
8	Signal not active
9	Exception



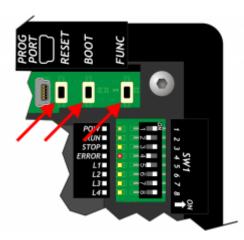
Each of these signals indicates a serious error situation. The product must be sent to the QEM aftersales service.

"User Led" signal



Led	Colour	Description
O L1		
L 2	Yellow	Programmable in the application program by the QMOVE system variable:sys003 and used by the
O _{L3}	TCHOW	system functions
O L4		

7.4 Keys



Name	Description
FUNC	Press on startup of the controller to access the System functions
ВООТ	Press on startup of the controller to set the CPU in Boot status and then access the firmware update functions
RESET	Reset CPU. the system is restarted restoring the initial conditions (after a startup)

8. Operating Overview

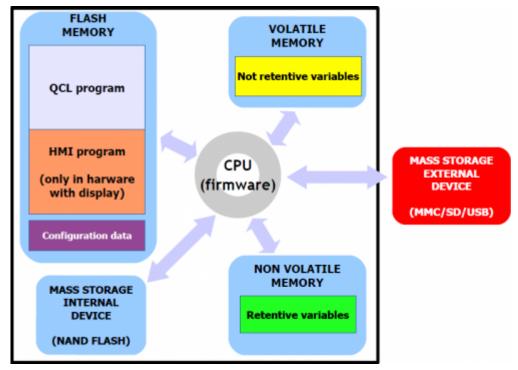
8.1 Foreword

This chapter covers aspects and descriptions of the product functionalities that are often related to the firmware, which enable the functionalities that enable its operation as a QEM Qmove+ programmable system.

8.2 Organizing data and memories

To best understand the terms used in this chapter, it is important to know the organisation of data and memory in a QMOVE application. QMOVE applications are programs written in QCL language that, translated in binary code, are transferred onto QMOVE hardware and saved there. In the hardware, the microprocessor runs has a program called firmware that interprets the above binary code instructions and performs the operations associated to them.

A QCL application, in addition to the instructions, is also composed of variables that the QCL instructions act on.. Some of these variables are retentive, i.e. their values remain unaltered from shut-off to start up. The flow chart below illustrates the organisation of data in a QCL application transferred to the memory of any QMOVE hardware:



It can be noted that, the QMOVE hardware has several mass storage devices:

"Flash memory", where the following is saved:

- QCL program: the series of QCL instructions translated into binary by the compiler.
- HMI program: the series of HMI screens translated into binary by the compiler. This program only exists when the QMOVE hardware has a display.
- Configuration data: the calibration and configuration data, the touch-screen calibration settings, the ethernet communication configuration data (IP address, etc...), etc.

"Non volatile memory", which stores:

 Retentive variables: the group of variables that remains unaltered on a shut-off and startup (e.g. SYSTEM, ARRAYS, DATAGROUP, etc).

"Volatile memory". which stores:

• Not retentive variables: the group of variables that is set to 0 at each startup (e.g. GLOBAL, ARRGBL, etc).

The volatile data memory is also used as dynamic memory. i.e. the memory used by the firmware for internal operations and active HMI screen management.

"Mass storage internal device" is managed by a standard filesystem and is useful to save information by the DATASTORE device (read - write binary or csv files with recipes, logs, variuous setups, etc).

It 'also used to store the backup of the application QMOVE and other service files.

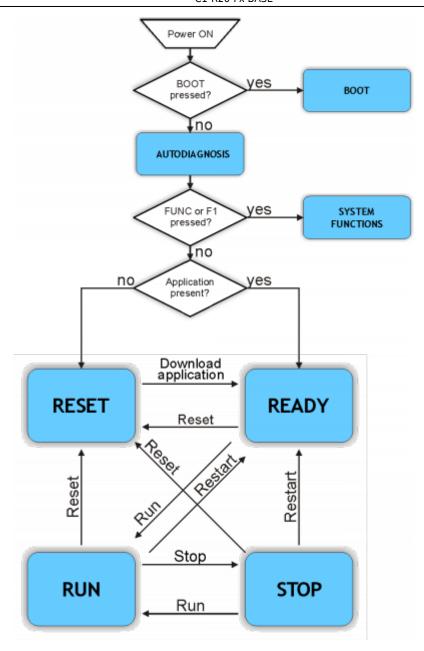
"Mass storage external device" is managed by a standard filesystem and is useful for loading the QMOVE application, data loading/saving, firmware update or to save informations by the DATASTORE device.

8.3 CPU states

The CPU has several operating statuses. The figure below shows the main status changes from the controller startup. The main operating statuses are RESET, READY, RUN and STOP.

The CPU events that determine a transition from one status to another are mainly linked to commands being sent by the development environment: Run, Reset, Stop and Restart.

Application download is the development environment procedure that allows to transfer a QMOVE application to the CPU.



The BOOT state can be used to access the firmware updating functions.

During the startup, after scanning the system led's, the controller performs a series of self-diagnostic operations. When any faults are detected or the operator has to be informed of any given situation, the self-doagnosis procedure is temporarily interrupted, signalling the event. The fault signal is made by led's L1, L2 and a message is given on display (if present).

System Messages

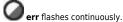
n.	Led ON	System Message (if display present)	Description	Туре
1	O L1	System Data WRITE ERROR	Indicates that a write error has occurred during the configuration data saving.	В
2	O _{L2}	System Data IS RESTORED FROM DEFAULT	Indicates that the configuration data has been restores to the default settings.	С
3	L1 L2	System Data is updated Please verify new data	Indicates that the configuration data has been converted into a new format. Check that the previous settings have been maintained.	С
4	O L3	Firmware is updated old: 1K31F10 1.001 new: 1K31F10 1.002	Indicates that a firmware update has been made.	С

• F1

When the condition detected allows to continue to the start stage (type **C**) and waits for the **FUNC** button or for the **F1** key pressed to continue the boot procedure.

If not provided with a display, the controller waits **5 seconds** before continuing with the startup stage, without waiting for a button to be pressed.

When the situation does not allow to continue the startup stage (tipo **B**), the controller, if provided with a display, shows the message"PLEASE TURN OFF AND TURN ON THE SYSTEM" and remains in this state until you turn off. If the controller is not provided with a display, the led



The SYSTEM FUNCTIONS status can be used to access the SYSTEM FUNCTIONS, which are special procedures that allow the user to perform various operations. For more details see the System Functions chapter.

Led status	Pow Orun
Status cause	No application in memory.
The condition that can put the CPU in this status	RESET command.

This condition can only pass onto a READY status by downloading the application, using the Qview6 development environment.

Led status	pow Orun
Status cause	Application valid and waiting for execution.
Conditions that can put the CPU in this status	Application download.

This condition can pass onto to the RUN or RESET statuses.

Led status	pow run
Status cause	Application in execution.
Condition that can put the CPU in this status	RUN command.

This condition can pass onto all other CPU statuses.

Led status	pow Stop » Orun
Status cause	Stop on application in execution.
Condition that can put the CPU in this status	A breakpoint has been encountered in the application code interpretation.

This condition can pass onto all other CPU statuses.

8.4 System functions



IMPORTANT: The use of these procedures could represent a risk (e.g. deletion of application), therefore it is highly recommended that they are performed by qualified experts.

The system functions are speficic procedures that allow the user to perform various operations, e.g. the configuration/calibration of peripherals, data and application save/restore on/from removable mass memory, deletion of the application and management of the mass memories.

All the system functions are listed below. DEVICE indicates an external storage media. MMC / SD or USB for hardware that they have the port.

System Functions

n.	Led ON	System Functions	Description
1	O L1	01 - Reset Error Checksum	Reset checksum error. NOTE: if the checksum error is present, the led L1 flashes.
2	O _{L2}	02 - Copy all files DEVICE → NAND	Copy all files from DEVICE to NAND Flash memory.
3	L1 L2	03 - Copy all files NAND → DEVICE	Copy all files from NAND Flash memory to DEVICE.
4	O _{L3}	04 - Application delete	Delete the application.
5	L1 L3	05 - Application upload from DEVICE	Upload the application from DEVICE.
6	L2 L3	06 - System Settings	Not implemented for this hardware

n.	Led ON	System Functions	Description
7	L1 L2 L3	07 - Downl. retentive data to DEVICE	Save the retentive data on DEVICE.
8	\bigcirc_{L4}	08 - Set NEW Password	Not implemented for this hardware
9	L1 L4	09 - Remove all files from NAND Flash	Cancel all files stored on the NAND Flash memory.
10	L2 L4	10 - Show NAND Flash files	Not implemented for this hardware
11	L1 L2 L4	11 - Touch Calibration	Not implemented for this hardware
12	L3 L4	12 - Set Ethernet communic. parameter	Not implemented for this hardware
13	L1 L3 L4	13 - Backup to NAND	Run the backup of the QCL application, data and HMI application on NAND memory.
14	L2 L3 L4	14 - Restore from NAND	Run the restore of the QCL application, data and HMI application from NAND memory.
15	L1 L2 L3 L4	15 - Firmware Upgrade	Run the firmware upgrade from DEVICE. Available only in some hardware.

Note: To exit system functions press the keep the **FUNC** button for at least two seconds.

8.4.1 Access to system functions



To access the System Functions, start up the controller with FUNC button pressed.

The QMOVE application, if present, it not executed and the led L1 lights up.



Use FUNC button to scroll through the functions. The selected function is indicated by the combination of L1-L2-L3-L4 leds lighted up.

The "System Functions" table gives the list of system functions and related led combinations.



Press BOOT button for 2 seconds to execute the selected function. The POW led starts flashing to indicate that the selected function is being executed.

When the function ends the $\mbox{\bf POW}$ led stops flashing.



Press FUNC button to restart the controller.

If the function does not complete properly the **POW** stops and the **ERR** starts flashing.

 $The number of flashes indicates the type of error as shown in the table {\it System Function Error Messages}.$

When a system function ends with an error, the number of led flashes **err** indicates the type of error.



If there is a display, a message is given to describe the cause of the error.

System Function Error Messages

Error/Number of ERR led flashes	Message	
1	Generic error	
2	Open/Exist/Create file error	
3	Read file error	
4 Write file error		
5	Out of Memory error	
6	QMos Version error	
7	Checksum Error	
8	Symbols checksum No Match	
9	Configuration / Symbols error	
10	File format error	
11	Format error	
12	12 Device not present or unformatte	
13	Application not present error	
14	Touch calibration failure	
15	File compression type not support	
16	Target don't match project !	
17	Fw version don't match project !	
18	File copy error	
19	File size error	
20	Crypt operation error	
21	Invalid Product Serial Number	
22	Function is locked	
23	Function not enabled	

8.4.2 Description of the functions

The system runs an integrity control of retentive variables by the application of a CRC to the nonvolatile data memory. This detects any

corruption and prevents the application from starting up, signalling the situation by flashing the led err as shown in Err led signals. For the application to function again, a new download of the application must be performed with the development environment, or the "Reset Error Checksum" system function. These operations delete the error status and zero-setsall retentive variables.

The procedure:

- Check the error status and end the function if no error is present.
 In microQMove products, the presence of the QCL application is also checked.
- Vengono azzerati i dati ritentivi e viene visualizzato il messaggio "Clear power down data..." fino al termine della procedura.
- Resets the retentive data and the message "Clear power down data..." until the end of the procedure.
- End of operation

This procedure copies all files in the root and "DS" directory of the external MMC/SD or USB card to the NAND internal mass storage.

The following table gives the sequence of operations and any possible errors:

Message	Description	Possible errors
Check <i>DEVICE</i> presence	Checking for the presence of the external mass storage card On <i>DEVICE</i> appears MMC or USB, depending on what is selected	Device not present or unformatted
Mounting device	Mounting the external mass storage card	Device not present or unformatted
Searching files	Searching for compatible files	No Files Found
Copy <filename></filename>	Making a copy of the files indicating the name currently in copy	

This procedure copies all files contained in the root and "DS" directory of the NAND internal mass storage to the external MMC/SD or USB card memory.

The following table gives the sequence of operations and any possible errors:

Message	Description	Possible errors
Check <i>DEVICE</i> presence	Checking for the presence of the external mass storage card On <i>DEVICE</i> appears MMC or USB, depending on what is selected	Device not present or unformatted
Mounting device	Mounting external mass storage device	Device not present or unformatted
Searching files	Searching for compatible files	No Files Found
Copy <filename> Copying the files indicating the name of the one currently in copy</filename>		one currently in copy

This deletes the application and empties the nonvolatible data memory, deleting the QCL program and, if present, deleting the HMI program.

The following table gives the sequence of operations performed and any possible errors:

Message	Description	Possible errors
Reset retentive data	Empty nonvolatible data memory	Write file error
Delete QCL application	Deletion of the QCL program	Write file error
Delete HMI application	Delection of the HMI program (if display installed)	Write file error

This loads an application from the external MMC/SD or USB mass memory card to the non volatile memory.

This allows to load all or one of the QCL program, HMI program and retentive data.

The external MMC/SD or USB mass memory card must contain at least one of the following files:

- applic.bin for the compiled QCL program generated by the Qview development environment
- applic.dat for the data file generated by the "Save Data..." procedure of the Qview development environment or by the Downl system function. for retentive data to DEVICE;
- **appqtp.bin** for the compiled HMI program generated by the Qpaint development environment; it is generated by the special function "Download the project to File...".

Message	Description	Possible errors
Check <i>DEVICE</i> presence	Checking for the presence of the external mass storage card On <i>DEVICE</i> appears MMC or USB, depending on what is selected	Device not present or unformatted
Mounting device	Mounting external mass storage card	Device not present or unformatted

If the applic.bin is present:

Message	Description	Possible errors	
Upload QCL application	Uploading the QCL program	Open/Exist/Create file error Write file error Read file error Out of Memory Error QMos Version Error Checksum Error Symbols checksum No Match Configuration / Symbols Error	

If the applic.bin file is not present, an application must already be loaded in the nonvolatile memory otherwise the "Application not present" message is given.

If the applic.dat file is present:

Message	Description	Possible errors
Upload retentive data	Uploading retentive data to the nonvolatile data memory	Open/Exist/Create file error Write file error Read file error Out of Memory Error QMos Version Error Checksum Error Symbols checksum No Match Configuration / Symbols Error QTP File format error

The procedure performs the following steps:

- Check the presence of the MMC/SD or USB card.
 The "Check DEVICE presence" message is given.
 On DEVICE appears MMC or USB, depending on what is selected.
- Mounting MMC/SD or USB card.\\The "Mounting device..." message is given.
- Uploading the QCL program (applic.bin), if contained in the removable mass storage device The "Upload QCL application" message is given.
- Uploading retentive data of the QCL program (applic.dat), if contained in the removable mass storage device
 The "Upload retentive data" message is given.

NOTE: if the applic.dat file is not found, the data in the system is maintained so long as the Symbol and Configuration checksums have not been varied. If they are varied all data will be set to zero.

- Uploading the HMI program (appqtp.bin), if contained in the removable mass storage device The "Upload HMI application" message is given.
- The file is closed and the operation ends.

This function creates a file on external mass storage (MMD/SD or USB) containing the retentive data values. The file created is named "applic.dat" and is the same as the file obtained by the "Save Data..." procedure in the QView development environment. The function can only be performed if there is a valid QCL application in the controller.

The procedure performs the following steps:

- Check the presence of the MMC/SD or USB card.
 The "Check DEVICE presence" message is given.
 On DEVICE appears MMC or USB, depending on what is selected.
- Mounting the MMC/SD or USB card.
 The "Mounting device..." message is given.
- Check the presence of the QCL program

The "Checking application presence..." message is given.

- Check the validity of the retentive data
 - The "Checking retentive data..." message is given.
- Open the applic.dat destination file on the external MMC/SD or USB card
 The "Open destination file..." message is given.
- Write the headers in the destination file
 - The "Write headers to destination file" message is given.
- Write the retentive data in the destination file

The "Write data to destination file".

NOTE: the percentage progress of the operation is given during this step

· Close the file and end the operation

Delete all files contained on the internal NAND flash mass storage.

Unlike the "Format NAND Flash" function, this acts at a filesystem level aqnd can therefore be performed as many times as necessary.

The procedure performs the following steps:

- Calculation of the number of files contained in the internal mass storage.
- The "Searching files..." message is given.
- If zero files are found, the "No Files Found" message is given and the function ends, otherwise the "Delete <filename>" is given indicating the delection of every file found.
- Close the internal storage and end procedure

The backup procedure creates a copy of the QCL application in execution and a dump of the retentive data, as files saved in the NAND mass storage. The files created have the following names:

- applic.qcy identifies the file containing the QCL application (CPU)
- appdat.qcy identifies the file containing the retentive data of the QCL application

The procedure performs the following steps:

- Check the presence of the QCL application.
- Create and write in NAND the QCL application backup file: applic.qcy.
- Check the presence and validity of retentive data of the QCL application.
- Create and write in NAND the retentive data backup file of the QCL application: appdat.qcy.
- Procedure end and system reboot.

The restore procedure allows to recover from the NAND mass storage, the saved backup files of the QCL application and an dump of the retentive data.

The procedure :

- The NAND backup file of the QCL Application is read: applic.qcy.
- The NAND backup file of the QCL Application retentive data is read : appdat.qcy.
- Procedure end and system reboot.

The use of system functions Backup to NAND and Restore from NAND allows to save in backup and restore a QMOVE application.

The backup and restore operations use the NAND internal memory device. The backup procedure creates a file copy of the QCL program, the HMI program (if the controller has a Qem display) and an image of the ritentive data.

The files created:

- applic.qcy containing the QCL program (QCL App)
- appdat.qcy containing the ritentive data image (QCL Dat)
- appqtp.qcy containing the HMI program (QTP App)

The files are encrypted and only the controller that generated them can run the Restore procedure so as to safeguard unauthorised data copies. The backup file copied to external memory such as MMC/SD or USB card can be carried out with the system function Copy all NAND files -> DEVICE. A directory named "QBK" is created in the MMC/SD or USB that contains the above files. In the same way backup files can be transferred to the controller using the system function Copy all files DEVICE -> NAND. In this case, the files in the MMC/SD or USB must always be contained in the directory "QBK".

Backup/restore is an important function that can be used in the following cases:

- 1. to restore the QMOVE application to a known situation (the situation at the time of the backup), if data has been changed by an operator or if the machine data has been altered for any reason.
- 2. when testing a new application, a backup can be made of the original, stable version. If the new application being tested is not satisfactory, the restore command will recover the original version.

8.5 Information for programming

In this chapter are collected all the product information for programming.

8.5.1 Development suite

The product programming requires the Qview-6 environments to program the QCL code and if the product has a graphic display, also the QPaint-6 environment to design the screen graphics. Noth these softwares are available in the Qworkbench software package that can be downloaded as freeware from the Qem website (in "Support" section).

The contoller has 3 slots. The slots 4 to 32 can be declared and must be used to address recources installed in the Canopen modules.

To use the terminal in a product that has a display, you must declare under INTDEVICE the device MMIQ2.

INTDEVICE Hmi MMIQ2 2

To program with the QPaint-6 development environment it is important to select the correct target. To do so, in the environment select *Project* → *Target Configuration* then select the right controller according to the ordering code.

Example of a statement of the BUS to use on the BUS unit's configuration:

```
1R20F
```

The firmware versione must coincide, and if available, the specialization card name to the 3 slot must be correct. See the dedicate section.

8.5.2 Memories used

This paragraph looks at how to measure an estimate of use of the product's memories. The non volatile memory is available to memorise the QCL program and has a capacity of 512KB.

The memory space occupied is equal to the size of the .BIN file generated by Qview. The percentage memory occupied can be viewed in the CPU panel of Qview under "Used CODE memory", or this information can be obtained from the value of parameter "sizeapp" of the QMOS

The non volatile data memory used to memorise retentive variables, has a capacity of 819KB.

The percentage memory occupied can be viewed in the CPU panel of Qview, under "Used RETENTIVE", or this information can be obtained from the value of parameter "sizeret" of the QMOS device.

The volatile data memory used to memorise non ritentive variables has a capacity that depends on various factors.

8.5.3 Communication ports

The PROG and USER serial ports implement the QEM proprietary communication protocol called BIN1.

The SERCOM and MODBUS devices can be used with all communication serial ports including PROG PORT. Use the following number settings during the device declaration to select the communication channel:

```
(if available for this hardware)
```

When the SERCOM and MODBUS devices use the PROG PORT or USER PORT, they address the channel only if the communication status of the device is open (st_opencom = 1). When the channel of the device is closed (st_opencom = 0) in the serial, the BIN1 protocol returns active. To force the BIN1 protocol on the PROG port (thereby preventing the SERCOM device from occupying the channel) active the SW1 dip 6.

When using the MODBUS RTU protocol on serial port AUX1 e AUX2 with RS485 electric configuration, remember that when the serial port is transmitting, the controller maintains the channel (DE) active for a longer time than the "MODBUS RTU" specification. To this must be consider a minimum time of 5 milliseconds after which it is possible to receive a new message. Also the SERCOM device, when it ends a transmission, has the same time the channel is active (DE).

The Ethernet communication port use the transport protocol TCP/IP, where the BIN1 protocol packets are encapsulated within TCP/IP data packets. There are two active connections identified by two communication ports can be freely set in the communication parameters of the Ethernet port. If the instrument is provided with a display, these values are displayed and modified using the system function 12 - Set Ethernet communic. parameter. Other ways to view and set these figures can be realized through special programs available within the development environment (QConfigurator-1 and QConfigurator-2).

SYSTEM FUNCTIONS 12 - Set Ethernet communic. parameter 0-00: BC address.: 192.168. 0.141 0. 0. Port nr. 5001 Port nr. 5002 Port nr 0 Port nr. Press BOOT or ENT to modify Press FUNC or F1 to EXIT

The port set in "Port nr.1:" represents a communication channel equivalent to PROG PORT. The port set in "Port nr.2:" represents a channel equivalente to USER PORT. The ports 3 e 4 are not used

The Ethernet port can also be used to establish a communication type Modbus TCP/IP with other networked devices. In this case the channel that identifies the Ethernet port can be set by entering the number 43.

```
mdbs MODBUS 2 43
```

The 3 channels of Ethernet communication port (two with BIN protocol and one MODBUS TCP/IP) can be active simultaneously.

8.5.4 Firmware message error

When downloading the Qmove application, the QView-6 development environment can give error messages that are not described in the development environment manual. These errors are special and the description string given by QView-6 is generated directly by the firmware.

The table below describes possible error messages generated by the firmware.

Firmware error messages

Possible error message	Description	
Error: SYSTEM + ARRSYS + DATAGROUP + INTDEVICE size overflow by 234bytes.	Given when the retentive variables exceed the maximum limit.	
Error: serial port not avaliable in SERCOM or MODBUS device declaration.	Given when the wrong number is used during the device declaration to select the communication channel.	
Error: CANOPEN device required if you use more than 3 slots.	In the BUS definition more than 3 slots are being used and so the application requests the use of Canopen modules. To manage this, a CANOPEN device must be declared.	
Error: incorrect bus fault mode in CANOPEN declaration.	The CANOPEN device declaration indicates a fault mode (last value in the declaration) that is not supported.	
Error: incorrect canbus speed in CANOPEN declaration.	The CANOPEN device declaration indicates an invalid speed.	
Error: too much CANOPEN device declaration.	Only one CANOPEN device can be declared.	
Error: absol. encoder resource num in ABSCNT device declar. is not avail.	The ABSCNT device declaration indicates an inexistent resource.	
Error: COUNT in ABSCNT device declaration is not a simulated counter.	The counter address used in the ABSCNT device declaration cannot be a simulated type (e.g. 1.CNT01).	
QMos version error. Unsupported instructions set.	One or more statements in the project QCL are not supported by the firmware.	
Error: compression file type not support.	The compression of the compiled QCL program is not supported by the firmware.	
Error: too mutch slots in bus declarations.	They were declared under BUS more slots than those allowed by the hardware.	

The development environment provides a series of ready-made variables that can be used by putting the word "QMOVE." before the name. For example "QMOVE.is_suspend", "QMOVE.sys001", etc. This paragraph is designed to illustrate the 16 system variables called sys001-sys016, whose meaning depends on the firmware that is being used.

sys001

This is a read only variable that indicates the status of the FUNC (bit 0) and BOOT (bit 1) buttons. The following settings are possible: 0 = no button pressed.

- 1 = FUNC button pressed.
- 2 = BOOT button pressed. 3 = FUNC and BOOT buttons pressed.

sys002

This variabile allows to read a dump of the SW1 dip-switches. The dump is acquired only after the controller is powered. The Bit 0 corresponds to dip 1 and so on.

NOTE: Some dips are not connected to the microprocessor and is therefore always read at logic level 0.

sys003

This variable allows the command of led's L1-L2-L3-L4. The bit 0 corresponds to L1, the bit1 to L2 and so on.

sys004

This variable allows toxet the anti-glitch filter on the phase signals in the two-way counters. The setting is expressed in KHz and refers to the signal frequency of one phase. The setting range is 30-220. The default setting is 220KHz. The variable can also be reread. The filter can be modified at any time.

sys005-16

Not used.

8.5.5 The devices

The device term identifies a category of software capable of supporting and monitoring activities, more or less complex, to solve the automation systems problems.

The list of implemented devices in the firmware depends from the firmware **version**.

The firmware version 10 include following device:

Device name	Minimum sampling time (msec)	Maximum sampling time (msec)	Execution time (%)
ANINP	1	250	14,25
CALENDAR	-	-	0
CANOPEN	1	250	100
COUNTER3	1	250	5,94
DAC	-	-	0

Device name	Minimum sampling time (msec)	Maximum sampling time (msec)	Execution time (%)
DATASTORE	1	20	90,5
FREQ	1	250	4,75
MODBUS	1	250	32,07
QMOS	-	-	0
RECDATA	1	250	5,34
SERCOM	1	250	9,26

The firmware version 20 include also following device:

Device name	Minimum sampling time (msec)	Maximum sampling time (msec)	Execution time (%)
ANPOS2	1	250	8,31
EANPOS	1	250	55,94
HEAD2	1	250	23,75
OOPOS3	1	250	27,91

The firmware version 30 include also following device:

Device name	Minimum sampling time (msec)	Maximum sampling time (msec)	Execution time (%)
CAMMING3	1	250	55,94
INTERP	1	250	35,63
JOINT ¹⁾	1	250	95,01

8.5.5.1 Features of the device

This section describes the additional information of the devices. This information complement and complete the maintenance manual of the device available on the Qem site. These are the information related to the implementation of the devices in this product.

8.5.5.1.1 CANOPEN

If in the device declaration CANOPEN viene indicata la velocità zero allora essa diventa impostabile tramite dip di SW1.

The first slot of the target resources that reside within the Canopen is the 4.

The firmware capture the input interrupt while this is located in a Canopen module. You can enter the 2 value in the Declaration of the device on the relative sector to the port. This setting makes it possible for the startup of the QCL DS402 drives through a request (QDO number 10). This function is essential in cases where there are driver without enable input and the power supply logical is in common with main power supply. If the main power supply is turn off, the drive ot communicating in CANOPEN because also the logic section are turned off.

8.5.5.1.2 DATASTORE

The files used from the device DATASTORE are contain in the /DS folder. If this folder does not exist it is created automatically. The DATASTORE device can can operate with MMC/SD or USB NAND memory inside the product (not removable). To define how your device used the parameter value priority (0=MMC/SD, 1=NAND, 2=USB). If your application needs to frequently access to the MMC/SD or USB device and do not require physical removal, you can use a particular priority parameter setting that avoids continually MOUNT UMOUNT devices. Before execute the UMOUNT command to set the "priority = -1"

A QCL code example to change device may be:

```
SUB SETMMC
WAIT NOT data.st busy
IF data.st mount
data.priority = -1
data.MMOUNT
WAIT NOT data.st mount
CALL CHECK_ERR_WRN
ENDIF
 data.priority = 0
data.MOUNT
WAIT data.st_mount
ENDSUB
SUB SETNAND
WAIT NOT data.st busy
IF data.st mount
data.priority = -1
data.UMOUNT
WAIT NOT data.st mount
CALL CHECK_ERR_WRN
ENDIF
       data.priority = 1
data.MOUNT
WAIT data s+ --
                         data.st_mount
CHECK_ERR_WRN
```

Check for the existence of a file on the external memory. Do you use the "filenum" set to the -1 value and use the OPENFILE command. If you set again the -1 value in "filenum" and use the OPENFILE command will search for the name of the next file, and so on. Whenever we will use a different -1 value with OPENFILE the search loop filenum will be closes. When the search is complete and there will be no more files, then the device will response to the OPENFILE command "filenum = -2". The successful execution of the command will be indicated by flag st_busy = 0. If the file extension is not HEX or CSV file itself is ignored by the search. In the case that the file name is not compatible with those managed by DATASTORE (numbers from 0 to 9999999) then the "filenum" will remain set to -1 value and will report a warning.

The "disksize" and "diskfree" parameters are represented in KB.

8.5.5.1.3 RECDATA

The device can store 10000 step maximum.

8.5.5.1.4 QMOS

The "frwuvalue01" parameter contains the numeric value of the serial number of the product. The "frwuvalue02" parameter contains the numeric value of the PN (Part Number). The "frwuvalue03" parameter contains the numeric value of the hardware release. The "frwuvalue04" parameter contains the numeric value of the VN (Vedi Nota). The "frwuvalue05" parameter contains the numeric values of the QCL Level.

8.5.5.1.5 FREQ

To define the input associated to the device FREQ use the appropriate numeric field on the device. The availability of frequency inputs must be verified with the hardware version of the product. To derive the relationship between numerical value and terminal pin use the information in the "address" column in the tables in the illustration of the terminal.

8.5.5.1.6 CAMMING3

The parameters in the fields sector (CodeQm, CodeQs...) are not ritentive. At power-up they take always value 0.

9. Available accessories

- IQ009IQ013IQ011

- IQ016
- Connectors polarization Kit
- Front panel customization kit

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