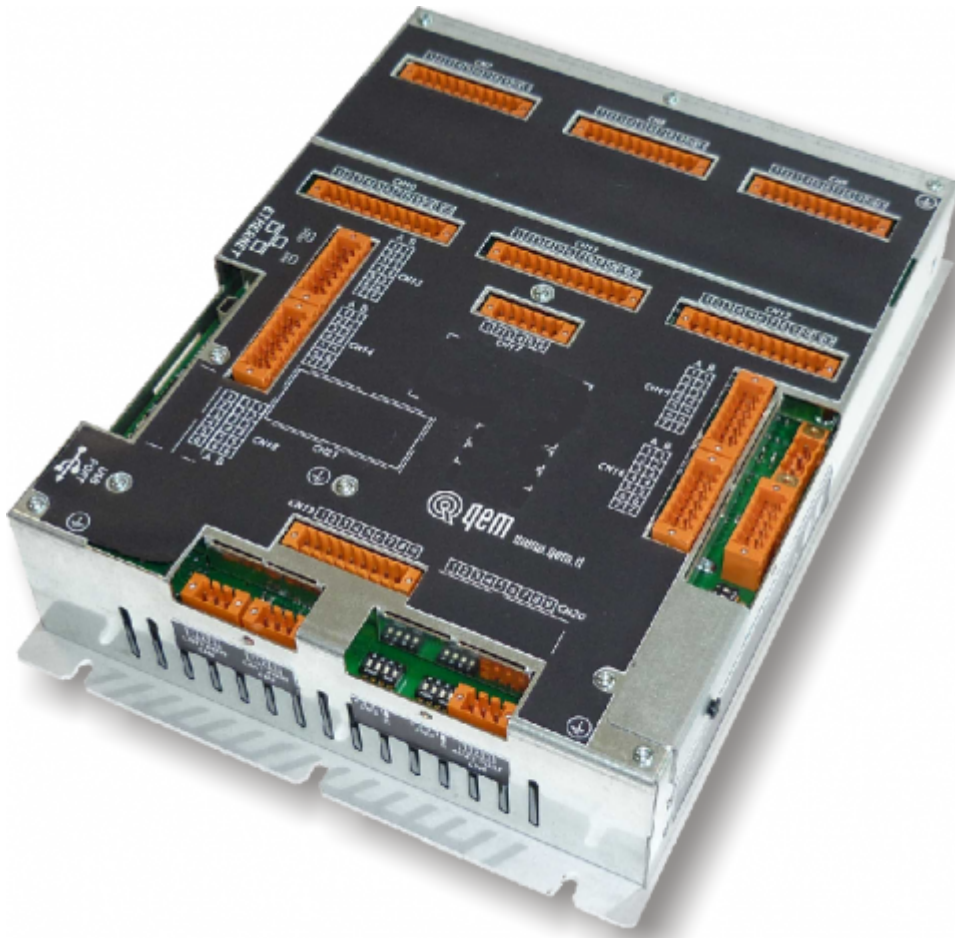


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C1-R31-Fx BASE



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1. Informations



Quality in Electronic
Manufacturing

Document:	MIMC1R31F BASE			
Descrizione:	Installation and maintenance manual			
Editor:	Riccardo Furlato			
Approver	Gabriele Bazzi			
Link:	http://www.qem.eu/doku/doku.php/en/strumenti/qmoveplus/C1R31/mimC1R31fx_base			
Language:	English			
Document release	Hardware release	Description	Note	Date
01	01	New manual	Valid from the firmware release 5	20/01/2012
02	02	New "BASE" version of this manual	/	17/02/2015
03	02	Added the "General information" section	/	04/11/2015


The controller has been designed for industrial environments in conformity to EC directive 2004/108/CE.

- EN 61000-6-4: Electromagnetic compatibility - Generic standard on emission for industrial environments
 - EN55011 Class A: Limits and measurement methods
- EN 61000-6-2: Electromagnetic compatibility - Generic standard on immunity for industrial environments
 - EN 61000-4-2: Electromagnetic compatibility - Electrostatic discharge immunity
 - EN 61000-4-3: Immunity to radiated, radio-frequency electromagnetic field
 - EN 61000-4-4: Electrical fast transients
 - EN 61000-4-5: Surge immunity
 - EN 61000-4-6: Conducted disturbance induced by radio-frequency
- Moreover the product is conform to the following standards:
 - EN 60529: Housing protection rating IP64
 - EN 60068-2-1: Environmental testing: Cold
 - EN 60068-2-2: Environmental testing: Dry heat
 - EN 60068-2-14: Environmental testing: Change of temperature
 - EN 60068-2-30: Environmental testing: Cyclic damp heat
 - EN 60068-2-6: Environmental testing: Sinusoidal vibration
 - EN 60068-2-27: Environmental testing: Shock vibration
 - EN 60068-2-64: Environmental testing: Random vibration

2. Description

The **C1-R31-F** is the compact instrument for panel mounting of the Qmove+ range.

2.1 Product identification

	<p>The Ordering Code provides the exact product features. Make sure that the product characteristics meet your requirements.</p>
---	---

2.1.1 Product label



- **a - Ordering Code**
- **b - Week made:** indicates the week and year of manufacture
- **c - Part number:** unique code that identifies an ordering code
- **d - Serial number:** product serial number, different for individual product
- **e - Hardware release:** version of hardware release

2.1.2 Ordering code

Model			Features		
C1	-	R31	-	FA	- 10
					10 = Firmware version (00 = not installed)
					F = Technology level A = Hardware version
					R = Rear panel mounting instrument 3 = Dimensions (198x240mm) 1 = Firmware-hardware correspondence
C1 = "Motion" Qmove family					

2.1.3 Hardware versions

These are hardware versions currently available:

		Hardware versions										
		B	C	D	E	F	G	I	J	K	Y	Z
SLOT 2 (Base card)	USER PORT (RS232, RS422, RS485)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	AUX1 PORT (RS232, RS422, RS485)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1
	AUX2 PORT (RS485)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	CAN1 PORT	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	CAN2 PORT ¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	ETHERNET PORT	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	USB PORT ²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1
SLOT 3 (Schede espansione)	Standard digital inputs	32	24	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	24	24
	Rapid digital inputs ³⁾	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
	Analog inputs 12bit	4	2	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	2	4
	Analog inputs 16bit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	PT100 inputs ⁴⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Termocouple inputs ⁵⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Bidirectional counters 20KHz ABZ (24V-PP, 5V-LD)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Bidirectional counters 200KHz ABZ (24V-PP, 5V-LD)	2 ⁶⁾	4	4 ⁷⁾	6 ⁸⁾	8	6	2	8	4 ⁹⁾	4	4
	SSI counters	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
	Protected digital outputs	32	24	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	24	24
	Relay digital outputs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Analog outputs 0-10V-12bit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Analog output +/-10V-16bit	2	4	4	6	8	6	4	8	4	4	4
	Stepper outputs	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	4 ¹⁰⁾
	Remote keyboard connector ¹¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Card software code declared in SLOT 3		1MG8F	1MG4F	1MG8F	1MG8F	1MG8F	1MG8F	1MG6F	1MG8F	1MG8F	1MG4F	1MG4F

¹⁾ 2) 4) 5) 12) option not currently enabled

³⁾ 2 of the inputs can be used as frequency meters in the "FREQ" device

⁶⁾ the connectors used are CN15 and CN16

^{7) 8)} the connectors used are CN15, CN16, CN17 and CN18

⁹⁾ the connectors used are CN15, CN16, CN17, CN18, CN19 and CN20

¹⁰⁾ 4 uscite solo Push-Pull

2.1.4 Expansion cards manuals

- [MIM1MG4F01](#)
- [MIM1MG6F02](#)
- [MIM1MG8F02](#)

2.1.5 Firmware versions

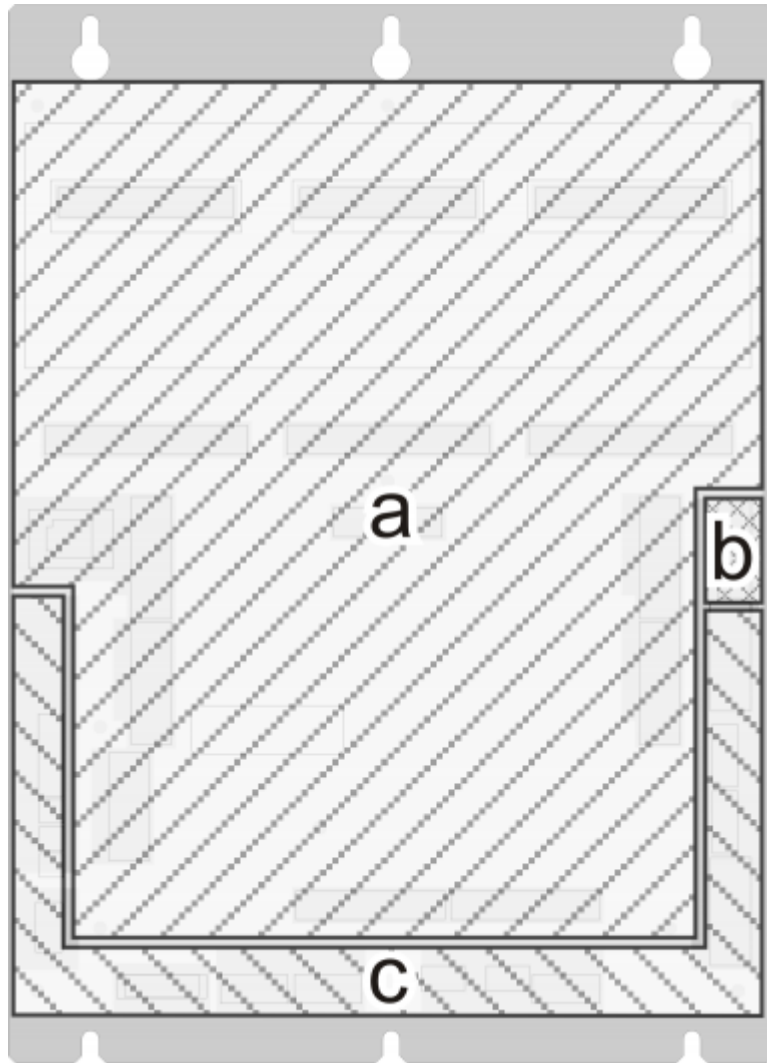
Version	Description
10	Fully programmable with PLC functions
20	Fully programmable with PLC and Motion control functions
30	Fully programmable with PLC, Motion control, Camming and Interpolation functions

For more details about the firmware, consult [Devices enabled in the controllers](#).

2.2 Product Configuration

2.2.1 Back terminal blocks

The C1-R31-F composed of a “base” card and an “expansion” card.



- **a** = Expansion card
- **b** = Power supply connector on the base card
- **c** = Base card

3. Technical features

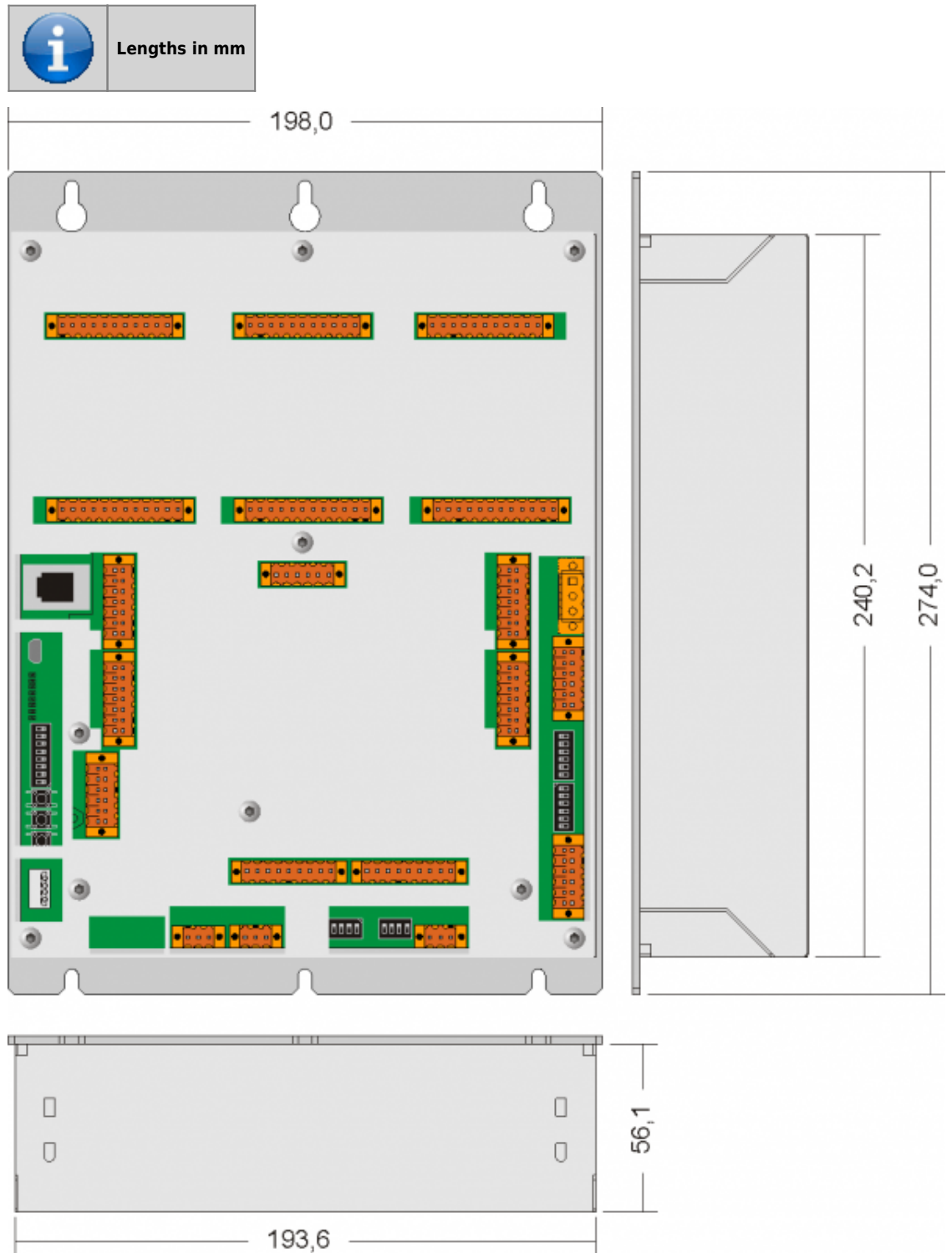
3.1 General Features

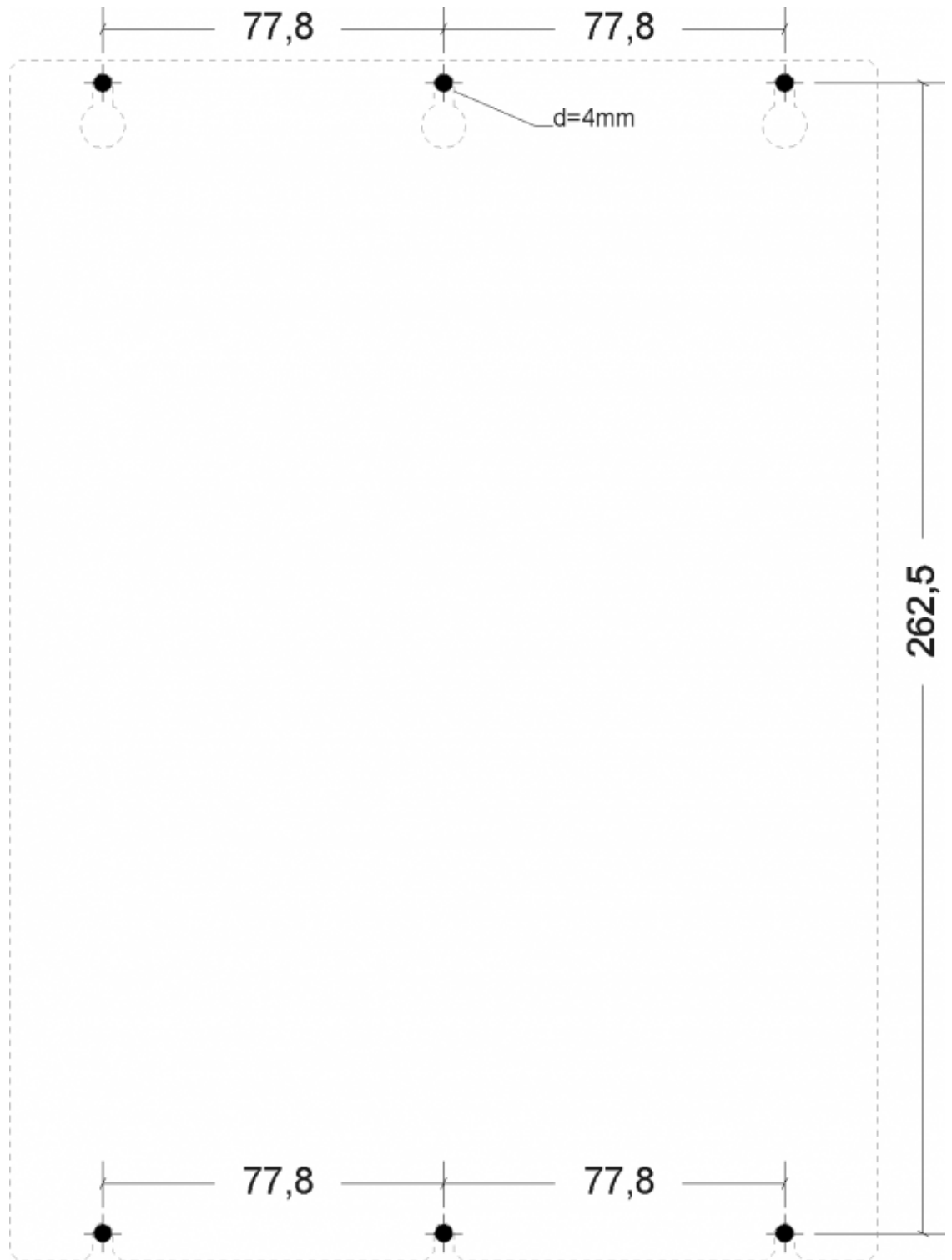
Weight (maximum hardware configuration)	1Kg
Material box	Sheet metal
System led	8
System keys	3
Operating temperature	0 ÷ 50°C
Transport and storage temperature	-25 ÷ +70 °C
Relative humidity	90% condensate free
Altitude	0 - 2000m s.l.m.
Front panel protection	IP20

3.2 CPU (F level technology)

RISC microprocessor (32 bit)	
Work frequency	200MHz
RAM	16MB
Flash	8MB

3.3 Dimensions

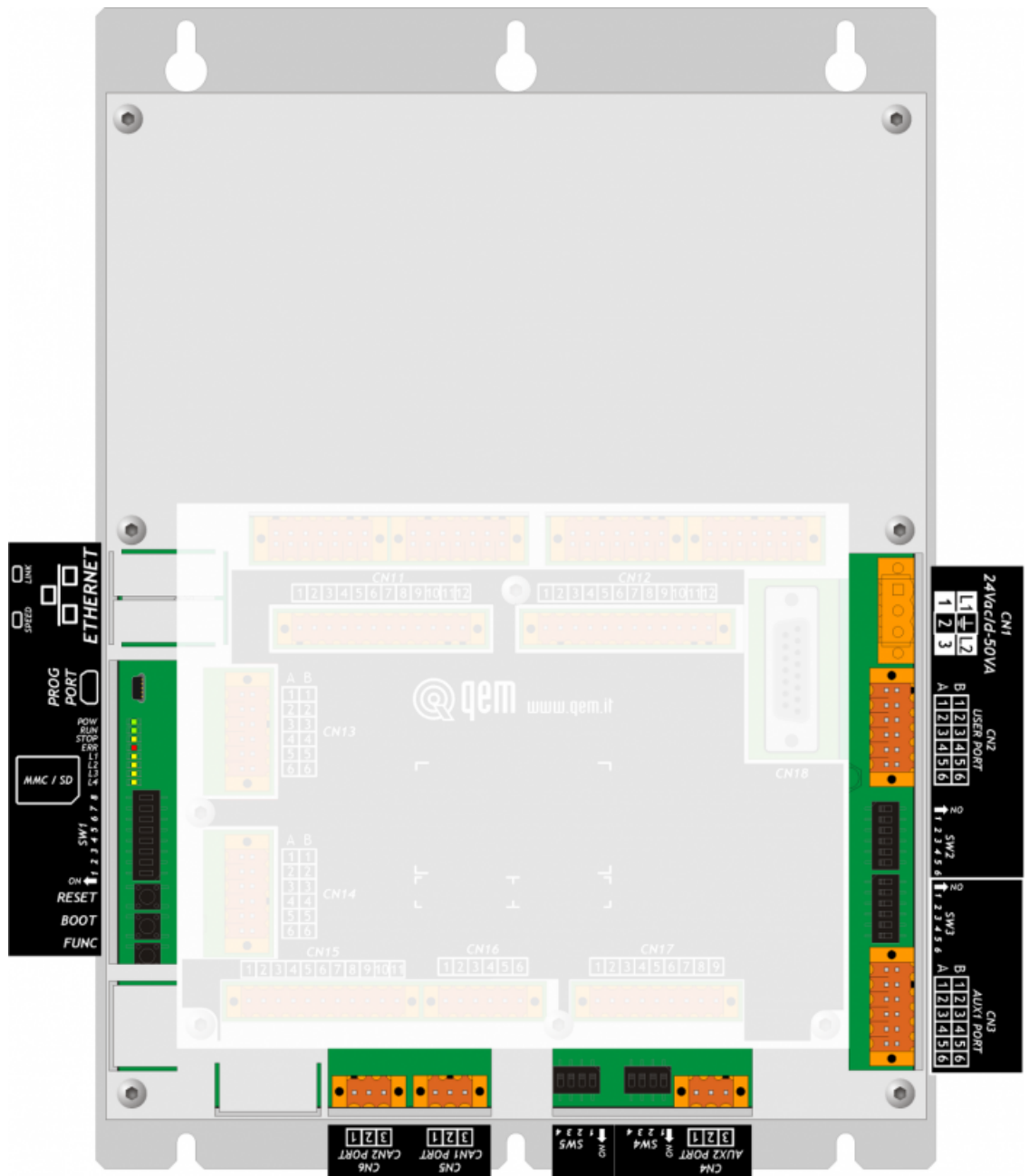


3.4 Drilling template

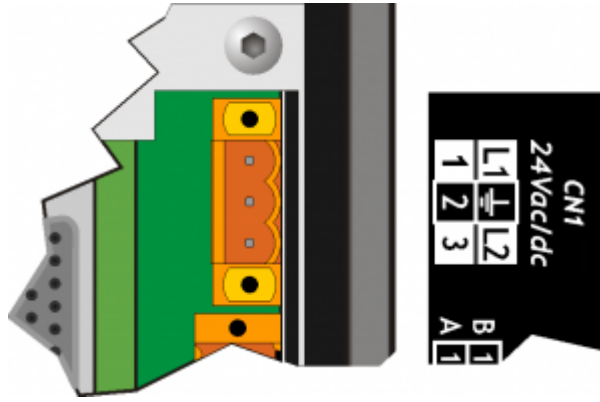
4. Base card wiring



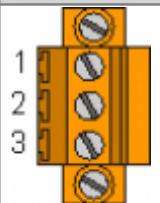
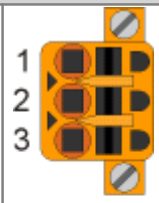
For details about cable sections and connectors, see application note [AN021](#)



4.1 Power Supply



The cabling must be carried out by specialist personnel and fitted with suitable anti-static precautions.
Before handling the controller, disconnect the power and all parts connected to it.
To guarantee compliance with EC regulations, the power supply must have a galvanic isolation of at least 1500Vac.

Power supply	24 Vdc			
Voltage range	22 - 27 Vdc			
Max. absorption	30W			
CN1		Terminal	Symbol	Description
		1	+	DC power positive
		2	GROUND	Gnd-PE (signals)
		3	-	DC power 0V

Connection examples




Use an isolated power unit with 24Vdc +/-5% output conform to EN60950-1.

	<p>Use two separate power units: one for the control circuit and one for the power circuit</p>
	<p>For a single power unit, use two separate lines: one for the control and one for the power</p>
	<p>DO NOT use the same lines for the power circuit and the controller</p>

4.2 Serial Port Connections

4.2.1 PROG PORT

PROG PORT	Description
	<p>Serial port used for the transfer and debugging of the application program in the CPU. Use only with IQ009 or IQ013.</p>

4.2.2 USER PORT

CN2	Terminal	RS232	RS422	RS485	Description
1A	1A	-	-	A	Terminal A - RS485
2A	2A	-	-	B	Terminal B - RS485
3A	3A	0V	0V	0V	USER PORT common
4A	4A	0V	0V	0V USER PORT common	
5A	5A	TX	-	-	Terminal TX - RS232
6A	6A	Terra			
1B	1B	-	RX	-	Terminal RX - RS422
2B	2B	-	RXN	-	Terminal RX N - RS422
3B	3B	-	TX	-	Terminal TX - RS422
4B	4B	-	TXN	-	Terminal TX N - RS422
5B	5B	RX	-	-	Terminal RX - RS232
6B	6B	Ground			

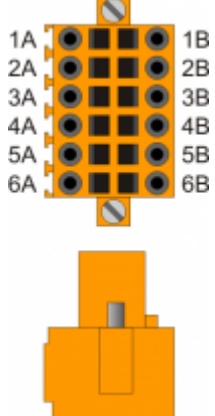
Setup of USER PORT electric standard

SW2	Num. Dip	Name DIP	Setting of DIP			Function
1	1	JP2	ON	X ¹⁾	X ²⁾	Termination RS485
2	2	JP3	ON	X ³⁾	X ⁴⁾	Polarization RS485
3	3	JP1	ON	X ⁵⁾	X ⁶⁾	
4	4		OFF	ON	OFF	Selection of USER PORT electric standard
5	5		ON	OFF	OFF	
6	6		OFF	OFF	ON	
ON ↔ OFF			RS485	RS422	RS232⁷⁾	

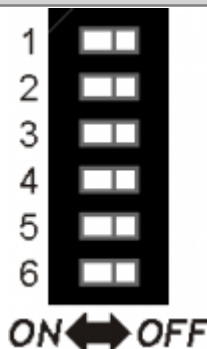
¹⁾ 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) X = setting not significant

⁷⁾ the USER PORT can be used as PROG PORT with RS232 electric standard, setting ON in DIP-8 of [SW1](#) and OFF in DIP-6 of [SW2](#)

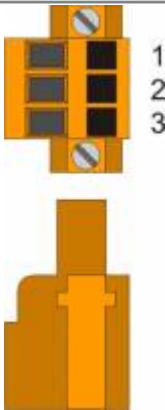
4.2.3 AUX1 PORT

CN3	Terminal	RS232	RS422	RS485	Description
	1A	-	-	A	Terminal A - RS485
	2A	-	-	B	Terminal B - RS485
	3A	0V	0V	0V	USER PORT common
	4A	0V	0V	0V	USER PORT common
	5A	TX	-	-	Terminal TX - RS232
	6A	Ground			
	1B	-	RX	-	Terminal RX - RS422
	2B	-	RXN	-	Terminal RX N - RS422
	3B	-	TX	-	Terminal TX - RS422
	4B	-	TXN	-	Terminal TX N - RS422
	5B	RX	-	-	Terminal RX - RS232
	6B	Ground			

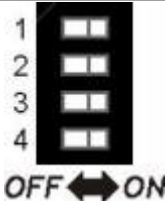
Setup of AUX1 PORT electric standard

SW3	Num. Dip	Name DIP	Setting of DIP			Function
	1	JP2	ON	X ¹⁾	X ²⁾	Termination RS485
	2	JP3	ON	X ³⁾	X ⁴⁾	Polarization RS485
	3	JP1	ON	X ⁵⁾	X ⁶⁾	
	4	-	OFF	ON	OFF	Standard USER PORT settings
	5	-	ON	OFF	OFF	
	6	-	OFF	OFF	ON	
	-	-	RS485	RS422	RS232	

4.2.4 AUX2 PORT

CN4	Terminal	Symbol	Description
	1	0V	RS485 serial common
	2	B	Terminal RS485 B
	3	A	Terminal RS485 A

Setup of AUX2 PORT polarisation and termination resistances

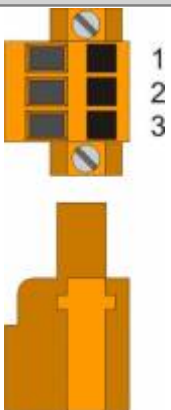
SW4	Num. Dip	Name Dip	Setting of DIP	Function
	1	JP3	ON	Polarization RS485
	2	JP2	ON	Termination RS485
	3	JP1	ON	Polarization RS485
	4		X ⁷⁾	None

³⁾ 1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6) X = setting not significant

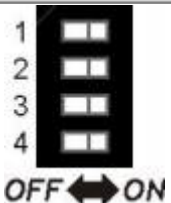
⁷⁾ X = setting not significant

4.2.5 CANbus PORT

Connectors

CN5-CAN1 PORT CN6-CAN2 PORT	Terminal	Symbol	Description
	1	0V	CAN common
	2	CAN L	Terminal CAN L
	3	CAN H	Terminal CAN H

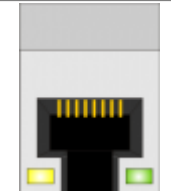
Setup of CAN1 and CAN2 PORT Termination resistances

SW5	Num. Dip	Name Dip	Setting of DIP	Function
	1	JP1	ON	CAN1 Termination
	2	JP2	ON	
	3	JP1	ON	CAN2 Termination
	4	JP2	ON	

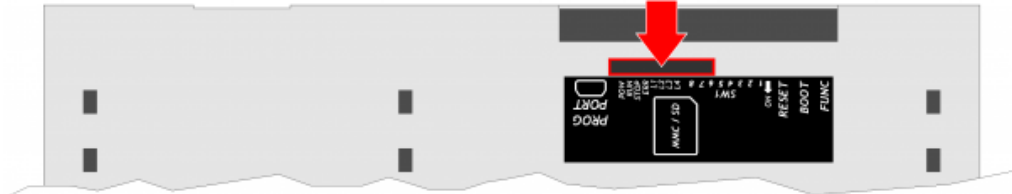


When activating the CAN1 port termination, set dip's JP1 and JP2 to ON.
When activating the CAN2 port termination, set dip's JP1 and JP2 to ON.

4.2.6 Ethernet

ETHERNET PORT	Descrizione
	<p>Connettore RJ45.</p> <p>LED:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * LINK: led verde = cavo collegato (il led acceso indica che il cavo è connesso ad entrambi i capi) * DATA: led giallo = scambio dati (il led lampeggiante indica lo scambio dati tra i dispositivi collegati)

4.2.6.1 MMC/SD

	Memory card slot (marked by an arrow)
--	---------------------------------------

5. Electrical Features

The electrical features of the hardware are given below.

Maximum and minimum frequency values and actual acquisition times, can still depend on any additional software filters, see for example the system "QMOVE:sys004" variable on the section "QMOVE:sys004" [System variables](#).

5.1 PROG PORT

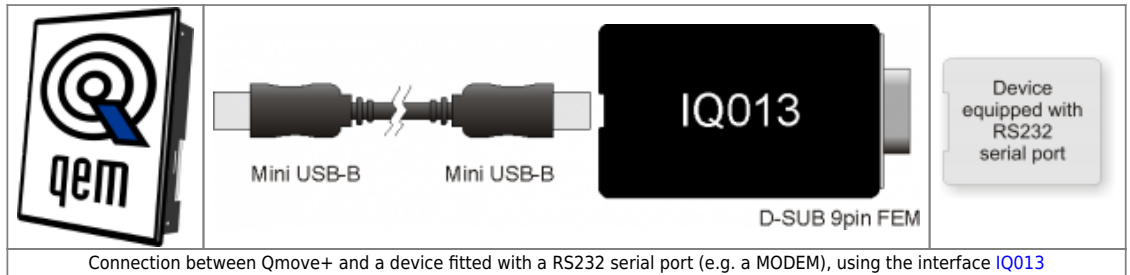
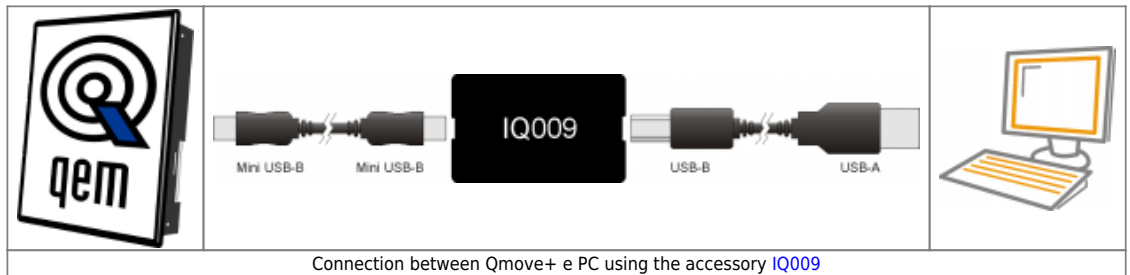
Connector for [IQ009](#) or [IQ013](#)



The USB mini-B connector does not support USB electrical standards, it can only be used with an interface [IQ009](#) or [IQ013](#).

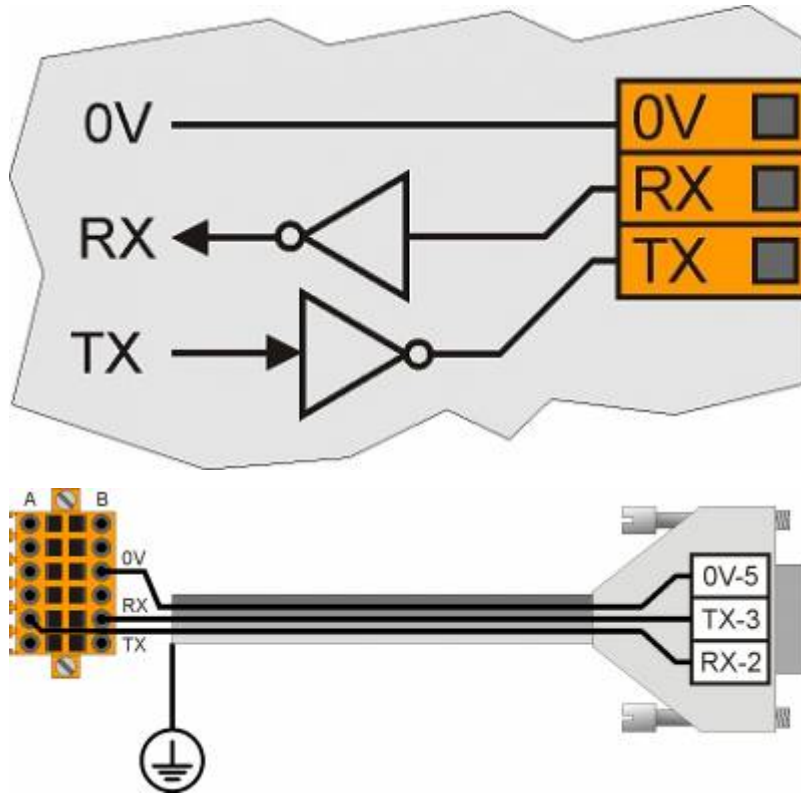
It is used for the transfer and debugging of the application program in the CPU.

Electrical standard	TTL (Use serial interface IQ009 or IQ013)
Communication speed	Min. 9.6 Kbaud - max 115200 Kbaud settable by dip1 and 2 of the switch SW1
Insulation	None



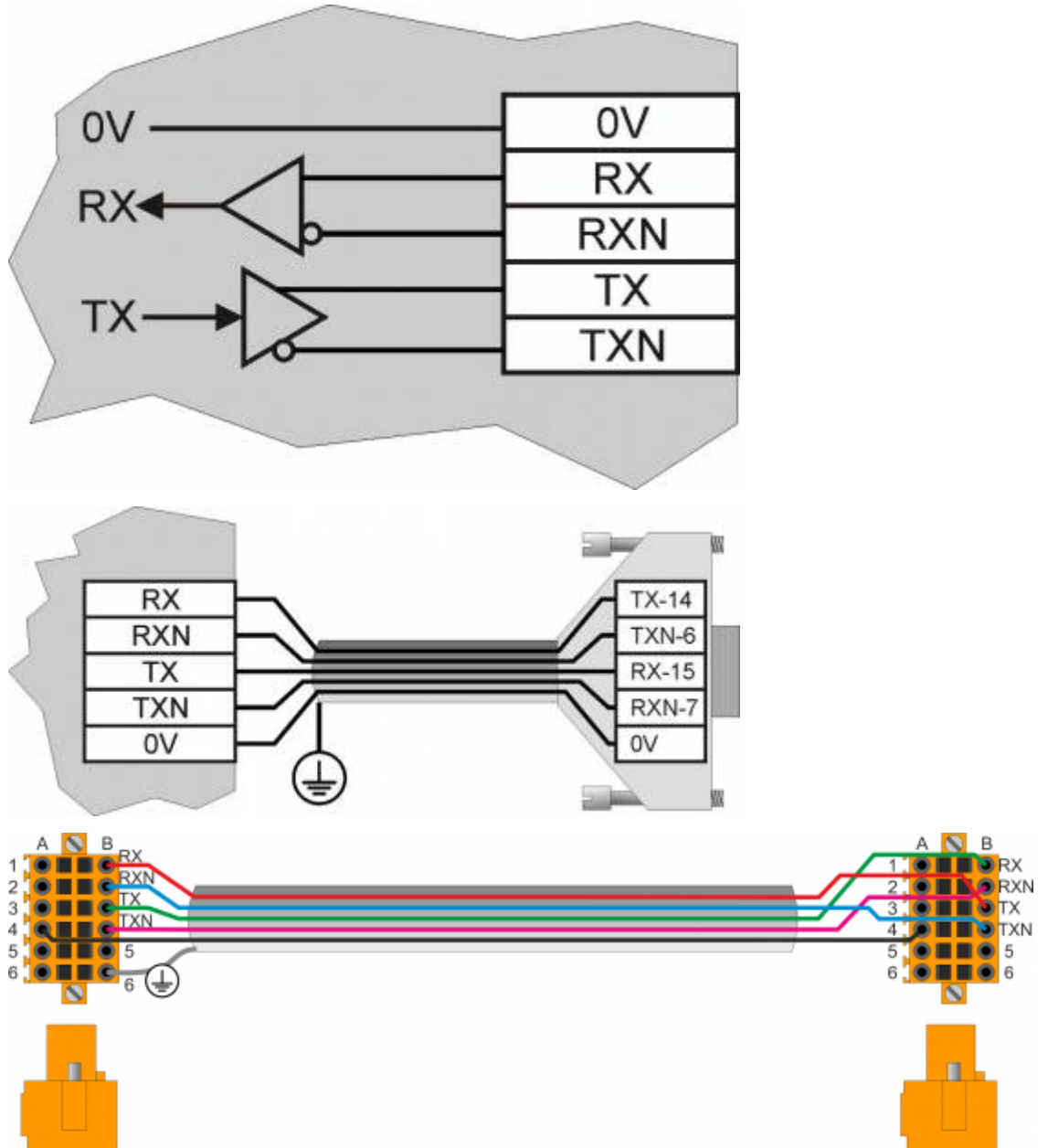
5.2 RS232

Communication speed	4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 baud
Communication mode	Full duplex
Operating mode	Referred to 0V
Max. number of devices connected on the line	1
Max. cable length	15 m
Input impedance	$\geq 3 \text{ Kohm}$
Short-circuit current limit	7 mA



5.3 RS422

Communication speed	4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 baud
Communication mode	Full duplex
Operating mode	Differential
Max. number of devices connected on the line	1
Max. cable length	1200 m
Input impedance	$\geq 12 \text{ Kohm}$
Short-circuit current limit	35 mA

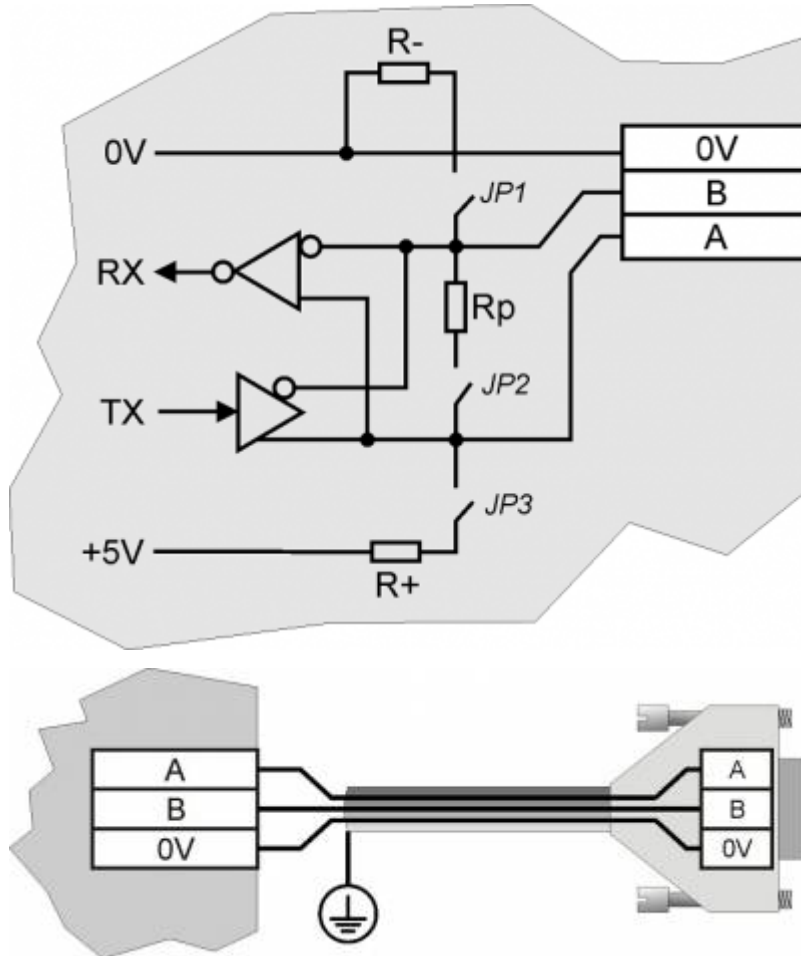


5.4 RS485



To activate the internal termination resistance see paragraph [Setup of USER PORT electric standard](#), [Setup of AUX1 PORT electric standard](#) or [Setup of AUX2 PORT polarization and termination resistances](#)

Communication speed	4800 baud (only if used with SERCOM and/or MODBUS device), 9600 baud, 19200 baud, 38400 baud, 57600 baud
Communication mode	Half duplex
Operating mode	Differential
Max. number of devices connected on the line	32
Max. cable length	1200 m
Input impedance	≥ 12 Kohm
Short-circuit current limit	35 mA

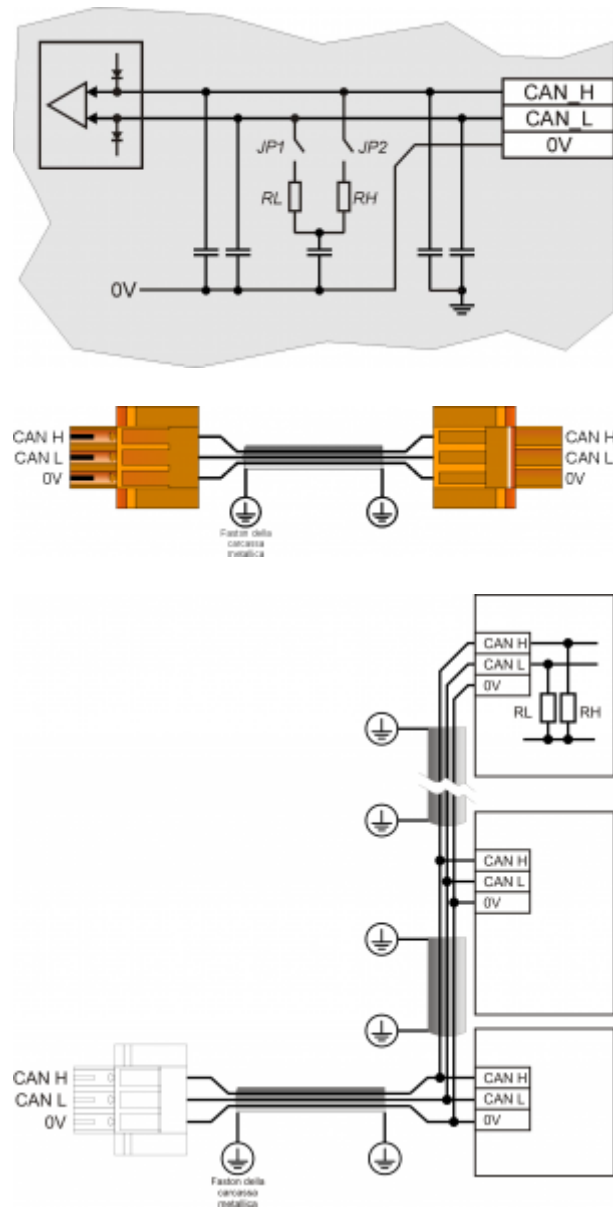


5.5 CANbus



To activate the internal termination resistance see paragraph [Setup Termination resistances](#)

Communication speed	125, 250, 500, 1000 Kbit/s
Max. number of Drivers/Receivers on the line	100
Max. cable lengths	500m @ 125Kbit/s, 250m @ 250Kbit/s, 100m @ 500Kbit/s, 25m @ 1000Kbit/s
Input impedance	>15Kohm
Short-circuit current limit	45mA



CAN BUS connection examples.

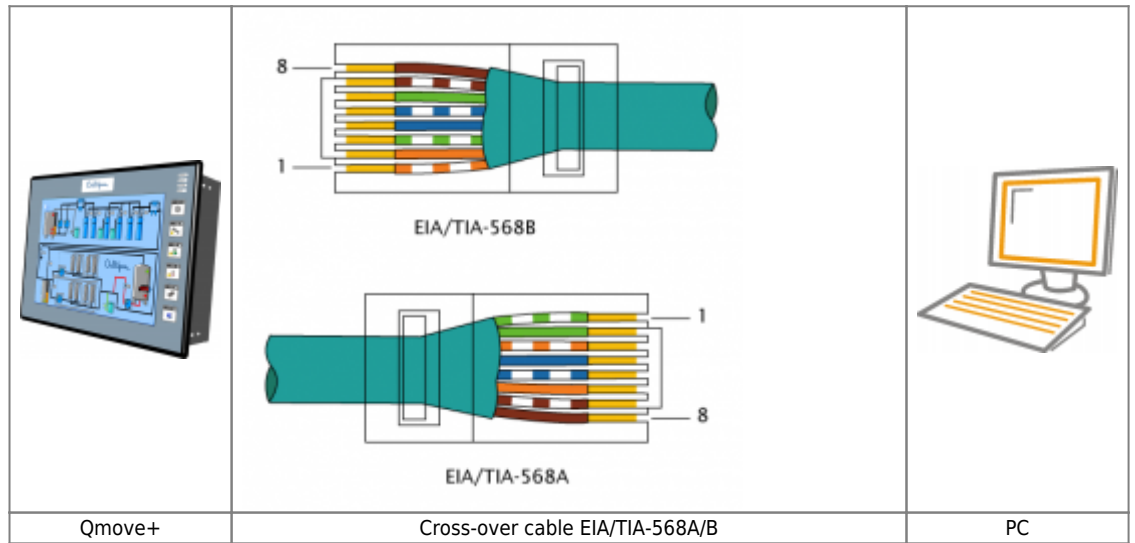


Caution:
Close DIP's JP1 and JP2 and insert the termination resistances (RL, RH) on the last device of the chain.

5.6 Ethernet

Ethernet Interface 10/100 Base T (IEEE 802.3) on RJ45 connector.

Connection between Qmove + and PC:



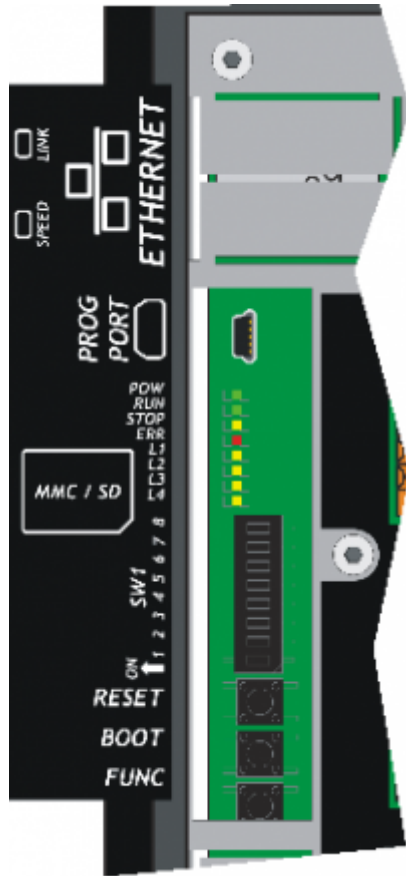
5.7 MMC/SD

Type of Memory Card to use	MMC, SD and SDHC up to 8GB For proper operation it is necessary that the device conforms to the standards set by "SD Association" (www.sdcard.org) or "Multi Media Card Association" (www.mmca.org).
----------------------------	---

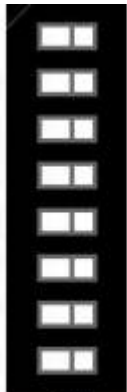


To use the Memory Cards they must first be formatted with FAT16 or FAT32 file system.

6. Settings, procedures and signals

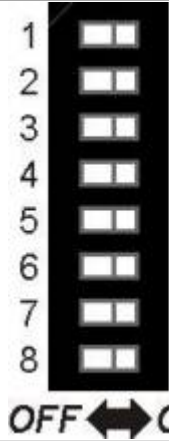


6.1 PROG PORT and USER PORT baud-rate selector

SW1	Dip	DIP settings				Function
	1	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	Select PROG PORT transmission speed
	2	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	
		Baud-rate 38400	Baud-rate 115200	Baud-rate 19200	Baud-rate 57600	
	3	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	Select USER PORT transmission speed
	4	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	
		Baud-rate 38400	Baud-rate 115200	Baud-rate 19200	Baud-rate 57600	
	5	CANbus baud-rate selector. See paragraph CANbus baud-rate selector				
	6	OFF		ON		Select PROG PORT functioning mode
		PROG PORT can also be used by SERCOM and MODBUS devices		PROG PORT cannot be used by SERCOM and MODBUS devices		
	7	CANbus baud-rate selector. See paragraph CANbus baud-rate selector				
	8	OFF		ON		Select the USER PORT as PROG PORT ¹⁾
		PROG PORT normal		PROG PORT on USER PORT connector		

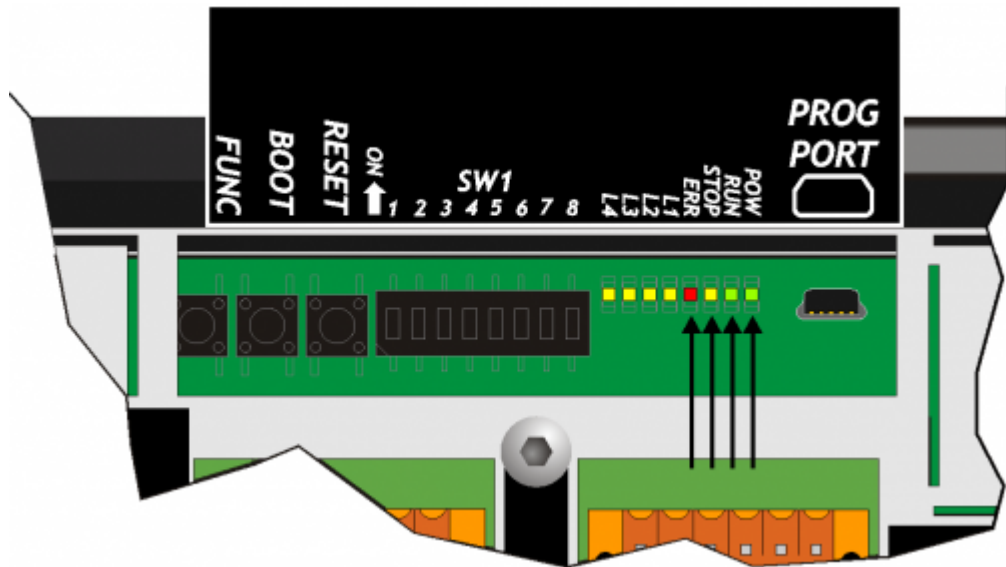
¹⁾ It is possible to use the USER PORT connector as PROG PORT with RS232 electric standard, doing this the mini-USB connector of the PROG PORT is disconnected (Setting USER PORT electric standard). **For this function mode also set dip 6 of SW2 to OFF.**

6.2 CANbus baud-rate selector

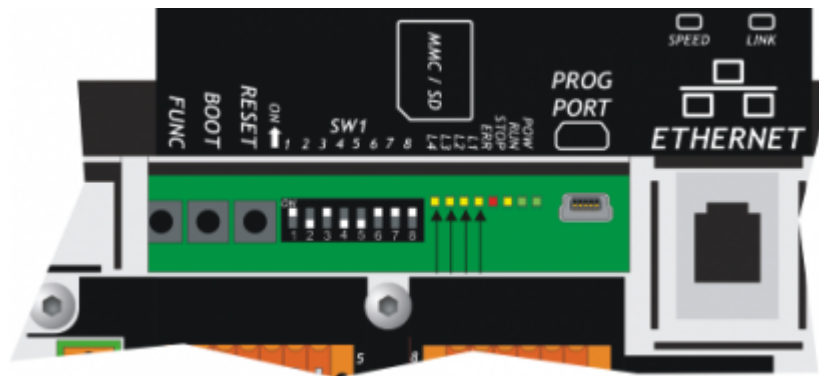
SW1		Dip	DIP settings				Function
	1	1	-				-
	2	2	-				-
	3	3	-				-
	4	4	-				-
	5	5	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	Select speed of CANbus transmission
	6	6	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	
	7	7	Baud-rate 125KB/S	Baud-rate 250KB/S	Baud-rate 500KB/S	Baud-rate 1MB/S	
	8	8	-				-

6.3 Led

The “**pow**, **run**, **stop**, **err**” are system leds.



The “**L1**, **L2**, **L3** e **L4**” are user leds.



"System leds" alerts

Legend:



Led ON



Led OFF



Led flashing

Led	Color	State	Description
pow	Green		Device ON
			If it is the only led on, reports the status of CPU reset
run	Green		RUN state of the CPU
			READY state of the CPU
stop	Yellow		If the pow led is in ON, reports the status of CPU STOP If the pow led is in OFF, reports the status of CPU BOOT
err	Red		If the pow led is in OFF, report an hardware error. To see the section Hardware error codes If the pow led is in ON, the flash number report the error type. To see the err led report section

Err led alerts

N° flashing	Error	Description	Recommended operations
1	Bus error	Bus not configured as described in the application.	To verify the correspondence between the configuration of the QMOVE application (BUS section of the configuration unit) and that of the product (cards available in the BUS).
2	Checksum Error	The integrity check on the retentive variables has failed. (To see the Reset Error Checksum chapter)	It is necessary to restore data from a backup machine (file with DAT extension) or clear the error with the function of the system and reintroduce the values manually.
3	Index Out of Bound	Array index is pointed to a nonexistent element	With Qview environment you can open the editor of a unit and with the "Edit→Go to PC" command you see the line that caused the error. Typically the value used as the index has a value less than 1 or greater than of the array size.
4	Program Over Range	The selection index program within the DATAGROUP has attempted to access a non-existent program.	With Qview environment you can open the editor of a unit and with the "Edit→Go to PC" command you see the line that caused the error. Typically the value used as the index has a value less than 1 or greater than of the array size.
5	Step Over Range	The selection index step within the DATAGROUP has attempted to access a non-existent step.	With Qview environment you can open the editor of a unit and with the "Edit→Go to PC" command you see the line that caused the error. Typically the value used as the index has a value less than 1 or greater than of the array size.
6	Division By Zero	The denominator of a division operation of the user program has value zero.	With Qview environment you can open the editor of a unit and with the "Edit→Go to PC" command you see the line that caused the error.
7	Syntax Error	The application program has an invalid instruction	this error may appear because the program counter met the QCL END statement.
8	Watch Dog Error	A CAN module is not working properly, or an expansion card has a hardware problem.	With Qview environment you can open the "Monitor→Bus" panel and in the "Watchdog Bus" column shows the card that caused the problem.
9	Stack Error	The application program has used all levels of subroutine call permissions	With Qview environment you can open the editor of a unit and with the "Edit→Go to PC" command you see the line that caused the error. Analyze the flow of execution of the unit. The nestings of subroutines have a limit, beyond which it generates this error.

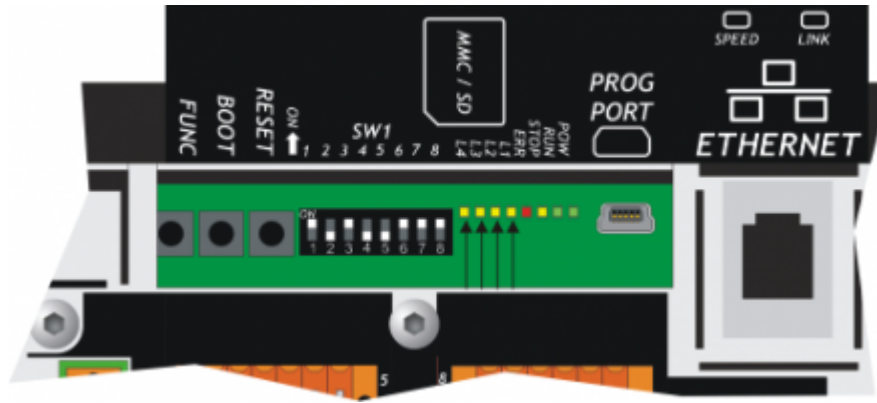
Hardware error codes





If a malfunction is detected when starting of any peripheral devices, the system hangs and the error is reported by the blinking of the only led err while all the other leds remain OFF. In the table you can see the number of flashes that indicates the error:

Number of flashes	Error
1	Display
2	FPGA
3	Media
4	Bootloader
5	FW
6	Bus
7	Inactive signal
8	Inactive signal
9	Exception

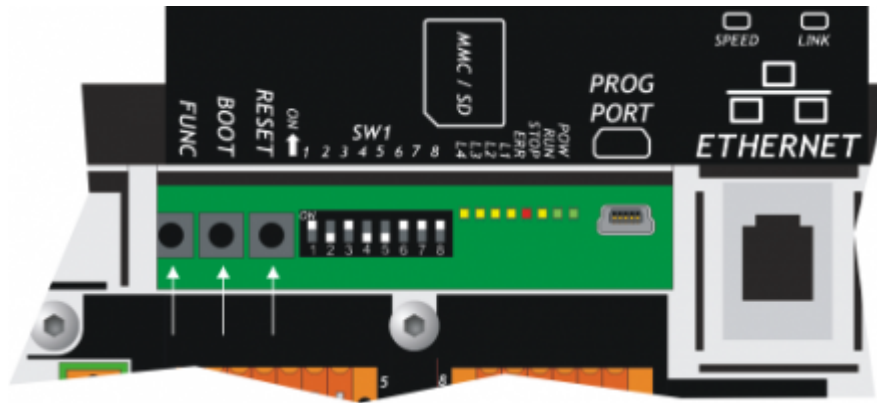





Each of these reports indicates a serious error. The product must be sent to the customer support QEM.

“User Led” Alerts

Led	Color	Description
 L1	Yellow	Programmable in the user program system variable QMOVE:sys003 and used by system functions
 L2		
 L3		
 L4		

6.4 Keys



Name	Description
 FUNC	Press on startup of the controller to access the System functions
 BOOT	Press on startup of the controller to set the CPU in Boot status and then access the firmware update functions
 RESET	Reset CPU. the system is restarted restoring the initial conditions (after a startup)

7. Operating Overview

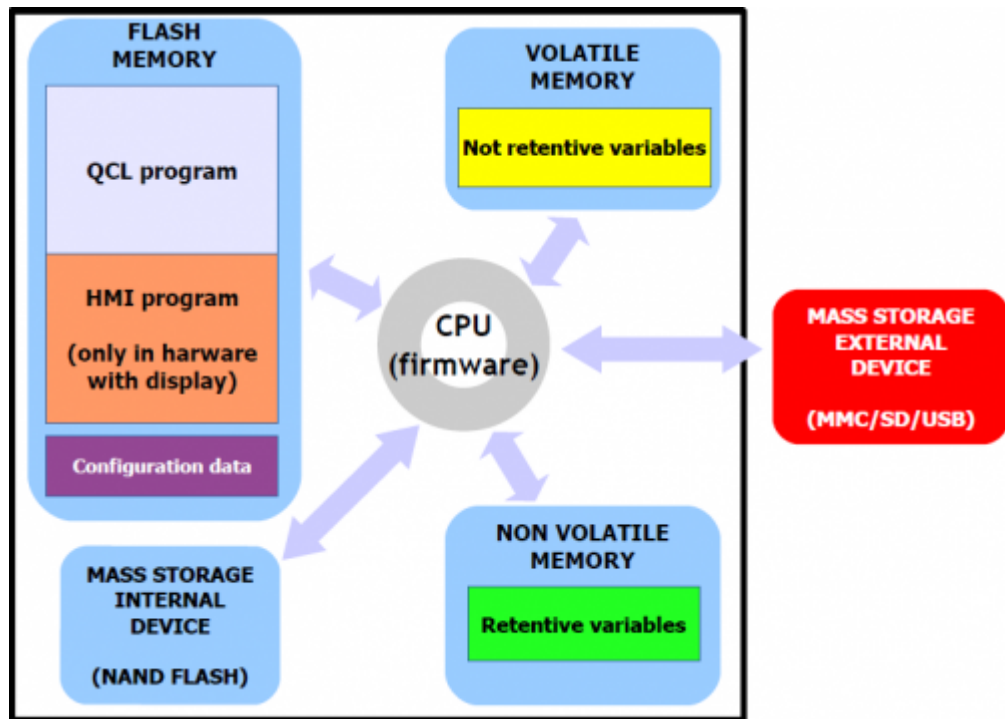
7.1 Foreword

This chapter covers aspects and descriptions of the product functionalities that are often related to the firmware, which enable the functionalities that enable its operation as a QEM Qmove+ programmable system.

7.2 Organizing data and memories

To best understand the terms used in this chapter, it is important to know the organisation of data and memory in a QMOVE application. QMOVE applications are programs written in QCL language that, translated in binary code, are transferred onto QMOVE hardware and saved there. In the hardware, the microprocessor runs a program called firmware that interprets the above binary code instructions and performs the operations associated to them.

A QCL application, in addition to the instructions, is also composed of variables that the QCL instructions act on. Some of these variables are retentive, i.e. their values remain unaltered from shut-off to start up. The flow chart below illustrates the organisation of data in a QCL application transferred to the memory of any QMOVE hardware:



It can be noted that, the QMOVE hardware has several mass storage devices:

“Flash memory”, where the following is saved:

- **QCL program:** the series of QCL instructions translated into binary by the compiler.
- **HMI program:** the series of HMI screens translated into binary by the compiler. This program only exists when the QMOVE hardware has a display.
- **Configuration data:** the calibration and configuration data, the touch-screen calibration settings, the ethernet communication configuration data (IP address, etc...), etc.

“Non volatile memory”, which stores:

- **Retentive variables:** the group of variables that remains unaltered on a shut-off and startup (e.g. SYSTEM, ARRAYS, DATAGROUP, etc).

“Volatile memory”, which stores:

- **Not retentive variables:** the group of variables that is set to 0 at each startup (e.g. GLOBAL, ARGBL, etc).

The volatile data memory is also used as dynamic memory. i.e. the memory used by the firmware for internal operations and active HMI screen management.

“Mass storage internal device” is managed by a standard filesystem and is useful to save information by the DATASTORE device (read - write binary or csv files with recipes, logs, various setups, etc). It's also used to store the backup of the application QMOVE and other service files.

“Mass storage external device” is managed by a standard filesystem and is useful for loading the QMOVE application, data loading/saving, firmware update or to save informations by the DATASTORE device.

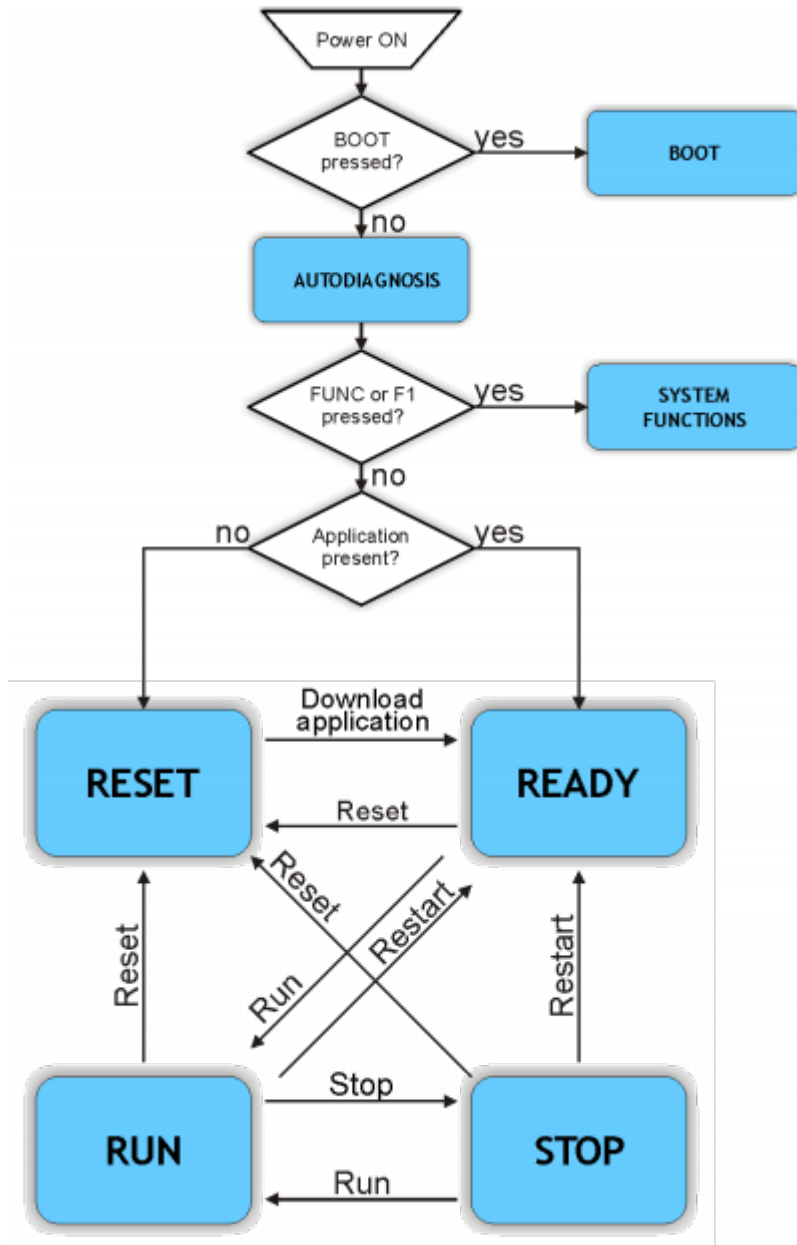
7.3 CPU states

The CPU has several operating statuses. The figure below shows the main status changes from the controller startup.

The main operating statuses are RESET, READY, RUN and STOP.

The CPU events that determine a transition from one status to another are mainly linked to commands being sent by the development environment: **Run, Reset, Stop and Restart.**






Application download is the development environment procedure that allows to transfer a QMOVE application to the CPU.





The BOOT state can be used to access the firmware updating functions.

During the startup, after scanning the system led's, the controller performs a series of self-diagnostic operations. When any faults are detected or the operator has to be informed of any given situation, the self-diagnosis procedure is temporarily interrupted, signalling the event. The fault signal is made by led's L1, L2 and a message is given on display (if present).

System Messages

n.	Led ON	System Message (if display present)	Description	Type
1	 L1	System Data WRITE ERROR	Indicates that a write error has occurred during the configuration data saving.	B
2	 L2	System Data IS RESTORED FROM DEFAULT	Indicates that the configuration data has been restores to the default settings.	C
3	 L1  L2	System Data is updated Please verify new data	Indicates that the configuration data has been converted into a new format. Check that the previous settings have been maintained.	C
4	 L3	Firmware is updated old: 1K31F10 1.001 new: 1K31F10 1.002	Indicates that a firmware update has been made.	C

When the condition detected allows to continue to the start stage (type **C**) and waits for the **FUNC** button  or for the **F1** key  to be pressed to continue the boot procedure.



If not provided with a display, the controller waits **5 seconds** before continuing with the startup stage, without waiting for a button to be pressed.

When the situation does not allow to continue the startup stage (tipo **B**), the controller, if provided with a display, shows the message "PLEASE TURN OFF AND TURN ON THE SYSTEM" and remains in this state until you turn off. If the controller is not provided with a display, the led





err flashes continuously.



The SYSTEM FUNCTIONS status can be used to access the SYSTEM FUNCTIONS, which are special procedures that allow the user to perform various operations. For more details see the System Functions chapter.

Led status	 pow  run
Status cause	No application in memory.
The condition that can put the CPU in this status	RESET command.




This condition can only pass onto a READY status by downloading the applicaiton, using the Qview6 development environment.

Led status	 pow  run
Status cause	Application valid and waiting for execution.
Conditions that can put the CPU in this status	Application download.

This condition can pass onto to the RUN or RESET statuses.

Led status	 pow  run
Status cause	Application in execution.
Condition that can put the CPU in this status	RUN command.

This condition can pass onto all other CPU statuses.

Led status	 pow  stop »  run
Status cause	Stop on application in execution.
Condition that can put the CPU in this status	A breakpoint has been encountered in the application code interpretation.

This condition can pass onto all other CPU statuses.

7.4 System functions













IMPORTANT: The use of these procedures could represent a risk (e.g. deletion of application), therefore it is highly recommended that they are performed by qualified experts.
























The system functions are specific procedures that allow the user to perform various operations, e.g. the configuration/calibration of peripherals, data and application save/restore on/from removable mass memory, deletion of the application and management of the mass memories.

All the system functions are listed below.

DEVICE indicates an external storage media. MMC / SD or USB for hardware that they have the port.

System Functions

n.	Led ON	System Functions	Description
1	 L1	01 - Reset Error Checksum	Reset checksum error. NOTE: if the checksum error is present, the led  L1 flashes.
2	 L2	02 - Copy all files DEVICE → NAND	Copy all files from DEVICE to NAND Flash memory.
3	 L1  L2	03 - Copy all files NAND → DEVICE	Copy all files from NAND Flash memory to DEVICE.
4	 L3	04 - Application delete	Delete the application.
5	 L1  L3	05 - Application upload from DEVICE	Upload the application from DEVICE.
6	 L2  L3	06 - System Settings	Not implemented for this hardware

n.	Led ON	System Functions	Description
7	  	07 - Downl. retentive data to DEVICE	Save the retentive data on DEVICE.
8		08 - Set NEW Password	Not implemented for this hardware
9	 	09 - Remove all files from NAND Flash	Cancel all files stored on the NAND Flash memory.
10	 	10 - Show NAND Flash files	Not implemented for this hardware
11	  	11 - Touch Calibration	Not implemented for this hardware
12	 	12 - Set Ethernet communic. parameter	Not implemented for this hardware
13	  	13 - Backup to NAND	Run the backup of the QCL application, data and HMI application on NAND memory.
14	  	14 - Restore from NAND	Run the restore of the QCL application, data and HMI application from NAND memory.
15	   	15 - Firmware Upgrade	Run the firmware upgrade from DEVICE. Available only in some hardware.

Note: To exit system functions press the keep the **FUNC** button for at least two seconds.

7.4.1 Access to system functions



To access the System Functions, start up the controller with FUNC button pressed.

The QMOVE application, if present, is not executed and the led **L1** lights up.



**Use FUNC button to scroll through the functions.
The selected function is indicated by the combination of L1-L2-L3-L4 leds lighted up.**

The "System Functions" table gives the list of system functions and related led combinations.



**Press BOOT button for 2 seconds to execute the selected function.
The POW led starts flashing to indicate that the selected function is being executed.**

When the function ends the **POW** led stops flashing.



Press FUNC button to restart the controller.

If the function does not complete properly the **POW** stops and the **ERR** starts flashing.

The number of flashes indicates the type of error as shown in the table [System Function Error Messages](#).

When a system function ends with an error, the number of led flashes  **err** indicates the type of error.


If there is a display, a message is given to describe the cause of the error.

System Function Error Messages

Error/Number of ERR led flashes	Message
1	Generic error
2	Open/Exist/Create file error
3	Read file error
4	Write file error
5	Out of Memory error
6	QMos Version error
7	Checksum Error
8	Symbols checksum No Match
9	Configuration / Symbols error
10	File format error
11	Format error
12	Device not present or unformatted
13	Application not present error
14	Touch calibration failure
15	File compression type not support
16	Target don't match project !
17	Fw version don't match project !
18	File copy error
19	File size error
20	Crypt operation error
21	Invalid Product Serial Number
22	Function is locked
23	Function not enabled

7.4.2 Description of the functions

The system runs an integrity control of retentive variables by the applicaiton of a CRC to the nonvolatile data memory. This detects any

corruption and prevents the application from starting up, signalling the situation by flashing the led  **err** as shown in [Err led signals](#). For the application to function again, a new download of the application must be performed with the development environment, or the "Reset Error Checksum" system function. These operations delete the error status and **zero-sets all retentive variables**.

The procedure:

- Check the error status and end the function if no error is present.
In microQMove products, the presence of the QCL application is also checked.
- Vengono azzerati i dati ritentivi e viene visualizzato il messaggio "**Clear power down data...**" fino al termine della procedura.
- Resets the retentive data and the message "**Clear power down data...**" until the end of the procedure.
- End of operation

This procedure copies all files in the root and "DS" directory of the external MMC/SD or USB card to the NAND internal mass storage.

The following table gives the sequence of operations and any possible errors:

Message	Description	Possible errors
Check <i>DEVICE</i> presence	Checking for the presence of the external mass storage card On <i>DEVICE</i> appears MMC or USB, depending on what is selected	Device not present or unformatted
Mounting device...	Mounting the external mass storage card	Device not present or unformatted
Searching files...	Searching for compatible files	No Files Found
Copy <filename>...	Making a copy of the files indicating the name currently in copy	

This procedure copies all files contained in the root and "DS" directory of the NAND internal mass storage to the external MMC/SD or USB card memory.

The following table gives the sequence of operations and any possible errors:

Message	Description	Possible errors
Check <i>DEVICE</i> presence	Checking for the presence of the external mass storage card On <i>DEVICE</i> appears MMC or USB, depending on what is selected	Device not present or unformatted
Mounting device...	Mounting external mass storage device	Device not present or unformatted
Searching files...	Searching for compatible files	No Files Found
Copy <filename>...	Copying the files indicating the name of the one currently in copy	

This deletes the application and empties the nonvolatile data memory, deleting the QCL program and, if present, deleting the HMI program.

The following table gives the sequence of operations performed and any possible errors:

Message	Description	Possible errors
Reset retentive data	Empty nonvolatile data memory	Write file error
Delete QCL application	Deletion of the QCL program	Write file error
Delete HMI application	Deletion of the HMI program (if display installed)	Write file error

This loads an application from the external MMC/SD or USB mass memory card to the non volatile memory.

This allows to load all or one of the QCL program, HMI program and retentive data.

The external MMC/SD or USB mass memory card must contain at least one of the following files:

- **applic.bin** for the compiled QCL program generated by the Qview development environment
- **applic.dat** for the data file generated by the "Save Data..." procedure of the Qview development environment or by the Downl system function. for retentive data to DEVICE;
- **appqtp.bin** for the compiled HMI program generated by the Qpaint development environment; it is generated by the special function "Download the project to File..."

Message	Description	Possible errors
Check <i>DEVICE</i> presence	Checking for the presence of the external mass storage card On <i>DEVICE</i> appears MMC or USB, depending on what is selected	Device not present or unformatted
Mounting device...	Mounting external mass storage card	Device not present or unformatted

If the applic.bin is present:

Message	Description	Possible errors
Upload QCL application	Uploading the QCL program	Open/Exist/Create file error Write file error Read file error Out of Memory Error QMos Version Error Checksum Error Symbols checksum No Match Configuration / Symbols Error

If the applic.bin file is not present, an application must already be loaded in the nonvolatile memory otherwise the "Application not present" message is given.

If the applic.dat file is present:

Message	Description	Possible errors
Upload retentive data	Uploading retentive data to the nonvolatile data memory	Open/Exist/Create file error Write file error Read file error Out of Memory Error QMos Version Error Checksum Error Symbols checksum No Match Configuration / Symbols Error QTP File format error

The procedure performs the following steps:

- Check the presence of the MMC/SD or USB card.
The "Check *DEVICE* presence" message is given.
On *DEVICE* appears MMC or USB, depending on what is selected.
- Mounting MMC/SD or USB card. The "Mounting device..." message is given.
- Uploading the QCL program (applic.bin), if contained in the removable mass storage device
The "Upload QCL application" message is given.
- Uploading retentive data of the QCL program (applic.dat), if contained in the removable mass storage device
The "Upload retentive data" message is given.
NOTE: if the applic.dat file is not found, the data in the system is maintained so long as the Symbol and Configuration checksums have not been varied. If they are varied all data will be set to zero.
- Uploading the HMI program (appqtp.bin), if contained in the removable mass storage device
The "Upload HMI application" message is given.
- The file is closed and the operation ends.

This function creates a file on external mass storage (MMC/SD or USB) containing the retentive data values.

The file created is named "**applic.dat**" and is the same as the file obtained by the "Save Data..." procedure in the QView development environment. The function can only be performed if there is a valid QCL application in the controller.

The procedure performs the following steps:

- Check the presence of the MMC/SD or USB card.
The "Check *DEVICE* presence" message is given.
On *DEVICE* appears MMC or USB, depending on what is selected.
- Mounting the MMC/SD or USB card.
The "Mounting device..." message is given.
- Check the presence of the QCL program

- The “Checking application presence...” message is given.
- Check the validity of the retentive data
 - The “Checking retentive data...” message is given.
- Open the applic.dat destination file on the external MMC/SD or USB card
 - The “Open destination file...” message is given.
- Write the headers in the destination file
 - The “Write headers to destination file” message is given.
- Write the retentive data in the destination file
 - The “Write data to destination file”.
- NOTE: the percentage progress of the operation is given during this step**
- Close the file and end the operation

Delete all files contained on the internal NAND flash mass storage.

Unlike the “Format NAND Flash” function, this acts at a filesystem level and can therefore be performed as many times as necessary.

The procedure performs the following steps:

- Calculation of the number of files contained in the internal mass storage.
- The “Searching files...” message is given.
- If zero files are found, the “No Files Found” message is given and the function ends, otherwise the “Delete <filename>” is given indicating the deletion of every file found.
- Close the internal storage and end procedure

The backup procedure creates a copy of the QCL application in execution and a dump of the retentive data, as files saved in the NAND mass storage. The files created have the following names:

- applic.qcy identifies the file containing the QCL application (CPU)
- appdat.qcy identifies the file containing the retentive data of the QCL application

The procedure performs the following steps:

- Check the presence of the QCL application.
- Create and write in NAND the QCL application backup file: **applic.qcy**.
- Check the presence and validity of retentive data of the QCL application.
- Create and write in NAND the retentive data backup file of the QCL application: **appdat.qcy**.
- Procedure end and system reboot.

The restore procedure allows to recover from the NAND mass storage, the saved backup files of the QCL application and a dump of the retentive data.

The procedure :

- The NAND backup file of the QCL Application is read: **applic.qcy**.
- The NAND backup file of the QCL Application retentive data is read : **appdat.qcy**.
- Procedure end and system reboot.

The use of system functions [Backup to NAND](#) and [Restore from NAND](#) allows to save in backup and restore a QMOVE application.

The backup and restore operations use the NAND internal memory device. The backup procedure creates a file copy of the QCL program, the HMI program (if the controller has a Qem display) and an image of the retentive data.

The files created:

- **applic.qcy** containing the QCL program (QCL App)
- **appdat.qcy** containing the retentive data image (QCL Dat)
- **appqtp.qcy** containing the HMI program (QTP App)

The files are encrypted and only the controller that generated them can run the Restore procedure so as to safeguard unauthorised data copies. The backup file copied to external memory such as MMC/SD or USB card can be carried out with the system function [Copy all NAND files -> DEVICE](#). A directory named “**QBK**” is created in the MMC/SD or USB that contains the above files. In the same way backup files can be transferred to the controller using the system function [Copy all files DEVICE -> NAND](#). In this case, the files in the MMC/SD or USB must always be contained in the directory “**QBK**”.

Backup/restore is an important function that can be used in the following cases:

1. to restore the QMOVE application to a known situation (the situation at the time of the backup), if data has been changed by an operator or if the machine data has been altered for any reason.
2. when testing a new application, a backup can be made of the original, stable version. If the new application being tested is not satisfactory, the restore command will recover the original version.

7.5 Information for programming

In this chapter are collected all the product information for programming.

7.5.1 Development suite

The product programming requires the Qview-6 environments to program the QCL code and if the product has a graphic display, also the QPaint-6 environment to design the screen graphics. Both these softwares are available in the Qworkbench software package that can be downloaded as freeware from the Qem website (in “Support” section).

The controller has 3 slots. The slots 4 to 32 can be declared and must be used to address resources installed in the Canopen modules.

To use the terminal in a product that has a display, you must declare under INTDEVICE the device MMIQ2.

```
INTDEVICE
Hmi MMIQ2 2
```

To program with the QPaint-6 development environment it is important to select the correct target. To do so, in the environment select *Project* → *Target Configuration* then select the right controller according to the ordering code.

Example of a statement of the BUS to use on the BUS unit's configuration:

```
BUS
1 1R31F 10
2
3 iMG8F .
```

The firmware version must coincide, and if available, the specialization card name to the 3 slot must be correct. See the dedicate section.

7.5.2 Memories used

This paragraph looks at how to measure an estimate of use of the product's memories. The **non volatile memory** is available to memorise the **QCL** program and has a capacity of 512KB.

The memory space occupied is equal to the size of the .BIN file generated by Qview. The percentage memory occupied can be viewed in the CPU panel of Qview under "Used CODE memory", or this information can be obtained from the value of parameter "sizeapp" of the QMOS device.

The **non volatile data memory** used to memorise **retentive variables**, has a capacity of 819KB.

The percentage memory occupied can be viewed in the CPU panel of Qview, under "Used RETENTIVE", or this information can be obtained from the value of parameter "sizeret" of the QMOS device.

The **volatile data memory** used to memorise **non ritentive variables** has a capacity that depends on various factors.

7.5.3 Communication ports

The PROG and USER serial ports implement the QEM proprietary communication protocol called BIN1.

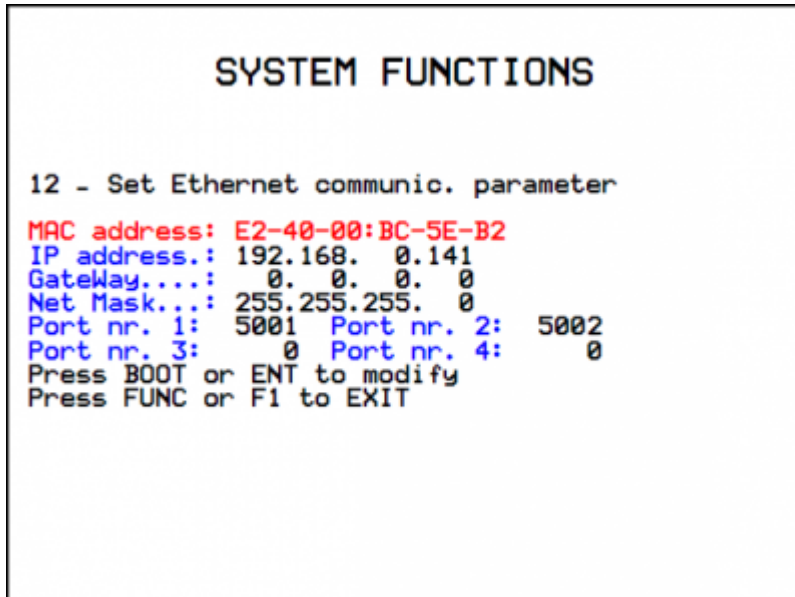
The SERCOM and MODBUS devices can be used with all communication serial ports including PROG PORT. Use the following number settings during the device declaration to select the communication channel:

```
0 PROG PORT
1 USER PORT
2 AUX1 PORT
3 AUX2 PORT (if available for this hardware)
```

When the SERCOM and MODBUS devices use the PROG PORT or USER PORT, they address the channel only if the communication status of the device is open (st_opencom = 1). When the channel of the device is closed (st_opencom = 0) in the serial, the BIN1 protocol returns active. To force the BIN1 protocol on the PROG port (thereby preventing the SERCOM device from occupying the channel) active the SW1 dip 6.

When using the MODBUS RTU protocol on serial port USER with RS485 electric configuration, remember that when the serial port is transmitting, the controller maintains the channel (DE) active for a longer time than the "MODBUS RTU" specification. To this must be consider a minimum time of 5 milliseconds after which it is possible to receive a new message. Also the SERCOM device, when it ends a transmission, has the same time the channel is active (DE).

The Ethernet communication port use the transport protocol TCP/IP, where the BIN1 protocol packets are encapsulated within TCP/IP data packets. There are two active connections identified by two communication ports can be freely set in the communication parameters of the Ethernet port. If the instrument is provided with a display, these values are displayed and modified using the system function 12 - *Set Ethernet communic. parameter*. Other ways to view and set these figures can be realized through special programs available within the development environment (*QConfigurator-1* and *QConfigurator-2*).



The port set in "Port nr.1:" represents a communication channel equivalent to PROG PORT. The port set in "Port nr.2:" represents a channel equivalent to USER PORT. The ports 3 e 4 are not used.

The Ethernet port can also be used to establish a communication type Modbus TCP/IP with other networked devices. In this case the channel that identifies the Ethernet port can be set by entering the number 43.

```
mdb  MODBUS  2  43
```

The 3 channels of Ethernet communication port (two with BIN protocol and one MODBUS TCP/IP) can be active simultaneously.

7.5.4 Firmware message error

When downloading the Qmove application, the QView-6 development environment can give error messages that are not described in the development environment manual. These errors are special and the description string given by QView-6 is generated directly by the firmware.

The table below describes possible error messages generated by the firmware.

Firmware error messages

Possible error message	Description
Error: SYSTEM + ARRSYS + DATAGROUP + INTDEVICE size overflow by 234bytes.	Given when the retentive variables exceed the maximum limit.
Error: serial port not available in SERCOM or MODBUS device declaration.	Given when the wrong number is used during the device declaration to select the communication channel.
Error: CANOPEN device required if you use more than 3 slots.	In the BUS definition more than 3 slots are being used and so the application requests the use of Canopen modules. To manage this, a CANOPEN device must be declared.
Error: incorrect bus fault mode in CANOPEN declaration.	The CANOPEN device declaration indicates a fault mode (last value in the declaration) that is not supported.
Error: incorrect canbus speed in CANOPEN declaration.	The CANOPEN device declaration indicates an invalid speed.
Error: too much CANOPEN device declaration.	Only one CANOPEN device can be declared.
Error: absol. encoder resource num in ABSCNT device declar. is not avail.	The ABSCNT device declaration indicates an inexistent resource.
Error: COUNT in ABSCNT device declaration is not a simulated counter.	The counter address used in the ABSCNT device declaration cannot be a simulated type (e.g. 1.CNT01).
QMos version error. Unsupported instructions set.	One or more statements in the project QCL are not supported by the firmware.
Error: compression file type not support.	The compression of the compiled QCL program is not supported by the firmware.
Error: too much slots in bus declarations.	They were declared under BUS more slots than those allowed by the hardware.

The development environment provides a series of ready-made variables that can be used by putting the word "QMOVE." before the name. For example "QMOVE.is_suspend", "QMOVE.sys001", etc. This paragraph is designed to illustrate the 16 system variables called sys001-sys016, whose meaning depends on the firmware that is being used.

sys001

This is a read only variable that indicates the status of the FUNC (bit 0) and BOOT (bit 1) buttons. The following settings are possible:

- 0 = no button pressed.
- 1 = FUNC button pressed.
- 2 = BOOT button pressed.
- 3 = FUNC and BOOT buttons pressed.

sys002

This variable allows to read a dump of the SW1 dip-switches. The dump is acquired only after the controller is powered. The Bit 0 corresponds to dip 1 and so on.

NOTE: Some dips are not connected to the microprocessor and is therefore always read at logic level 0.

sys003

This variable allows the command of led's L1-L2-L3-L4. The bit 0 corresponds to L1, the bit1 to L2 and so on.

sys004

This variable allows to set the anti-glitch filter on the phase signals in the two-way counters. The setting is expressed in KHz and refers to the signal frequency of one phase. The setting range is 30-220. The default setting is 220KHz. The variable can also be reread. The filter can be modified at any time.

sys005-16

Not used.

7.5.5 The devices

The device term identifies a category of software capable of supporting and monitoring activities, more or less complex, to solve the automation systems problems.

The list of implemented devices in the firmware depends from the firmware **version**.

The firmware version **10** include following device:

Device name	Minimum sampling time (msec)	Maximum sampling time (msec)	Execution time (%)
ABSCNT	1	250	8,31
ANINP	1	250	14,25
CALENDAR	-	-	0
CANOPEN	1	250	100
COUNTER3	1	250	5,94

Device name	Minimum sampling time (msec)	Maximum sampling time (msec)	Execution time (%)
DAC	-	-	0
DATASTORE	1	20	90,5
FREQ	1	250	4,75
MODBUS	1	250	32,07
QMOS	-	-	0
RECDATA	1	250	5,34
SERCOM	1	250	9,26

The firmware version **20** include also following device:

Device name	Minimum sampling time (msec)	Maximum sampling time (msec)	Execution time (%)
ANPOS2	1	250	8,31
EANPOS	1	250	55,94
HEAD2	1	250	23,75
OOPPOS3	1	250	27,91

The firmware version **30** include also following device:

Device name	Minimum sampling time (msec)	Maximum sampling time (msec)	Execution time (%)
CAMMING3	1	250	55,94
INTERP	1	250	35,63
JOINT ¹⁾	1	250	95,01

¹⁾ The actual sampling time is double respects set

7.5.5.1 Features of the device

This section describes the additional information of the devices. This information complement and complete the maintenance manual of the device available on the Qem site. These are the information related to the implementation of the devices in this product.

7.5.5.1.1 CANOPEN

If in the device declaration **CANOPEN** viene indicata la velocità zero allora essa diventa impostabile tramite dip di SW1.

The first slot of the target resources that reside within the Canopen is the 4.

The firmware capture the input interrupt while this is located in a Canopen module.

You can enter the 2 value in the Declaration of the device on the relative sector to the port. This setting makes it possible for the startup of the QCL DS402 drives through a request (QDO number 10). This function is essential in cases where there are driver without enable input and the power supply logical is in common with main power supply. If the main power supply is turn off, the drive ot communicating in CANOPEN because also the logic section are turned off.

7.5.5.1.2 DATASTORE

The files used from the device **DATASTORE** are contain in the /DS folder. If this folder does not exist it is created automatically.

The **DATASTORE** device can can operate with MMC/SD or USB NAND memory inside the product (not removable). To define how your device used the parameter value priority (0=MMC/SD, 1=NAND, 2=USB). If your application needs to frequently access to the MMC/SD or USB device and do not require physical removal, you can use a particular priority parameter setting that avoids continually MOUNT UMount devices. Before execute the UMount command to set the "priority = -1".

A QCL code example to change device may be:

```

SUB SETMMC
  WAIT NOT data.st_busy
  IF data.st_mount
    data.priority = -1
    data.UMOUNT
    WAIT NOT data.st_mount
    CALL CHECK_ERR_WRN
  ENDIF
  data.priority = 0
  data.MOUNT
  WAIT data.st_mount
ENDSUB

SUB SETNAND
  WAIT NOT data.st_busy
  IF data.st_mount
    data.priority = -1
    data.UMOUNT
    WAIT NOT data.st_mount
    CALL CHECK_ERR_WRN
  ENDIF
  data.priority = 1
  data.MOUNT
  WAIT data.st_mount
  CALL CHECK_ERR_WRN
ENDSUB

```

Check for the existence of a file on the external memory. Do you use the "filenum" set to the -1 value and use the OPENFILE command. If you set again the -1 value in "filenum" and use the OPENFILE command will search for the name of the next file, and so on. Whenever we will use a different -1 value with OPENFILE the search loop filenum will be closes. When the search is complete and there will be no more files, then the device will response to the OPENFILE command "filenum = -2". The successful execution of the command will be indicated by flag st_busy = 0. If the file extension is not HEX or CSV file itself is ignored by the search. In the case that the file name is not compatible with those managed by **DATASTORE** (numbers from 0 to 9999999) then the "filenum" will remain set to -1 value and will report a warning.

The "disksize" and "diskfree" parameters are represented in KB.

7.5.5.1.3 RECDATA

The device can store 10000 step maximum.

7.5.5.1.4 QMOS

The “frwuvalue01” parameter contains the numeric value of the serial number of the product.
The “frwuvalue02” parameter contains the numeric value of the PN (Part Number).
The “frwuvalue03” parameter contains the numeric value of the hardware release.
The “frwuvalue04” parameter contains the numeric value of the VN (Vedi Nota).
The “frwuvalue05” parameter contains the numeric values of the QCL Level.

7.5.5.1.5 FREQ

To define the input associated to the device [FREQ](#) use the appropriate numeric field on the device. The availability of frequency inputs must be verified with the hardware version of the product. To derive the relationship between numerical value and terminal pin use the information in the “address” column in the tables in the illustration of the terminal.

7.5.5.1.6 CAMMING3

The parameters in the fields sector (CodeQm, CodeQs...) are not ritentive. At power-up they take always value 0.

8. Available accessories

- [IQ009](#)
- [IQ013](#)
- [IQ011](#)
- [IQ016](#)
- [Connectors polarization Kit](#)
- [Front panel customization kit](#)

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