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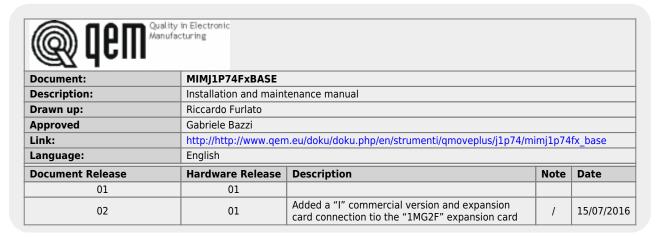
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J1-P74-Fx BASE



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1. Informations



The controller has been designed for industral environments in conformity to EC directive 2004/108/CE.

- EN 61000-6-4: Electromagnetic compatibility Generic standard on emission for industrial environments
 - EN55011 Class A: Limits and measurement methods
 - EN 61000-6-2: Electromagnetic compatibility Generic standard on immunity for industrial environments
 - o EN 61000-4-2: Electromagnetic compatibility Electrostatic discharge immunity
 - o EN 61000-4-3: Immunity to radiated, radio-frequency electromagnetic field
 - o EN 61000-4-4: Electrical fast transients
 - o EN 61000-4-5: Surge immunity
 - EN 61000-4-6: Conducted disturbance induced by radio-frequency
 - Moreover the product is conform to the following standards:
 - o EN 60529: Housing protection rating IP64
 - EN 60068-2-1: Environmental testing: Cold
 - o EN 60068-2-2: Environmental testing: Dry heat
 - o EN 60068-2-14: Environmental testing: Change of temperature
 - EN 60068-2-30: Environmental testing: Cyclic damp heat
 - $\circ~$ EN 60068-2-6: Environmental testing: Sinusoidal vibration
 - EN 60068-2-27: Environmental testing: Shock vibration
 - o EN 60068-2-64: Environmental testing: Random vibration

2. Description

J1-P74-F is a combo HMI-PAC controller of the Qmove+ range.

2.1 Product Identification



The Ordering Code provides the exact product features. Make sure that the product characteristics meet your requirements.

2.1.1 Product Label



- a Ordering Code
- **b Week made**: indicates the week and year of manufacture
- c Part number: unique code that identifies an ordering code
- **d Serial number**: product serial number, different for individual product
- e Hardware release: version of hardware release

2.1.2 Ordering Code

Mod	del			Features				Features							
J1	-	P74	-	FA	- 10 / TP01										
								TP00 = Keypad code (TP00 = panel with resistive, logo and custom function keys); TP01 = panel with resistive touch-screen, logo and QEM standard function keys							
					10 = Firmware version (00 = not installed)										
				F = Technology level A = Hardware version											
P = Basic keypad (only function keys) 7 = 12,1" LCD graphic display, TFT-256 COLORS-800x600px; front panel dimensions (240x192mm); keypad 6 keys + 10 led; housing to DIN 43700; 4 = Firmware-hardware correspondence															
J1 :	= "	HMI+P	LC"	' Qmc	ve	fami	ly								

2.1.3 Hardware Versions

These are hardware versions currently available:

		Hardware versions					
		Α	В	С	Н	1	Y
	USER PORT (RS232-422-485)	-	-	-	1	-	1
	AUX PORT (RS485)	1	1	1	1	1	1
	CAN1 PORT	1	1	1	1	1	1
	CAN2 PORT 1)	-	-	-	-	-	-
	ETHERNET PORT	1	1	1	1	1	1
	USB PORT	1	1	1	1	1	1
SLOT 2	Standard digital inputs	16	16	16	16	16	16
(Base card)	16bit selectable analog input(0-10V, 0-20mA, potentiometer, thermocouples, PT100)	2	2	2	2	2	2
	200kHz two-way count inputs, ABZs(24V-PP, 5V-LD)	-	2	4 ²⁾	4 ³⁾	44)	4 ⁵⁾
	SSI counts	-	-	-	-	-	2
	Protected digital outputs	16	16	16	16	16	16
	Stepper outputs	-	-	-	-	-	2
	0-10V, 12bit analog outputs	-	-	-	-	-	-
	+/-10V, 16bit analog outputs	-	2	4	4	4	4
Card softwar	re code declared in Base card	1QM4F					
	Standard digital inputs	-	-	-	-	16	-
	12bit analog inputs	-	-	-	-	-	-
	16bit selectable analog input(0-10V, 0-20mA, potentiometer, thermocouples, PT100)	-	-	-	-	2	-
Expansion	Protected digital outputs	-	-	-	-	16	-
card	Relais digital outputs	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0-10V, 12bit analog outputs	-	-	-	-	-	-
	+/-10V, 16bit analog outputs	-	-	-	-	2	-
	200kHz two-way count inputs, ABZs(24V-PP, 5V-LD)	-	-	-	-	2	-
Card softwar	re code declared in Expansion card	-	-	-	-	1MG2F	-

2.1.4 Expansion card manuals



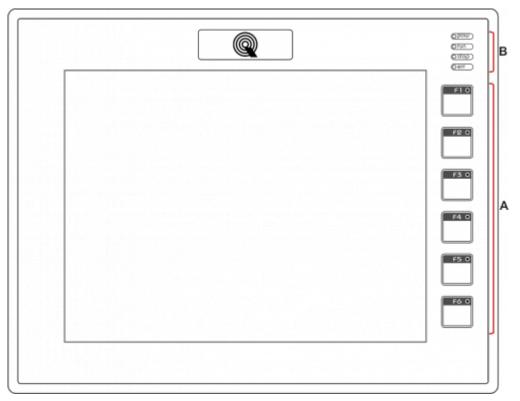
2.1.5 Firmware versions

Version	Description
10	Fully programmable with PLC functions
20	Fully programmable with PLC and Motion control functions
30	Fully programmable with PLC, Motion control, Camming and Interpolation functions

For more details about the firmware, consult Devices enabled in the controllers.

2.2 Product Configuration

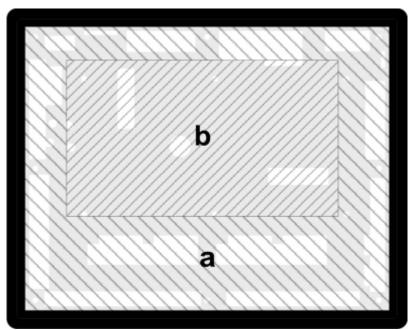
2.2.1 Front Panel



- A) Function keys and led's B) System led's

2.2.2 Back terminal blocks

The J1-P74-F is composed of a "base" card and an "expansion" card.



- **a** = Base card
- **b** = Expansion card

3. Technical features

3.1 General features

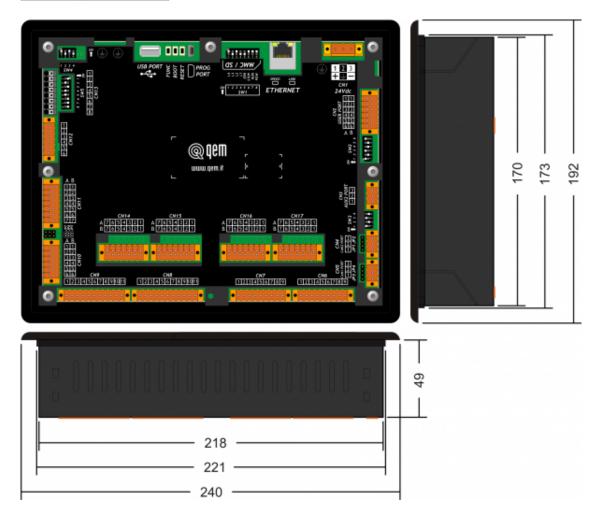
Weight (full hardware)	1.2Kg
Housing	Sheet metal
Front panel	Alluminium
Outer Frame	Self-extinguishing Noryl
Display	LCD 12,1" TFT 256 colori - 800*600px
Touch screen	wire Resistive
Display dimensions	162.0 x 121.5mm / 12,1"
User led's	6
System led's	4
Function keys	6
System keys	3
Operating temperature	0 ÷ 50°C
Transport and storage temperature	-25 ÷ +70 °C
Relative humidity	90% condensate free
Altitude	0 - 2000m s.l.m.
Front protection rating	IP64

3.2 CPU (F level technology)

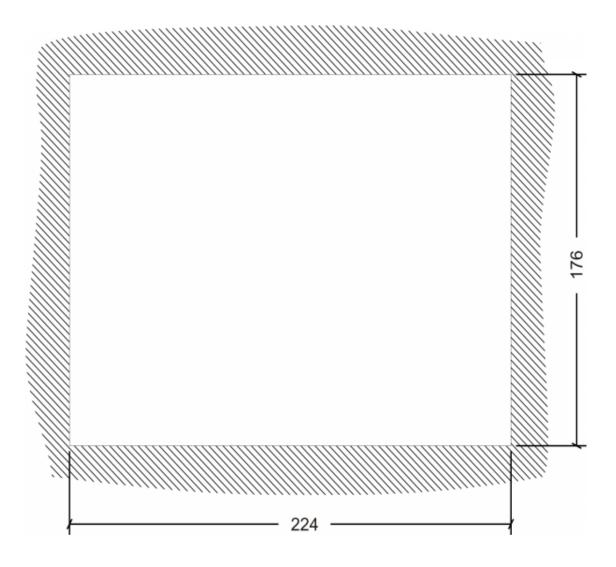
RISC microprocessor (32 bit)							
Work frequency	200MHz						
RAM	32MB						
Flash	16MB						

3.3 Dimensions



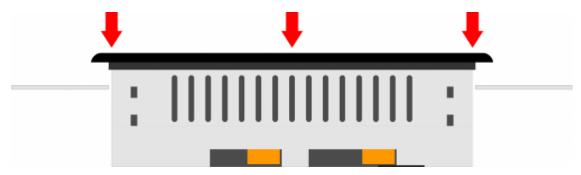


3.4 Hole template

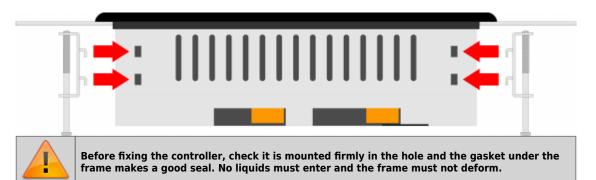


3.5 Installation

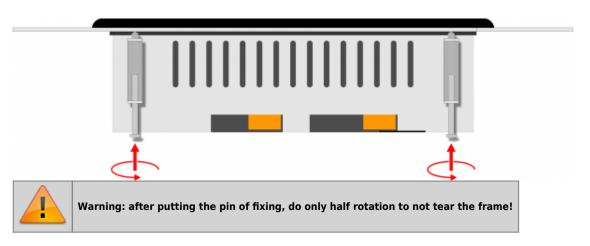
Fit the controller in the hole.



Apply the brackets.



Screw the controller in place.



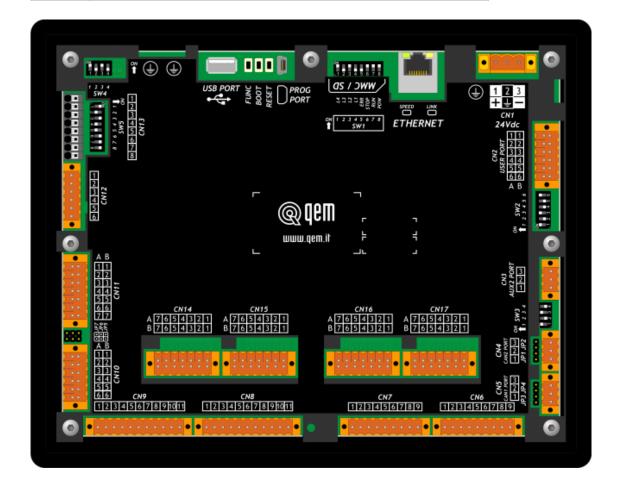
4. Base card wiring



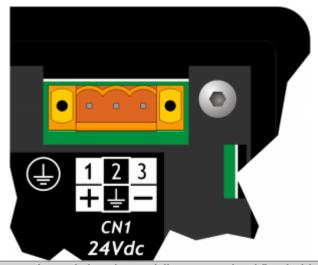
For details about cable sections and connectors, see application note ANO21

The electrical characteristics are given in paragraph Electrical features..

The connection examples are provided in paragraph Connection examples



4.1 Power supply





The cabling must be carried out by specialist personnel and fitted with suitable anti-static

precautions.

Before handling the controller, disconnect the power and all parts connected to it.

To guarantee compliance with EC regulations, the power supply must have a galvanic isolation of at least 1500Vac.

Power supply	24 Vdc			
Voltage range	22 - 27 Vdc			
Max. absorption	10W			

Connector

CI	N1	Terminal	Symbol	Description
1 0 0 2 0 3 0 0	1 2 3	1	+	DC power positive
		2	GROUND	Gnd-PE (signals)
		3	_	DC power 0V

Connection examples



Use an isolated power unit with 24Vdc +/-5% output conform to EN60950-1.

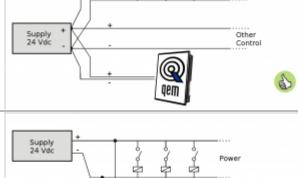
Supply 24 Vdc

Supply 24 Vdc

Power

Power

Use two separate power units: one for the control circuit and one for the power circuit



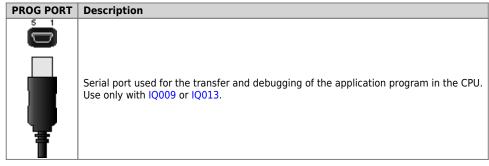
For a single power unit, use two separate lines: one for the control and one for the power

Supply 24 Vdc Power

DO NOT use the same lines for the power circuit and the controller

4.2 Serial Port Connections

4.2.1 PROG PORT (USB mini-B)



4.2.2 USER PORT

Connector

CN2	Terminal	RS232	RS422	RS485	Description	
	1A	-	-	Α	Terminal A - RS485	
1A 10 1B	2A	-	-	В	Terminal B - RS485	
2A . O B O 3B	3A	0V	0V	0V	USER PORT common	
4A .	4A	0V	0V	0V	USER PORT common	
5A 🕒 🔳 🕒 5B	5A	TX	-	-	Terminal TX - RS232	
6A 🚺 📗 📵 6B	6A	Ground				
	1B	-	RX	-	Terminal RX - RS422	
	2B	-	RXN	-	Terminal RX N - RS422	
n .	3B	-	TX	-	Terminal TX - RS422	
	4B	-	TXN	-	Terminal TX N - RS422	
	5B	RX	-	-	Terminal RX - RS232	
	6B			Groui	nd	

Setting USER PORT electric standard

	SW2	Num. Dip	Name DIP	Setting of DIP			Function
1		1	JP2	ON	X ⁶⁾	X ⁷⁾	Termination RS485
2		2	JP3	ON	X ⁸⁾	X ₉₎	Polarisation RS485
3		3	JP1	ON	X ¹⁰⁾	X ¹¹⁾	Folalisation R3403
4		4		OFF	ON	OFF	
5		5		ON	OFF	OFF	Selection of USER PORT electric standard
6		6		OFF	OFF	ON	
01	V			RS485	RS422	RS232 ¹²⁾	

^{13.78.8.19.19.11} option not currently enabled
21.73.49.19 2 of the "2" inputs can be used as frequency meters in the "FREQ" device

"A x = setting not significant

"3" the USER PORT can be used as PROG PORT with RS232 electric standard, setting ON in DIP-8 of SW1 and OFF in DIP-6 of SW2

4.2.3 AUX PORT

Connector

CN3	Terminal	Symbol	Description
1 2 3	1	0V	RS485 serial common
0	2	В	Terminal RS485 B
	3	А	Terminal RS485 A

Setup of AUX2 PORT polarisation and termination resistances

SW3	Num. Dip	Name Dip	Setting of DIP	Function
1	1	JP3	ON	Polarisation RS485
2	2	JP2	ON	Termination RS485
3 1	3	JP1	ON	Polarisation RS485
OFF ⇔ ON	4		X ¹⁾	None

X = setting not significant

4.2.3.1 CANbus PORT

Connector

CN5 CAN1 PORT	Terminal	Symbol	Description
1 2 3	1	0V	CAN common
	2	CAN L	Terminal CAN L
	3	CAN H	Terminal CAN H

Termination resistor setting

	Name jumper	Setting of DIP	Function
JP3 JP4	JP3	INSERTED	Termination CAN active
	JP4	INSERTED	Termination CAN active

Connector

CN4 CAN2 PORT	Terminal	Symbol	Description
1 2 3	1	0V	CAN common
	2	CAN L	Terminal CAN L
	3	CAN H	Terminal CAN H

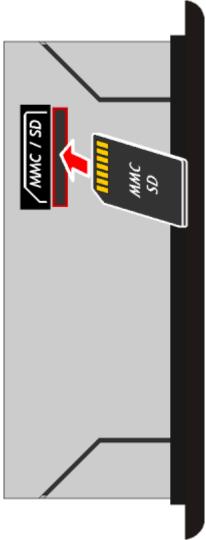
Termination resistor setting

	Name jumper	Setting of DIP	Function
JP1 JP2	JP1 JP2	INSERTED	Termination CAN active

4.2.4 ETHERNET port

Connector RJ45.	
LED: * LINK: green led = cable connected (led on signals the cable is connected to both end * DATA: yellow led = data transmission (flashing led signals data transmission)	

4.2.5 MMC/SD



Memory card slot (marked by an arrow)

4.2.6 USB



4.3 Digital inputs

4.3.1 16 PNP digital inputs

CN7		Terminal	Symbol	Description	Addres
	1	1	0V	Common for digital inputs	
	2	2	I1	Input I1	2.INP01
	4 5	3	12	Input I2	2.INP02
	6 7	4	13	Input I3	2.INP03
	8	5	14	Input I4	2.INP04
0		6	15	Input I5	2.INP05
		7	16	Input I6	2.INP06
		8	17	Input I7	2.INP07
		9	18	Input 18	2.INP08

.

CN6		Terminal	Symbol	Description	Address
	1	1	0V	Common for digital inputs	
	2	2	19	Input 19	2.INP09
	4 5	3	110	Input I10	2.INP10
	6 7	4	111	Input I11	2.INP11
	8	5	l12	Input I12	2.INP12
		6	l13	Input I13	2.INP13
		7	114	Input I14	2.INP14
		8	115	Input I15	2.INP15
		9	116	Input I16	2.INP16

4.3.2 4 bidirectional 200KHz input counters

CN14	Terminal	Symbol	Description		Address	
	1A		Output +	Output + 24V dc ¹⁾		
0	2A	PHA1	Phase A	Count 1 PNP / Push-Pull ²⁾	2.INP17	2.CNT01
1A . • 1B • 1B	3A	PHB1	Phase B		2.INP18	2.CN101
3A . 3B	4A	Z1	Z	Tivi / Tusii-Tuii	1.INT01	FREQ1 ³⁾
4A 🜘 🔳 🗶 4B	5A	0V			-	
5A . • • • • 5B	6A	0V	Common			
7A . 7B	7A	0V				
0	1B		Output +	24V dc ⁴⁾		
	2B	PHA1+	+ PHA		2.INP17	2.CNT01
	3B	PHB1+	+ PHB		2.INP18	2.CN101
	4B	Z1+	+ Z	Count 1	1.INT01	FREQ1 ⁵⁾
	5B	PHA1-	- PHA	Line Driver		
	6B	PHB1-	- PHB			
	7B	Z1-	- Z			

11.4 Used to power the encoder. See Connection examples.
2 PMP/Push-Pull type count input configuration:
Terminal 58: connect to terminal 5A
Terminal 68: connect to terminal 6A
Terminal 7B: connect to terminal 7A
18.10 Can be used as frequency input for a FREQ device, indicating 2 in the device declaration

CN15	Terminal	Symbol	Description		Add	ress	
	1A		Output +	24V dc ¹⁾			
0	2A	PHA2	Phase A		2.INP19	2.CNT02	
1A . • 1B	3A	PHB2	Phase B	Count 2 PNP / Push-Pull ²⁾	2.INP20	2.CN102	
3A . 3B	4A	Z2	Z	Tivi / Tusii-Tuii	1.INT02	FREQ2 ³⁾	
4A 🕒 🔳 🛑 4B	5A	0V					
5A . • • • • 5B	6A	0V	Common	for count inputs			
7A . 7B	7A	0V]				
0	1B		Output + 24V dc ⁴⁾				
	2B	PHA2+	+ PHA		2.INP19	2.CNT02	
	3B	PHB2+	+ PHB		2.INP20	2.CN102	
	4B	Z2+	+ Z	Count 2	1.INT02	FREQ2 ⁵⁾	
	5B	PHA2-	- PHA	Line Driver			
	6B	PHB2-	- PHB				
	7B	Z2-	- Z				

 ^{11.4} Used to power the encoder. See Connection examples.
 3 PMP/Push-Pull type count input configuration:
 Terminal 58: connect to terminal 5A
 Terminal 6B. connect to terminal 6A
 Terminal 7B. connect to terminal 7A
 3.0 can be used as frequency input for a RRFO device, india.

3).5) Can be used as frequency input fo	r a FREQ device, indica	ting 2 in the device of					
CN16	Terminal	Symbol	Descript	tion	Address		
	1A		Output +	24V dc ¹⁾			
	2A	PHA3	Phase A	Count 2	2.INP21	2.CNT03	
1A 0 1B 0 1B	3A	PHB3	Phase B	Count 3 PNP / Push-Pull ²⁾ -	2.INP22	2.CN103	
3A . 3B	4A	Z3	Z	Tivi / Lusii-Luii	1.INT03		
4A . 4B	5A	0V					
5A 6B 6B	6A	0V	Common for count inputs				
7A . 8 8 8 9 7B	7A	0V					
0	1B		Output + 24V dc ³⁾				
	2B	PHA3+	+ PHA		2.INP21	2.CNT03	
	3B	PHB3+	+ PHB		2.INP22	2.CN103	
	4B	Z3+	+ Z	Count 3	1.INT03		
	5B	PHA3-	- PHA	Line Driver			
	6B	PHB3-	- PHB				
	7B	Z3-	- Z				

1),3) Used to power the encoder. See C 2) PNP/Push-Pull type count input				
Terminal 5B: connect to terminal 5A	comiguración:			
Terminal 6B: connect to terminal 6A				
Terminal 7B: connect to terminal 7A				
CN17	Terminal	Symbol	Description	Address

	1A		Output +	24V dc ¹⁾			
0	2A	PHA4	Phase A		2.INP23 2.CNT04		
1A 0 1B 0 1B	3A	PHB4	Phase B	Count 4 PNP / Push-Pull ²⁾	2.INP24		
3A . 3B	4A	Z4	Z	Tivi / Lusii-Luii	1.INT04		
4A 0 4B	5A	0V					
5A . • • • 5B	6A	0V	Common for count inputs				
7A . 8 8 8 7B	7A	0V					
0	1B		Output + 24V dc ³⁾				
	2B	PHA4+	+ PHA		2.INP23 2.CNT04		
	3B	PHB4+	+ PHB		2.INP24		
	4B	Z4+	+ Z	Count 4	1.INT04		
	5B	PHA4-	- PHA	Line Driver			
	6B	PHB4-	- PHB				
	7B	Z4-	- Z				

^{3.3} Used to power the encoder. See Connection examples.
³ PMP/Push-Pull type count input configuration:
Terminal 58: connect to terminal 5A
Terminal 6B: connect to terminal 6A
Terminal 7B: connect to terminal 7A

4.3.3 2 SSI absolute counters

CN11	Terminal	Symbol	Description	Address	
	1A		Internal bridge 1/	Λ 2Λ 1D 2D	
0	2A		Internal bridge 1A-2A-1B		
1A 0 1B 0 1B	3A	DATA1+	DATA in SSI1		
3A 30 8 8 3B	4A	DATA1-	DATA III 5511	1	
4A 🜘 🔳 🔳 🜒 4B	5A	CLOCK1+	CLOCK out SSI1		
5A 6 5B	6A	CLOCK1-	CLOCK out 3311		
7A . 7B	7A	0V	Common for cour	nt inputs	
0	1B		Internal bridge 1	\ 2\ 1D 2D	
	2B		internal bridge 17	4-ZA-1D-ZD	
_	3B	DATA2+	DATA in SSI2		
	4B	DATA2-	DATA III 3312	2	
	5B	CLOCK2+	CLOCK out SSI1	4	
	6B	CLOCK2-	CLOCK out 3311		
	7B	0V	Common for cour	nt inputs	

4.4 Analog inputs

4.4.1 2 multistandard analog inputs

Connector

				Descriptio			
CN13		Terminal	Symbol	Potenziometers / 0-10V / 0-20mA	Thermocouple	PT100	Address
	1	1	AI2_C	-	TC 2 +	С	
	2	2	AI2_B	-	TC 2 -	В	2.AI02
	3	3	AI2_A	Analog input 2	-	A 1)	
	4	4	AI1_C	-	TC 1 +	С	
	5	5	AI1_B	-	TC 1 -	В	2.AI01
	6	6	AI1_A	Analog input 1	-	A 2)	
	7	7	VREF	Reference voltage 3)	-	-	
	8	8	GAI	Common	-	-	



A and B cables are connected to the same head of the PT100 wire and have the same colors.

3) For potentiometers

Analog inputs setting

	Num.		Analog	input :	input 1			Analog	input :	2	
	Dip	PT100	Thermocouple	Pot.	0-10V	0-20mA	PT100	Thermocouple	Pot.	0-10V	0-20mA
SW5	1	ON	Х	OFF	OFF	OFF	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2	2	OFF	Х	ON	ON	ON	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
3	3	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	ON	Х	OFF	OFF	OFF
4	4	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	OFF	Х	ON	ON	ON
5	5	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
6	6	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
8	7	OFF	ON	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
OFF ON	8	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	OFF	ON	Х	Х	Х
SW4	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	OFF	OFF	ON
2	2	х	Х	Х	х	х	х	Х	OFF	ON	OFF
3 4	3	х	Х	OFF	OFF	ON	х	Х	Х	Х	х
OFF ⇔ ON	4	Х	Х	OFF	ON	OFF	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

X = irrelevant setting Pot. = potentiometric type input

4.5 Digital outputs

4.5.1 16 protected outputs

CN9		Terminal	Symbol	Description	Address
	1	1	V+	Outputs power input O1÷O4 (12÷28V dc)	
	2	2	01	Digital output 1	2.OUT01
	4	3	02	Digital output 2	2.OUT02
	5	4	03	Digital output 3	2.OUT03
	7 8	5	04	Digital output 4	2.OUT04
	9 10	6	V+	Outputs power input O5÷O8(12÷28V dc)	
	11	7	05	Digital output 5	2.OUT05
		8	06	Digital output 6	2.OUT06
		9	07	Digital output 7	2.OUT07
		10	08	Digital output 8	2.OUT08
		11	V-	Outputs power in (0V dc)	

CN8		Terminal	Symbol	Description	Address
	1	1	V+	Outputs power input O9÷O12(12÷28V dc)	
	2	2	09	Digital output 9	2.OUT09
	4	3	010	Digital output 10	2.OUT10
	5	4	011	Digital output 11	2.OUT11
	7 8	5	012	Digital output 12	2.OUT12
	9 10	6	V+	Outputs power input O13÷O16(12÷28V dc)	
	11	7	013	Digital output 13	2.OUT13
		8	014	Digital output 14	2.OUT14
		9	015	Digital output 15	2.OUT15
		10	016	Digital output 16	2.OUT16
		11	V-	Outputs power in (0V dc)	

4.5.2 2 STEP-DIRECTION outputs

Connector

CN10	Terminal	Symbol	Description Addres		Address
	1A	VD1	Internal bridge 1A -1B		
0	2A	DIR1+	Output DIRECTION 1		2.PULSE01
1A 18	3A	STEP1+	Output STEP 1	Push-Pull Line Driver	2.PUL3EU1
2A 0 2B 3A 3B	4A	DIR2+	Output DIRECTION 2	Pusii-Puii Lille Driver	2.PULSE02
4A . 4B	5A	STEP2+	Output STEP 2		2.PULSEU2
5A 🚺 🔳 🔳 💿 5B	6A	0V	Common for stepper outputs		-
6A 📜 🔳 📵 6B	1B	VD1	Internal bridge 1A -1B		
	2B	DIR1-	Complementary output DIRECTION 1		
	3B	STEP1-	Complementary output STEP 1	Complementary outputs for use in drives with	
	4B	DIR2-	Complementary output DIRECTION 2	Line-Driver inputs	
	5B	STEP2-	Complementary output STEP 2		
	6B	0V	Common for stepper outputs	-	

Outputs STEP-DIRECTION voltage setting

By placing one of several jumpers JP5, JP6 and JP7, you can choose Nominal Operating Voltage of STEP and DIRECTION outputs.



Must be inserted only one jumper at a time If you select one of the two voltage 5V (JP7) or 12V (JP5) terminals 1A and 1B must remain disconnected

jumper name Setting Nominal voltage 12V (Voltage JP5 INSERTED supplied by the instrument) VD1 (Voltage to STEP/DIR be supplied JP6 INSERTED to the terminals 1A or 1B) 5 5 5V (Voltage supplied by the JP7 INSERTED instrument)

4.6 Analog outputs

4.6.1 4 +/-10V, 16bit analog outputs

CN12	Terminal	Symbol	Description	Address
1	1	GAO	Common for analog outputs	
3 4	2	A01	Analog output 1	2.AN01
5 6	3	AO2	Analog output 2	2.AN02
	4	GAO	Common for analog outputs	
	5	AO3	Analog output 3	2.AN03
	6	AO4	Analog output 4	2.AN04

5. Electrical features

The electrical characteristics of the hardware are given below.
The maximum and minimum frequencies, and real acquisition times, may depend on eventual additional software filters "QMOVE:sys004"

5.1 PROG PORT (USB mini-B)

Connector for IQ009 or IQ013



The USB mini-B connector does not support USB electrical standards, it can only be used with an interface IQ009 or IQ013.

It is used for the transfer and debugging of the application program in the CPU.

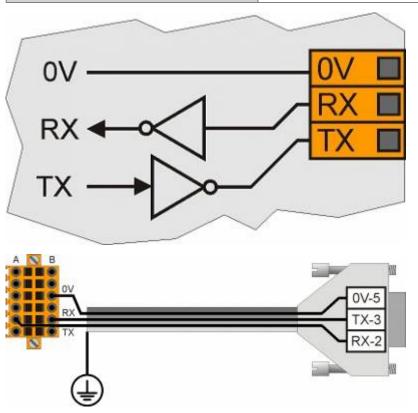
Electrical standard	TTL (Use serial interface IQ009 or IQ013)	
Communication speed	Min. 9.6 Kbaud - max 115200 Kbaud settable by dip1 and 2 of the switch SW1	
Insulation	None	

IQ009 Mini USB-B Mini USB-B USB-B USB-A Connection between Qmove+ e PC using the accessory IQ009

Device IQ013 equipped with RS232 serial port Mini USB-B Mini USB-B D-SUB 9pin FEM Connection between Qmove+ and a device fitted with a RS232 serial port (e.g. a MODEM), using the interface IQ013

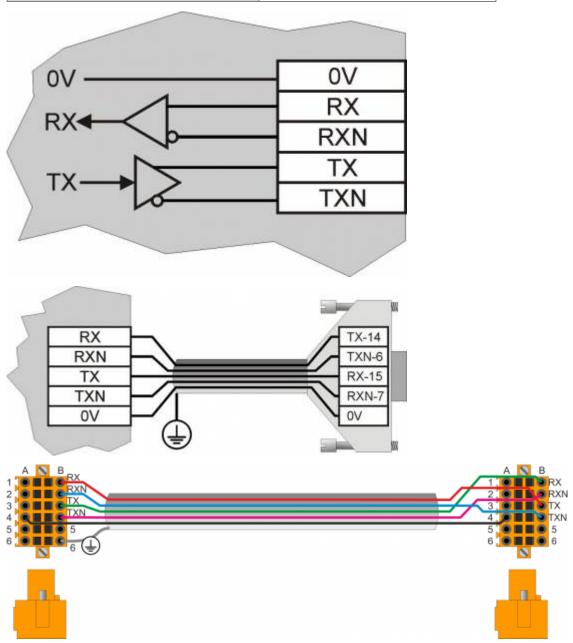
5.2 RS232

Communication speed	4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 baud
Communication mode	Full duplex
Operating mode	Referred to 0V
Max. number of devices connected on the line	1
Max. cable length	15 m
Input impedence	≥ 3 Kohm
Short-circuit current limit	7 mA



5.3 RS422

Communication speed	4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 baud
Communication mode	Full duplex
Operating mode	Differential
Max. number of devices connected on the line	1
Max. cable length	1200 m
Input impedence	≥ 12 Kohm
Short-circuit current limit	35 mA



5.4 RS485



To activate the internal termination resistance see paragraph Setup of USER PORT electric standard, Setup of AUX1 PORT electric standard or Setup of AUX2 PORT polarization and termination resistances

 Communication speed
 4800 baud (only if used with SERCOM and/or MODBUS device), 9600 baud, 19200 baud, 38400 baud, 57600 baud

 Communication mode
 Half duplex

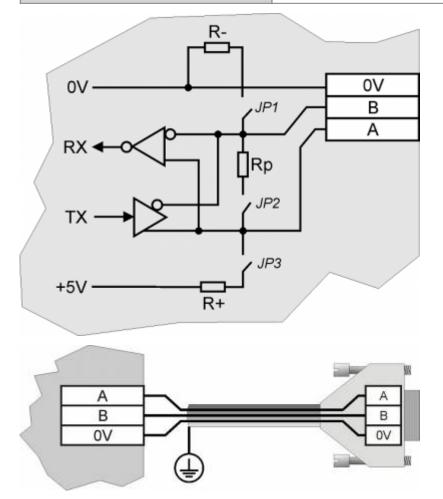
 Operating mode
 Differential

 Max. number of devices connected on the line
 32

 Max. cable length
 1200 m

 Input impedence
 ≥ 12 Kohm

 Short-circuit current limit
 35 mA

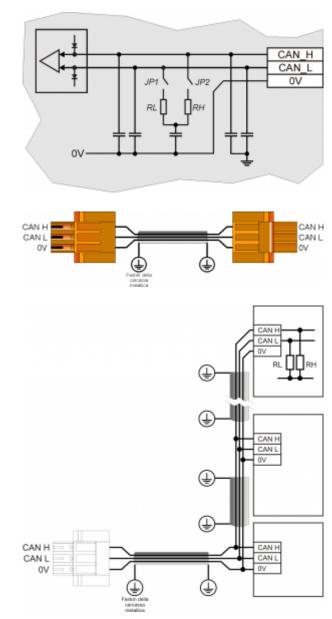


5.5 CAN BUS



To activate the internal termination resistance see paragraph Setup Termination

Communication speed 125, 250, 500, 1000 Kbit/s Max. number of Drivers/Receivers on the line 100 500m @ 125Kbit/s, 250m @ 250Kbit/s, 100m @ 500Kbit/s, 25m @ 1000Kbit/s Max. cable lengths Input impedence >15Kohm Short-circuit current limit 45mA



CAN BUS connection examples.

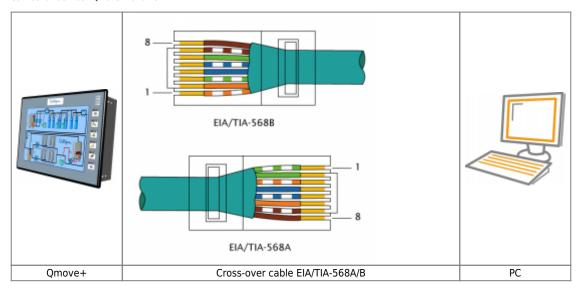


Close DIP's JP1 and JP2 and insert the termination resistances (RL, RH) on the last device of the chain.

5.6 ETHERNET

Ethernet Interface 10/100 Base T (IEEE 802.3) on RJ45 connector.

Connection between Qmove + and PC:



5.7 MMC/SD

Type of Memory Card to use	MMC, SD and SDHC up to 8GB For proper operation it is necessary that the device conforms to the standards set by "SD Association" (www.sdcard.org) or "Multi Media Card Association" (www.mmca.org).
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To use the Memory Cards they must first be formatted with FAT16 or FAT32 file system.

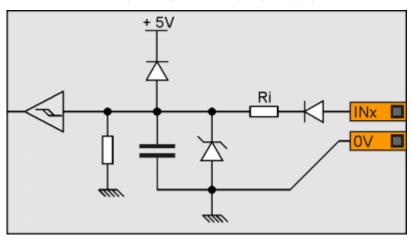
5.8 USB

Max output current | 500mA

5.9 Digital standard inputs

Type of polarisation	PNP
Min. acquisition time (hardware)	3ms
Isolation	1000Vrms
Rated operating voltage	24Vdc
Voltage of logic state 0	0-2 V
Voltage of logic state 1	10.5 - 26.5 V
Internal voltage drop	5V
Input resistance (Ri)	2700Ω
Sink current	2mA ÷ 8mA ¹⁾

¹⁾ CAUTION: If the device connected to the inputs needs a higher minimum current, inputs may not work properly.



5.10 200KHz bidirectional counter inputs

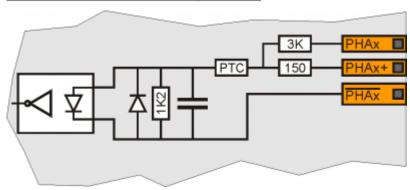


The values given in the table refer to input signals A, B and Z. The max. frequency given in the table refers to A and B phase signals with a DutyCycle = 50% With count frequencies over 50KHz the use of Line-Driver type encoders is recommended.

Type of polarisation	PNP/PP	
Max frequency	200KHz	
Min. acquisition time	5µs	
Insulation	1000Vrms	
Rated operating voltage	24Vdc	
Voltage of logic status 0	0 - 2 V	
Voltage of logic status 1	10.5 - 26.5 V	
Internal voltage drop	1.2V	
Input resistance	3100Ω	

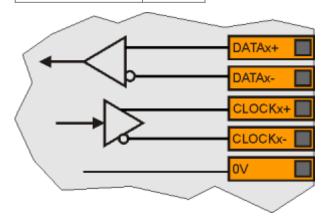
Line-Driver

Type of polarisation	Line-Driver
Max. frequency	200KHz
Min. acquisition time	5µs
Insulation	1000Vrms
Rated operating voltage (PHx+ ? PHx-)	5Vdc
Voltage of logic status 0 (PHx+ ? PHx-)	0-1.5 V
Voltage of logic status 1 (PHx+? PHx-)	2-5 V
Internal voltage drop	1.2V
Input restistance	150Ω



5.11 SSI absolute counters

Frequency	320KHz
Operation mode	Differential
Input impedance	>= 12KO
Short circuit current limit	>= 35mA



5.12 Analog inputs

5.12.1 Conversion time

The electrical features depend on the type of input, configurable via DIP switch.

The conversion times from analog to digital depend on the configuration according to the table:

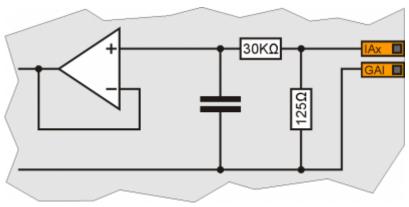
Analog Input Configuration		Conversion time
Input 1	Input 2	per channel
DC ¹⁾	-	4.6 ms
-	DC ²⁾	4.6 ms
DC ³⁾	DC ⁴⁾	9.3 ms
DC ⁵⁾	TC	9.3 ms
DC ⁶⁾	PT100	79.1 ms
TC	-	9.3 ms
-	TC	9.3 ms
TC	DC ⁷⁾	9.3 ms
TC	TC	9.3 ms
TC	PT100	83.8 ms
PT100	-	74.5 ms
-	PT100	74.5 ms
PT100	DC ⁸⁾	79.1 ms
PT100	TC	79.1 ms
PT100	PT100	79.1 ms

^{1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6), 7), 8)} Amperometric, voltmetric or potentiometric type

5.12.2 Analog input in amperometric configuration 0-20mA

Connection type	Amperometric (0-20 mA)
Resolution	12bit/16bit ¹⁾
Input resistance	125Ω
Value of damage	25 mA
Max. Linearity error	<u>+</u> 0,1% Vfs
Max. Offset error	<u>+</u> 0,1% Vfs
S.n.	71 dB
Conversion time	It depends on the configuration of the analog input. See section Conversion times if present 2)
Isolation	1000 Vrms

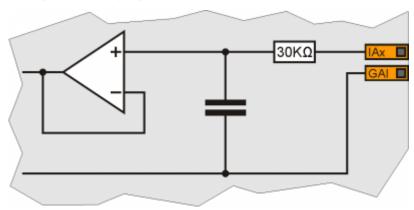
¹⁾ It depends on the Hardware versions
2) The sampling time of the device must be equal or higher than the conversion time



5.12.3 Analog input in potentiometric configuration

Connection type	Potentiometric 1KΩ÷20KΩ
Resolution	12bit/16bit ¹⁾
Reference voltage output	2,5Vdc
Max output current from reference	10mA
Input resistance	10ΜΩ
Max. Linearity error	<u>+</u> 0,1% Vfs
Max. Offset error	<u>+</u> 0,1% Vfs
S.n.	71 dB
Conversion time	It depends on the configuration of the analog input. See section Conversion times if present 2)
Isolation	1000 Vrms

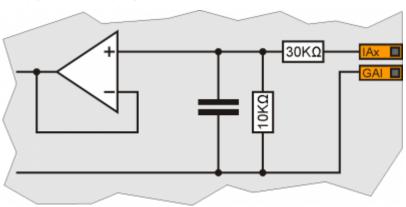
¹³ It depend on the Hardware versions 21 The sampling time of the device must be equal or higher than the conversion time



5.12.4 Analog input in voltmetric configuration

Connection type	Voltmetrico 0÷10V
Resolution	12bit/16bit ¹⁾
Input resistance (Rin)	40ΚΩ
Value of damage	20V
Max. Linearity error	<u>+</u> 0,1% Vfs
Max. Offset error	<u>+</u> 0,1% Vfs
S.n.	71 dB
Conversion time	It depends on the configuration of the analog input. See section Conversion times if present 2)
Isolation	1000 Vrms

 $^{^{\}rm 10}$ It depends on the <code>Hardware versions</code> $^{\rm 20}$ The sampling time of the device must be equal or higher than the conversion time



5.12.5 Ingresso analogico in configurazione PT100

Tipo di sensore collegabile	PT100 3 fili ¹⁾
Tipo di misura	Resistenza ²⁾
Risoluzione	15 bit (32767 corrisponde a 250.00 O)
Resistenza d'ingresso (Rin)	15 MO
Corrente di misura	1 mA
Valore di danneggiamento	10V
Accuratezza misura resistenza	± 0,04%
Tempo di conversione	Dipende dalla configurazione dell'ingresso analogico. Vedi paragrafo Tempi di conversione se presente ³⁾
Isolamento	1000 Vrms

Collegabili anche a 2 fili con ponticello sui morsetti
 Temperatura calcolabile via software
 Il tempo di campionamento del device deve essere uguale o superiore al tempo di conversione

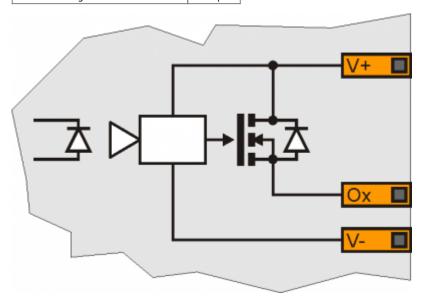
5.12.6 Analog input in termocouple configuration

Sensor type	Thermocouple type J,K,R,S,B,N,T,E 1)	
Type of measure	Differential voltage	
Resolution	16 bit	
Measuring range	±156.25 mV	
Measure for cold junction compensation	Integrated	
Input resistance (Rin)	15 MO	
Value of damage	30V	
Measurement accuracy	± 0,2% (excluding cold junction compensation)	
Conversion time	It depends on the configuration of the analog input. See section Conversion times if present 2)	
Isolation	1000 Vrms	

 $^{^{11}}$ J and K only supported by SW. Contact QEM for the support of the other sensor types. 21 The sampling time of the device must be equal or higher than the conversion time

5.13 Protected digital outputs

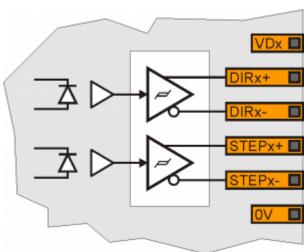
Switchable load	Dc (PNP)
Max. operating voltage	28V
Insulation	1000Vpp
Max. internal voltage drop	600mV
Max internal resistance @ON	90mΩ
Max. protection current	12A
Max. operating current	2A
Max. current @OFF	5μΑ
Max switching time from ON to OFF	270µs
Max switching time from OFF to ON	250µs



5.14 Stepper motor outputs

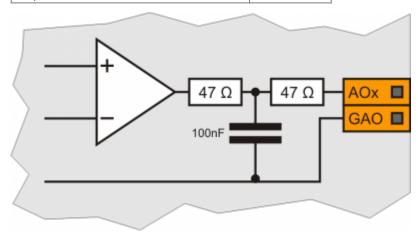
Type of polarisation	Push-Pull / Line-Driver
Max output frequency	200KHz
Insulation	1000Vpp
Max. operating current	20mA
Max. voltage	24Vdc ¹⁾

¹⁾ Selectable via jumpers: 5V e 12V supplied by the instrument, 24V supply from outside to the terminal VDx



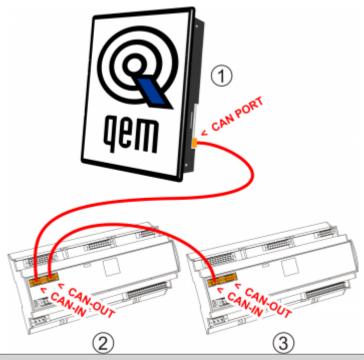
5.15 Analog outputs

Type of connection	Common mode
Insulation	1000Vrms
Voltage range (minimum no load)	-9.8V - +9.8V
Max. offset variation depending on temperature*	+/- 5mV
Resolution	16bit
Max. current	1mA
Output variation depending on load	100 μV/mA
Output resistence	249Ω



6. Connection examples

6.1 CANbus



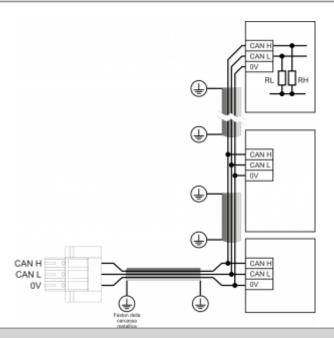


On the first (1) and on the last (3) device of the chain, the termination resistances must be inserted.

The cable shoes must be connected to ground by the fastons provided on the metal body.



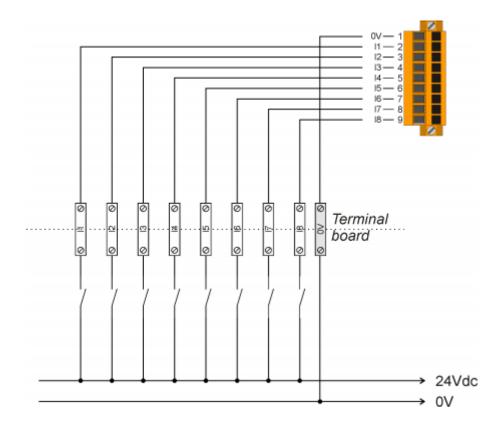
To activate the internal termination resistance see paragraph Setup of CAN1 and CAN2 PORT Termination resistances



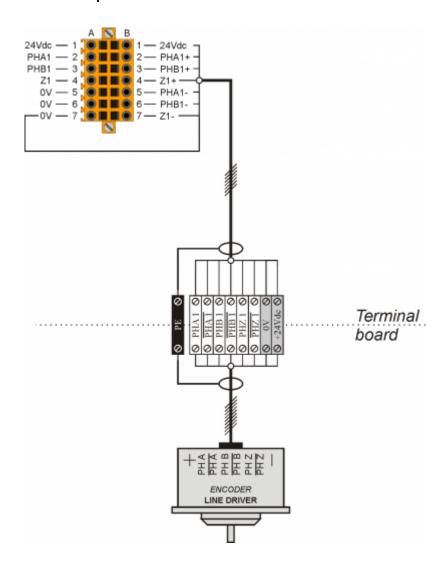


Caution: close the DIP JP1 and JP2 and insert the terminating resistors (RL, RH) on the last device in the chain.

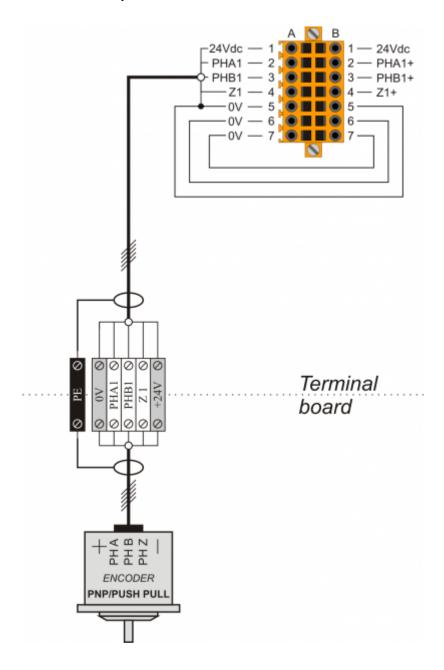
6.2 Digital inputs



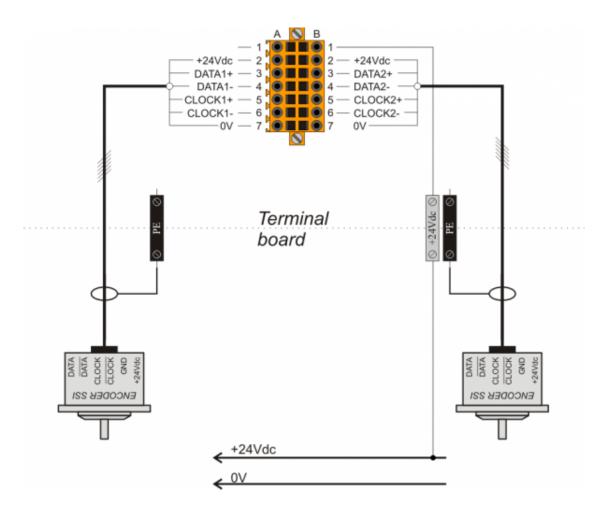
6.3 Line driver counter inputs



6.4 PNP / Push Pull counter inputs

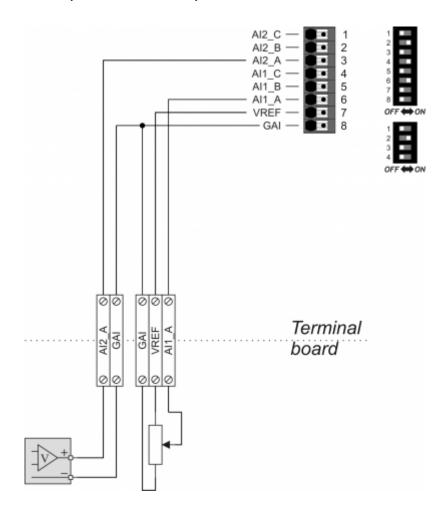


6.5 SSI absolute counters

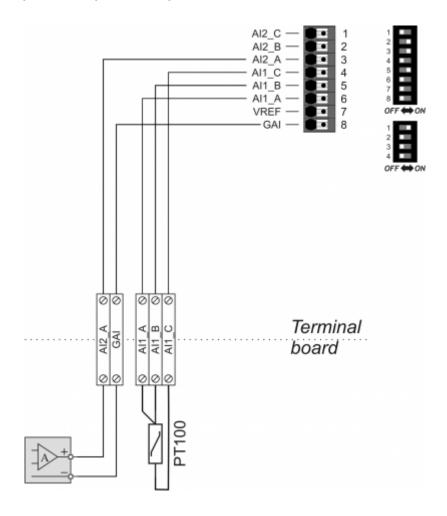


6.6 Analog inputs

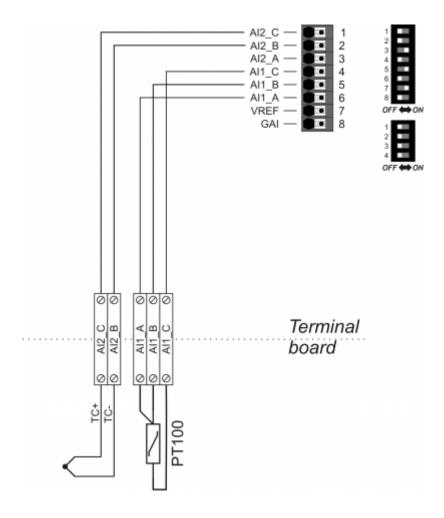
6.6.1 Potentiometric input 1 and voltmetric input 2



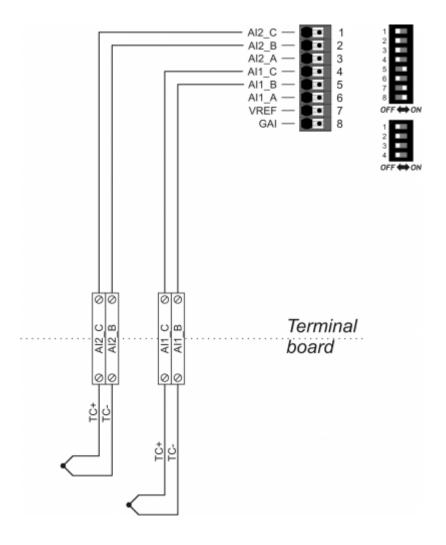
6.6.2 PT100 input 1 and amperometric input 2



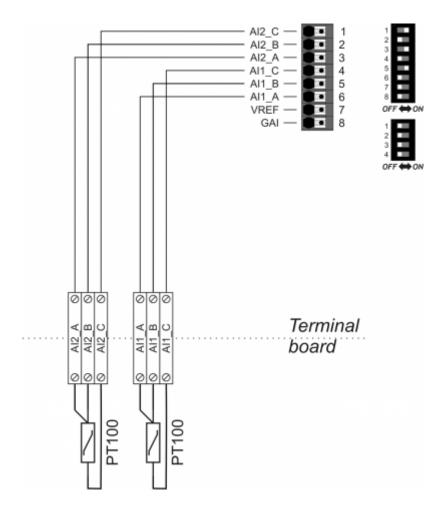
6.6.3 PT100 input 1 and termocouple input 2



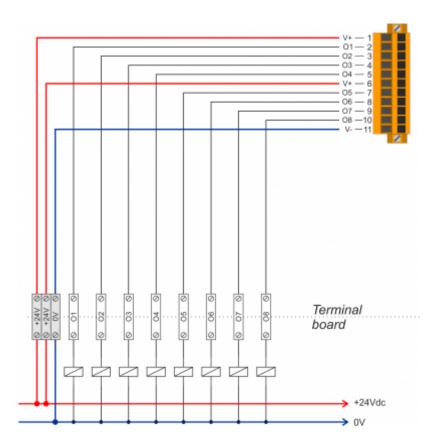
6.6.4 Termocouple 1 and 2 inputs



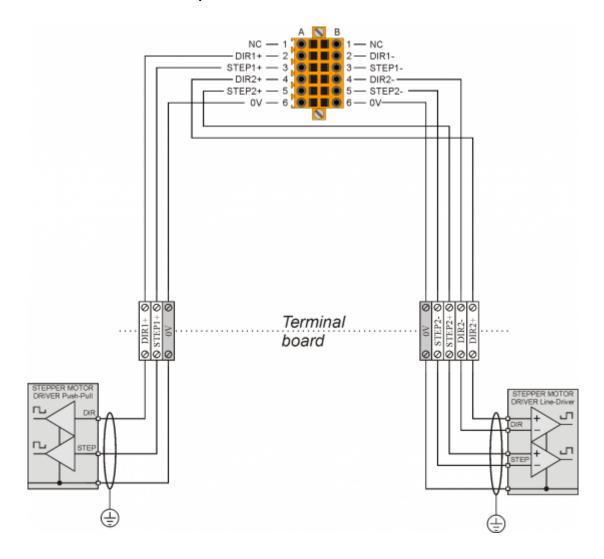
6.6.5 PT100 1 and 2 inputs



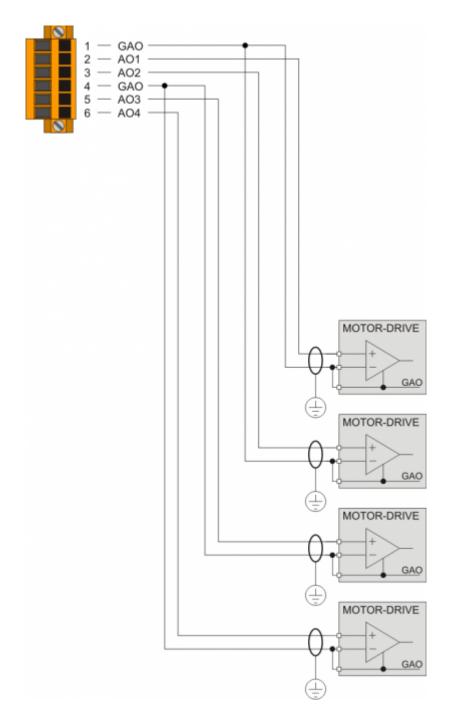
6.7 Protected digital outputs



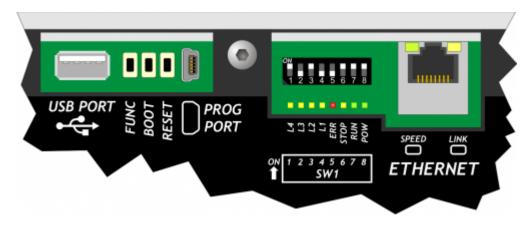
6.8 STEPPER - DIRECTION outputs



6.9 Analog outputs



7. Settings, procedures and signals



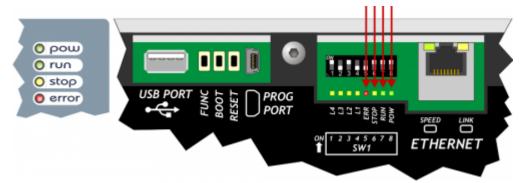
7.1 PROG PORT and USER PORT Baud-rate selector

SW1	Dip	DIP settin	DIP settings			Function	
. /	1	OFF	Baud-rate 57600		Select PROG PORT		
1		ON	Baud-rate 11520	0		transmission speed	
2	2	OFF	Baud-rate 57600			Select USER PORT	
2		ON	Baud-rate 11520	0		transmission speed	
3		OFF		by SERCOM and	MODBUS	Select PROG PORT	
4	3		devices			functioning mode	
		ON	Cannot be used I	by SERCOM and M	10DBUS devices	-anceroning mode	
5	4	OFF	ON	OFF	ON		
6	5	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	CANbus baud-rate	
0		Baud-rate	Baud-rate	Baud-rate	Baud-rate	selector (CanOpen) ¹⁾	
7		125KB/S	250KB/S	500KB/S	1MB/S		
	6	OFF	IQ009 connection	IQ009 connection			
8	U	ON	IQ021 connection				
OFF AND	7	Not used	sed				
OFF WON	OFF WON 8		PROG PORT normal		Select the USER PORT		
		ON	ON PROG PORT on USER PORT connector			as PROG PORT ³⁾	

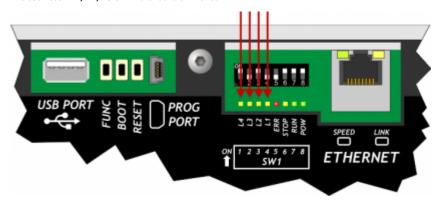
¹¹ Valid if the declaration of the CANopen device is set the speed to 0
13 if enabled, on the mini USB connector of the PROG POR, SVdc are available for the IQQ21 Bluetooth Interface power supply,
13 it is possible to use the USBF PORT connector as PROG PORT with RS232 electric standard, doing this the mini-USB connector of the PROG PORT is disconnected (Setting USER PORT electric standard). For this function mode also set dip 6 of SW2 to OFF.

7.2 Led

The system leds "pow, run, stop, err" are found on the front panel and on the rear of controllers with display and only on the top of controllers without display.



The user leds **"L1, L2, L3** e **L4"** are found on the rear:



"System Leds" Signals

Leggend:







Led	Colour	Status	Description	
now	u Croon		Power on	
Only this led on, signals the CPU reset status		Only this led on, signals the CPU reset status		
run			CPU in RUN status	
CPU in READY status		0	CPU in READY status	
stop	Yellow With pow on, signals the STOP status of the CPU			
этор	With pow off, signals the BOOT status of the CPU			
err	Red With pow off, signals a hardware error. See paragraph Hardware Error codes With pow blinking, the flash rate gives the type of error. See paragraph err led sign			

Err led signals

N. flashes	Error Doccrintion Docommonded action		Recommended action	
1	Bus error Bus configuration different to application software.		Check the correspondence between the QMOVE application (BUS section of configuration unit) and the product configurations (cards mounted in BUS).	
2	2 CheckSum Error Negative outcome on the integrity control of retentive variables . (see Reset Error Checksum)		Restore the machine data from a backup (.DAT file) or cancel the error with in system functions and enter the values manually.	
3 Index Out of Bound An array index is pointing on an inexistent element			Open a unit editor in Qview development environment and use the "Edit→Go to PC" command to find the program line that is cause of the error. In general the index value has a value <1 or >array dimension.	
4 Program Over Range The program selection index in the DATAGROUP has attempted to access an inexistent program.		in the DATAGROUP has attempted to access an	With the Qview development environment open the editor of a unit and user the "Edit→Go to PC" command to highlight the program line that has caused the error. In general the value used as index is lower than 1 or over the array dimension.	
5	5 Step Over Range The step selection index in the DATAGROUP has attempted to access an inexistent step.		With the Qview development environment open the editor of a unit and user the "Edit→Go to PC" command to highlight the program line that has caused the error. In general the value used as index is lower than 1 or over the array dimension.	
6	6 Division By Zero The denominator of a division operation of the application program has a zero value.		With the Qview development environment open the editor of a unit and user the "Edit→Go to PC" command to highlight the program line that has caused the error.	
7	Syntax Error	The application program has an invalid instruction	This error may appear because the program counter has met the QCL END instruction.	
8	8 Watch Dog Error A CAN module does not function correctly, or a specialist card has a hardware problem		With the Qview development environment open the "Monitor→Bus" panel and the righthand column called "Watchdog Bus" indicates the card that caused the problem.	
9 Stack Error The application program has used all permitted levels of calls to subroutines		used all permitted levels of	With the Qview software environment open the editor of a unit and use the "Edit→Go to PC" command to highlight the program line that caused the error. Analyse the unit execution flow, the call to subroutines nestings have a limit, over which this error is generated.	

Hardware error codes

During the startup sequence, if a malfunction of any peripheral is detected, the system blocks and the error is signaled by the flashing led err while the other system led's remain off.



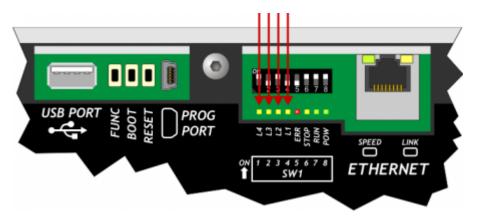
The number of flashes indicates the type of error according to the following table :

Number of flashes	Error
1	Display
2	FPGA
3	Media
4	Bootloader
5	FW
6	Bus
7	Signal not active
8	Signal not active
9	Exception



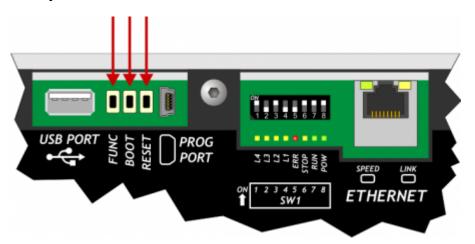
Each of these signals indicates a serious error situation. The product must be sent to the QEM aftersales service.

"User Led" signal



Led	Colour	Description
O L1		
● L2	Yellow	Programmable in the application program by the QMOVE system variable:sys003 and used by the
O L3	Tellow	system functions
O L4		

7.3 Keys



Name	Description		
FUNC	Press on startup of the controller to access the System functions		
ВООТ	Press on startup of the controller to set the CPU in Boot status and then access the firmware update functions		
RESET	Reset CPU. the system is restarted restoring the initial conditions (after a startup)		

8. General information of operation

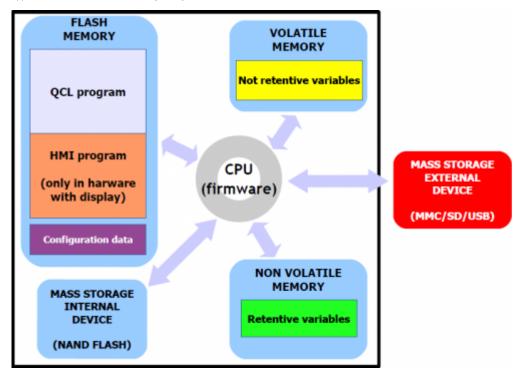
8.1 Introduction

This chapter will introduce some concepts and describes some operations of the product. These contents are partly related and implemented in firmware. This software implements all features that allow the product to be a component of the system programmable Qmove.

8.2 Organizing data and memories

To best understand the terms used in this chapter, it is important to know the organisation of data and memory in a QMOVE application. QMOVE applications are programs written in QCL language that, translated in binary code, are transferred onto QMOVE hardware and saved there. In the hardware, the microprocessor runs has a program called firmware that interprets the above binary code instructions and performs the operations associated to them.

A QCL application, in addition to the instructions, is also composed of variables that the QCL instructions act on.. Some of these variables are retentive, i.e. their values remain unaltered from shut-off to start up. The flow chart below illustrates the organisation of data in a QCL application transferred to the memory of any QMOVE hardware:



It can be noted that, the QMOVE hardware has several mass storage devices:

"Flash memory", where the following is saved:

- **QCL program:** the series of QCL instructions translated into binary by the compiler.
- HMI program: the series of HMI screens translated into binary by the compiler. This program only exists when the QMOVE hardware has a display.
- Configuration data: the calibration and configuration data, the touch-screen calibration settings, the ethernet communication configuration data (IP address, etc...), etc.

"Non volatile memory", which stores:

 Retentive variables: the group of variables that remains unaltered on a shut-off and startup (e.g. SYSTEM, ARRAYS, DATAGROUP, etc).

"Volatile memory", which stores:

• Not retentive variables: the group of variables that is set to 0 at each startup (e.g. GLOBAL, ARRGBL, etc).

The volatile data memory is also used as dynamic memory. i.e. the memory used by the firmware for internal operations and active HMI screen management.

"Mass storage internal device" is managed by a standard filesystem and is useful to save information by the DATASTORE device (read - write binary or csv files with recipes, logs, variuous setups, etc).

It 'also used to store the backup of the application QMOVE and other service files.

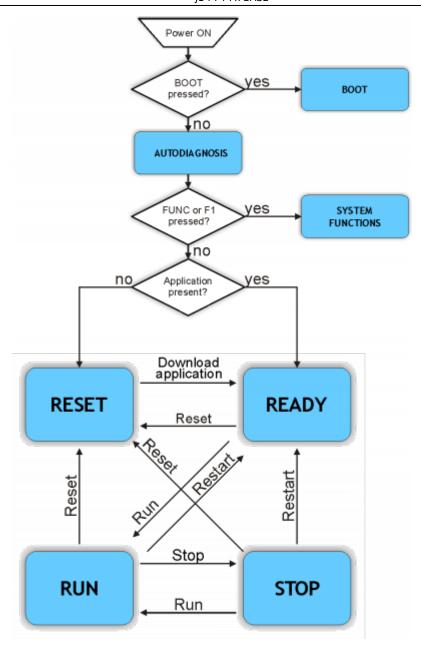
"Mass storage external device" is managed by a standard filesystem and is useful for loading the QMOVE application, data loading/saving, firmware update or to save informations by the DATASTORE device.

8.3 CPU states

The CPU has several operating statuses. The figure below shows the main status changes from the controller startup. The main operating statuses are RESET, READY, RUN and STOP.

The CPU events that determine a transition from one status to another are mainly linked to commands being sent by the development environment: Run, Reset, Stop and Restart.

Application download is the development environment procedure that allows to transfer a QMOVE application to the CPU.



The BOOT state can be used to access the firmware updating functions.

During the startup, after scanning the system led's, the controller performs a series of self-diagnostic operations. When any faults are detected or the operator has to be informed of any given situation, the self-doagnosis procedure is temporarily interrupted, signalling the event. The fault signal is made by led's L1, L2 and a message is given on display (if present).

System Messages

n.	Led ON	System Message (if display present)	Description	Туре
1	O L1	System Data WRITE ERROR	Indicates that a write error has occurred during the configuration data saving.	В
2	O _{L2}	System Data IS RESTORED FROM DEFAULT	Indicates that the configuration data has been restores to the default settings.	С
3	L1 L2	System Data is updated Please verify new data	Indicates that the configuration data has been converted into a new format. Check that the previous settings have been maintained.	С
4	O L3	Firmware is updated old: 1K31F10 1.001 new: 1K31F10 1.002	Indicates that a firmware update has been made.	С

• F1

When the condition detected allows to continue to the start stage (type **C**) and waits for the **FUNC** button or for the **F1** key pressed to continue the boot procedure.

If not provided with a display, the controller waits **5 seconds** before continuing with the startup stage, without waiting for a button to be pressed.

When the situation does not allow to continue the startup stage (tipo **B**), the controller, if provided with a display, shows the message "PLEASE TURN OFF AND TURN ON THE SYSTEM" and remains in this state until you turn off. If the controller is not provided with a display, the led



During the SYSTEM BOOTING state instruments with displays, displays some important information about the system as in the example shown in the following figure:

```
SYSTEM BOOTING

Boot status: POWER-ON
Firmware: 1P44F-30.8.039
S/N: 12345678 - P/N:96000000
HW Rel: 01b0
PLD: MF028-02.0
Date(DMY)/Time: 31/12/2015 - 12:34:56
Dip-Switch = 0x2E
MMC: NOT PRESENT !
NAND: PRESENT 40510/63794 KB
USB: Mass Storage mode
Touch Screen: PRESENT
ETHERNET: IP = 192.168.0.253
NM = 255.255.255.0
GW = 0.0.0.0

BACKUP: UALID
QCL App: 25/04/2001 - 16:58:37 MATCH
QCL Dat: 25/04/2001 - 16:58:37 MATCH
QTP App: 25/04/2001 - 17:01:15 MATCH
Press F1/FUNC for 2s to System Functions
```



WARNING: The values shown in the figure are examples and may vary according to the instrument. Some values may not be present.

List of the information displayed

n.	Message	Description
1	Boot status: POWER-ON	It displays the status of the boot: POWER-ON Switching on the instrument INIT Download application initialization RESTART Restarting the instrument software BACKUP Performing the Backup RESTORE Performing the Restore
2	Firmware: 1K31F-30.5.6	They show the name, version, major releases and minor releases of firmware. In the example we have: 1K31F Firmware name 30 Version 5 Major release 6 Minor release (build)
3	S/N: 12345678	This displays the serial number of the instrument.
4	P/N: 96000000	This displays the part number of the instrument.
5	HW Rel: 01b0	This displays the hardware release of the instrument.
6	PLD: MF028-02.0 This displays the PLD of the instrument.	
7	Date(DMY)/Time: 31/12/2015 - The clock/calendar is displayed in the format: DD/MM/YYYY - hh:mm:ss	
8	Dip-Switch = 0x2E	It displays a hexadecimal value representing the status of the switch SW1. It is equivalent to the value of the system variable SYS002.
9	MMC: NOT PRESENT !	If a MMC/SD is inserted into the slot, at this stage we are displayed device data such as KB used and KB total. In the case where the device is not present is displayed "MMC: NOT PRESENT!"
10	NAND: PRESENT 40510/63794 KB	It checks for all of the internal NAND, and then displays the KB used and KB total. In the case where the device is not detected, an error is reported and is displayed "NAND: NOT PRESENT!"
11	1 USB: Mass Storage mode It describes the using mode for the USB port ("Mass Storage" or "AO	
12	Touch Screen: PRESENT	Instruments equipped with a touch screen, it is detected and then are verified the calibration data. In the event that has yet to be performed calibration, the message diplayed is "CALIBRATION REQUIRED !". The touchscreen calibration is possible with the system function "Touch Calibration".

n.	Message	Description
13	ETHERNET: IP = 192.168.0.253 NM = 255.255.255.0 GW = 0.0.0.0	On instruments equipped with Ethernet interface, displays the parameters IP address (IP), subnet mask (NM) and Gateway (GW). Changing these values is possible with the system function "Set Ethernet communic. parameter" or through special programs available within the development environment.
14	BACKUP: VALID QCL App: 25/04/2001 - 16:58:07 MATCH QCL Dat: 25/04/2001 - 16:58:37 MATCH QTP App: 25/04/2001 - 17:01:15 MATCH	It is checked for a valid backup in NAND and then displays the data of date and time of backup files relating to the application QCL (QCL App), the application data QCL (QCL Dat) and to the application QTP (QTP App). If after "BACKUP" is displayed "VALID" means that the backup can be successfully restored by system function "Restore from NAND". If after "BACKUP" appears "NOT PRESENT" it means that the backup is not present. If after "BACKUP" is displayed "NOT VALID" means that the backup can not be restored properly as the checksum of the three files that make up are not consistent with each other. After each file (QCL App, QCL Dat and QTP App), in addition to the information of the date and time of creation, is also displayed further information: "MATCH" indicates that the file is consistent with the running application. "NO MATCH" indicates that the file is not consistent with the running application. "SIZE ERROR" indicates that the size of the file is invalid, possibly because the writing procedure was not completed correctly. "NOT PRESENT" indicates that the file is not present.
15	Press F1/FUNC for 2s to System Functions	The display of this message indicates that the pressure for at least 2 seconds of the F1 key or the FUNC button provides access to system functions as described in the procedure. The message is displayed for 4 seconds.
16	!!! WARNING detected !!! Press FUNC or F1 to continue	If during the previous phases, they are displayed some warning messages, which do not affect the operation of the system, to allow the operator to easily read the screen is waited a time of about 20 seconds. To not wait and go before, press the F1 key or the FUNC button.
17	!!! ERROR detected !!! Press FUNC or F1 to continue	Message displayed if the previous phases are displayed some error messages. To continue, press the F1 key or the FUNC button.

The SYSTEM FUNCTIONS status can be used to access the SYSTEM FUNCTIONS, which are special procedures that allow the user to perform various operations. For more details see the System Functions chapter.

Led status	Pow Orun
Status cause	No application in memory.
The condition that can put the CPU in this status	RESET command.

This condition can only pass onto a READY status by downloading the applicaiton, using the Qview6 development environment.

Led status	pow Orun
Status cause	Application valid and waiting for execution.
Conditions that can put the CPU in this status	Application download.

This condition can pass onto to the RUN or RESET statuses.

Led status	pow Orun
Status cause	Application in execution.
Condition that can put the CPU in this status	RUN command.

This condition can pass onto all other CPU statuses.

Led status	pow Stop » Orun
Status cause	Stop on application in execution.
Condition that can put the CPU in this status	A breakpoint has been encountered in the application code interpretation.

This condition can pass onto all other CPU statuses.

8.4 System functions



IMPORTANT: The use of these procedures could represent a risk (e.g. deletion of application), therefore it is highly recommended that they are performed by qualified experts.

The system functions are speficic procedures that allow the user to perform various operations, e.g. the configuration/calibration of peripherals, data and application save/restore on/from removable mass memory, deletion of the application and management of the mass memories. Controllers with display have some system functions that are only accessible by password and if access attempts are made the **"Function is**" locked" message is given.

All the system functions are listed below. If the "PWD" column shows 'Y', this means that the function requires a system password (default: "123"). DEVICE indicates an external storage media. MMC / SD or USB for hardware that they have the port.

System Functions

n.	Led ON	System Functions	PWD	Description
				Reset checksum error.
1	O L1	01 - Reset Error Checksum	-	NOTE: if the checksum error is present, the led L1 flashes.
2	O _{L2}	02 - Copy all files DEVICE → NAND	-	Copy all files from external DEVICE to NAND Flash memory.
3	L1 L2	03 - Copy all files NAND → DEVICE	-	Copy all files from NAND Flash memory to external DEVICE.
4	O _{L3}	04 - Application delete	Y	Delete the application.
5	L1 L3	05 - Application upload from DEVICE	Y	Upload the application from external DEVICE.
6	L2 L3	06 - System Settings	-	Adjust the system clock and selection of the DEVICE (only for hardware that possess both ports).
7	L1 L2 L3	07 - Downl. retentive data to DEVICE	-	Save the retentive data on external DEVICE.
8	O _{L4}	08 - Set NEW Password	Y	Set a new password to access the "locked" system functions.
9	L1 L4	09 - Remove all files from NAND Flash	Y	Cancel all files stored on the NAND Flash memory.
10	L2 L4	10 - Show NAND Flash files	-	List the files stored on the NAND Flash memory.
11	L1 L2 L4	11 - Touch Calibration	-	Run the calibration procedure of the Touch Screen, if present.
12	L3 L4	12 - Set Ethernet communic. parameter	-	Run the setup procedure for the Ethernet communication parameters (IP address,, etc.).
13	L1 L3 L4	13 - Backup to NAND	-	Run the backup of the QCL application, data and HMI application on NAND memory.
14	L2 L3	14 - Restore from NAND	Y	Run the restore of the QCL application, data and HMI application from NAND memory.
15	L1 L2 L3 L4	15 - Firmware Upgrade	Y	Run the firmware upgrade from external DEVICE. Available only in some hardware.

Note: To exit system functions press the keep the **F1** key or **FUNC** button for at least two seconds.

8.4.1 Access to system functions



To access the System Functions, start up the controller with FUNC button or F1 key pressed.

The QMOVE application, if present, it not executed and the led $\bf L1$ lights up. Tools that have a display appears "SYSTEM FUNCTIONS".

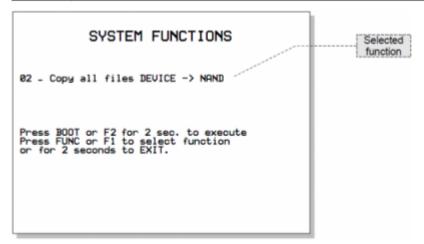
SYSTEM FUNCTIONS

01 - Reset Error Checksum

Press BOOT or F2 for 2 sec. to execute Press FUNC or F1 to select function or for 2 seconds to EXIT.



Use FUNC button or F1 key to scroll through the functions. The selected function is indicated by the combination of L1-L2-L3-L4 leds lighted up and in instruments that have a display, you see the selected function in the "SYSTEM FUNCTIONS".

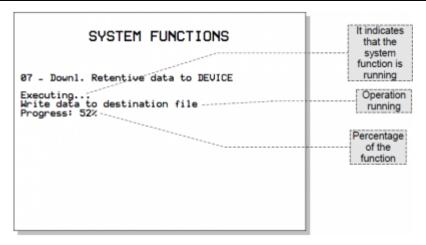


The "System Functions" table gives the list of system functions and related led combinations.

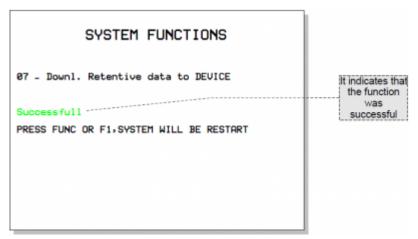


Press BOOT button or F2 key for 2 seconds to execute the selected function. The POW led starts flashing to indicate that the selected function is being executed.

Instruments that have a display, you see the page "SYSTEM FUNCTIONS" as in the figure below.



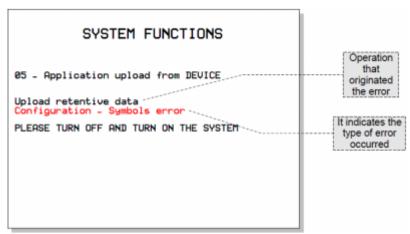
When the function ends the **POW** led stops flashing. Instruments that have a display, you see the page "SYSTEM FUNCTIONS" as in the figure below.





Press FUNC button or F1 key to restart the controller.

If the function does not complete properly the $\bf POW$ stops and the $\bf ERR$ starts flashing.



The number of flashes indicates the type of error as shown in the table System Function Error Messages.

When a system function ends with an error, the number of led flashes err indicates the type of error. If there is a display, a message is given to describe the cause of the error.

System Function Error Messages

Error/Number of ERR led flashes	Message	
1	Generic error	
2	Open/Exist/Create file error	
3	Read file error	
4	Write file error	

Error/Number of ERR led flashes	Message	
5	Out of Memory error	
6	QMos Version error	
7	Checksum Error	
8	Symbols checksum No Match	
9	Configuration / Symbols error	
10	File format error	
11	Format error	
12	Device not present or unformatted	
13 Application not present e		
14 Touch calibration failure		
15 File compression type not su		
16	Target don't match project !	
17	Fw version don't match project !	
18	File copy error	
19	File size error	
20 Crypt operation error		
21 Invalid Product Serial Number		
22	Function is locked	
23 Function not enabled		

8.4.2 Description of the functions

The system runs an integrity control of retentive variables by the application of a CRC to the nonvolatile data memory. This detects any

corruption and prevents the application from starting up, signalling the situation by flashing the led err as shown in Err led signals. For the application to function again, a new download of the application must be performed with the development environment, or the "Reset Error Checksum" system function. These operations delete the error status and zero-setsall retentive variables.

The procedure:

- Check the error status and end the funciton if no error is present. In microQMove products, the presence of the QCL application is also checked.
- Vengono azzerati i dati ritentivi e viene visualizzato il messaggio "Clear power down data..." fino al termine della procedura.
- Resets the retentive data and the message "Clear power down data..." until the end of the procedure.
- End of operation

This procedure copies all files in the root and "DS" directory of the external MMC/SD or USB card to the NAND internal mass storage.

The following table gives the sequence of operations and any possible errors:

Message	Description	Possible errors	
Check <i>DEVICE</i> presence	Checking for the presence of the external mass storage card On <i>DEVICE</i> appears MMC or USB, depending on what is selected	Device not present or unformatted	
Mounting device	Mounting the external mass storage card Device not present or unformatted		
Searching files	Searching for compatible files No Files Found		
Copy <filename></filename>	Making a copy of the files indicating the name currently in copy		

This procedure copies all files contained in the root and "DS" directory of the NAND internal mass storage to the external MMC/SD or USB card memory.

The following table gives the sequence of operations and any possible errors:

Message	Description	Possible errors	
Check <i>DEVICE</i> presence	Checking for the presence of the external mass storage card On <i>DEVICE</i> appears MMC or USB, depending on what is selected	Device not present or unformatted	
Mounting device	Mounting external mass storage device	Device not present or unformatted	
Searching files	Searching for compatible files No Files Found		
Copy <filename></filename>	Copying the files indicating the name of the one currently in copy		

This deletes the application and empties the nonvolatible data memory, deleting the QCL program and, if present, deleting the HMI program.

The following table gives the sequence of operations performed and any possible errors:

Message	Description	Possible errors
Reset retentive data	Empty nonvolatible data memory	Write file error
Delete QCL application	Deletion of the QCL program	Write file error
Delete HMI application	Delection of the HMI program (if display installed)	Write file error

This loads an application from the external MMC/SD or USB mass memory card to the non volatile memory.

This allows to load all or one of the QCL program, HMI program and retentive data.

The external MMC/SD or USB mass memory card must contain at least one of the following files:

- $\bullet \ \ \textbf{applic.bin} \ \text{for the compiled QCL program generated by the Qview development environment} \\$
- applic.dat for the data file generated by the "Save Data..." procedure of the Qview development environment or by the Downl system function. for retentive data to DEVICE;
- appqtp.bin for the compiled HMI program generated by the Qpaint development environment; it is generated by the special function "Download the project to File...".

Message	Description	Possible errors
Check <i>DEVICE</i> presence	Checking for the presence of the external mass storage card On <i>DEVICE</i> appears MMC or USB, depending on what is selected	Device not present or unformatted
Mounting device	Mounting external mass storage card	Device not present or unformatted

If the applic.bin is present:

Message	Description	Possible errors
Upload QCL application	Uploading the QCL program	Open/Exist/Create file error Write file error Read file error Out of Memory Error QMos Version Error Checksum Error Symbols checksum No Match Configuration / Symbols Error

If the applic.bin file is not present, an application must already be loaded in the nonvolatile memory otherwise the "Application not present" message is given.

If the applic.dat file is present:

Message	Description	Possible errors	
Upload retentive data	Uploading retentive data to the nonvolatile data memory	Open/Exist/Create file error Write file error Read file error Out of Memory Error QMos Version Error Checksum Error Symbols checksum No Match Configuration / Symbols Error QTP File format error	

The procedure performs the following steps:

- Check the presence of the MMC/SD or USB card.
 The "Check DEVICE presence" message is given.
 On DEVICE appears MMC or USB, depending on what is selected.
- Mounting MMC/SD or USB card.\\The "Mounting device..." message is given.
- Uploading the QCL program (applic.bin), if contained in the removable mass storage device The "Upload QCL application" message is given.
- Uploading retentive data of the QCL program (applic.dat), if contained in the removable mass storage device The "Upload retentive data" message is given.

NOTE: if the applic dat file is not found, the data in the system is maintained so long as the Symbol and Configuration checksums have not been varied. If they are varied all data will be set to zero.

- Uploading the HMI program (appqtp.bin), if contained in the removable mass storage device The "Upload HMI application" message is given.
- The file is closed and the operation ends.

8.4.2.1 System Settings

This procedure sets the system clock/calendar and selects the type of external memory to be used.

SYSTEM FUNCTIONS

06 - System Settings

Date: 31/12/2010 Time: 12:34:56 Removable device: USB

Press BOOT or F2 to modify PRESS FUNC OR F1 to EXIT

The string Removable device is not present in hardware that does not have a USB port.

Press F2 key or BOOT button to enter a new setting in the boxes. Each time a setting is confirmed the next box is accessed for modification. At the last box the new settings are saved.

This function creates a file on external mass storage (MMD/SD or USB) containing the retentive data values.

The file created is named "applic.dat" and is the same as the file obtained by the "Save Data..." procedure in the QView development environment. The function can only be performed if there is a valid QCL application in the controller.

The procedure performs the following steps:

Check the presence of the MMC/SD or USB card.
 The "Check DEVICE presence" message is given.
 On DEVICE appears MMC or USB, depending on what is selected.

Mounting the MMC/SD or USB card.

The "Mounting device..." message is given.

• Check the presence of the QCL program

The "Checking application presence..." message is given.

• Check the validity of the retentive data

The "Checking retentive data..." message is given.

 Open the applic.dat destination file on the external MMC/SD or USB card The "Open destination file..." message is given.

• Write the headers in the destination file

The "Write headers to destination file" message is given.

Write the retentive data in the destination file
 The "Write data to destination file".

NOTE: the percentage progress of the operation is given during this step

Close the file and end the operation

8.4.2.2 Set NEW Password

This modifies the password to access the system functions. The password is a number. The default password is: **123** The procedure first asks for the current password (Actual Pwd) and, if correct, then allows a new password to be entered (New Pwd).

SYSTEM FUNCTIONS

08 - Set NEW Password

Actual Pwd: 123 New Pwd: 456

Press BOOT or F2 to modify Press FUNC or F1 to EXIT

When the new password has been entered the "saving data..." message is given to indicate that the new data is being saved.



If 0 (zero) is entered as a new password, the password request is disabled.

Delete all files contained on the internal NAND flash mass storage.

Unlike the "Format NAND Flash" function, this acts at a filesystem level and can therefore be performed as many times as necessary.

The procedure performs the following steps:

- Calculation of the number of files contained in the internal mass storage.
- The "Searching files..." message is given.
- If zero files are found, the "No Files Found" message is given and the function ends, otherwise the "Delete <filename>" is given indicating the delection of every file found.
- Close the internal storage and end procedure

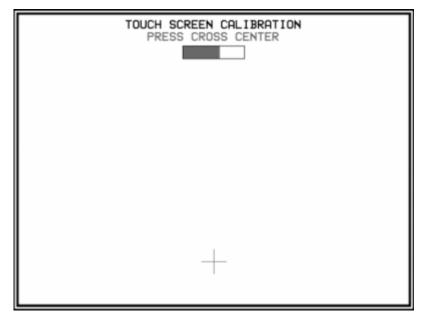
8.4.2.3 Show NAND Flash files

This procedure views the name and size of all files found in the internal NAND flash mass storage.

The procedure performs the following steps:

- Calculate the number of files in the internal mass storage.
- The "Searching files..." message is given.
- If zero files are found the "No Files Found" message is given and the procedure ends.
- The file name and size in bytes "<filename> <size>B" of each file found is shown.
- Press the BOOT button or the F2 key again to continue with the next file when the "Press BOOT or F2 to show next filename" message is given.
- Close the internal storage device and end procedure.

This procedure is used to calibrate the touch-screen device, if it's present.



At the entrance of the procedure, it is presented with a screen where there is a blue cross. Press the center of the cross until the progress bar has reached completion.

At this point, the message "COMPLETED" and you can release the pressure.

Note: if the pressure is released before the completion of the progress bar, the procedure is aborted and the message "!! OPERATION ABORTED !!" is given.

Repeat for the other two crosses green and cyan.

8.4.2.4 Set Ethernet communic. parameter

This procedure views and modifies the communication parameters of the ETHERNET port. When the function is accessed all data saved on the controller is shown.

```
SYSTEM FUNCTIONS

12 - Set Ethernet communic. parameter

MAC address: E2-40-00:BC-5E-B2
IP address: 192.168. 0.141
GateWay...: 0. 0. 0. 0
Net Mask..: 255.255.255. 0
Port nr. 1: 5001 Port nr. 2: 5002
Port nr. 3: 0 Port nr. 4: 0
Press BOOT or F2 to modify
Press FUNC or F1 to EXIT
```

To change a $\underline{\text{parameter}}$ press F2 and introduce the new setting.

Press ENTER to go to and change the next box.

When the last box is confirmed, the data is saved and the "saving data..." message is given.

If the Ethernet port is not present on the hardware, the message ${\it ``Function"}$ not ${\it enabled''}$ is given.

The backup procedure creates a copy of the QCL and HMI applications in execution and a dump of the retentive data, as files saved in the NAND mass storage. The files created have the following names:

- applic.qcy identifies the file containing the QCL application (CPU)
- appdat.qcy identifies the file containing the retentive data of the QCL application
- $\bullet \;\;$ appqtp.qcy identifies the file containing the HMI application

SYSTEM FUNCTIONS

13 - Backup to NAND

Executing... Write QCL Application Progress: 56%

The procedure performs the following steps:

• Check the presence of the QCL application

The "Checking application presence..." message is given.

- Create and write in NAND the QCL application backup file: applic.qcy
 - The "Write QCL application" message is given with the percentage progress of the operation.
- $\bullet\,\,$ Check the presence and validity of retentive data of the QCL application
 - The "Checking retentive data..." message is given.
- Create and write in NAND the retentive data backup file of the QCL application: appdat.qcy
 The "Write QCL data" message is given with the percentage progress of the operation.
- If the controller has a display, a check is made for the presence of the HMI application:
- If the HMI application is correct the backup file **appqtp.qcy** is created in NAND and the "Write QTP application" message is given with the percentage progress of the operation.
- If the application contains errors, the "QTP application error" message is given.
- If the HMI application is not found, the "HMI application not present" message is given.
- Procedure end and system reboot.

The restore procedure allows to recover from the NAND mass storage, the saved backup files of the QCL and HMI applications and an dump of the retentive data.

SYSTEM FUNCTIONS

14 - Restore from NAND

Executing... Upload QCL application Progress: 56% [1/2]

The procedure :

- The message "Restore NAND backup" is given.
- The NAND backup file of the QCL Application is read: applic.qcy
 The message "Upload QCL application" is given, the percentage progress of the operation and the procedure step number.
- The NAND backup file of the QCL Application retentive data is read: appdat.qcy
 The message "Upload retentive data" is given, the percentage progress of the operation.
- If the controller has a display, the presence of the HMI application is checked and read from the NAND back up file: appqtp.qcy.

The message "Upload HMI application" is given, the percentage progress of the operation and the procedure step number

• Procedure end and system reboot.

Upgrade the firmware of the instrument through the external storage device MMC/SD or USB.

In the external storage device MMC / SD or USB must be present the following file:

• firmware.a21

The procedure performs the following steps:

- Request system password to proceed the operation.
- Check the presence of the MMC / SD or USB.
- View the firmware file found. It's necessary to confirm again.
- Firmware Update.
- Closing the file and end operation.
- Automatic restart of the instrument.
- Displaying the name of the old and the new firmware just loaded.

The use of system functions Backup to NAND and Restore from NAND allows to save in backup and restore a QMOVE application.

The backup and restore operations use the NAND internal memory device. The backup procedure creates a file copy of the QCL program, the HMI program (if the controller has a Qem display) and an image of the ritentive data.

The files created:

- applic.qcy containing the QCL program (QCL App)
- appdat.qcy containing the ritentive data image (QCL Dat)
- **appqtp.qcy** containing the HMI program (QTP App)

The files are encrypted and only the controller that generated them can run the Restore procedure so as to safeguard unauthorised data copies.

The backup file copied to external memory such as MMC/SD or USB card can be carried out with the system function Copy all NAND files -> DEVICE. A directory named "QBK" is created in the MMC/SD or USB that contains the above files. In the same way backup files can be transferred to the controller using the system function Copy all files DEVICE -> NAND. In this case, the files in the MMC/SD or USB must always be contained in the directory "QBK"

Backup/restore is an important function that can be used in the following cases:

- 1. to restore the QMOVE application to a known situation (the situation at the time of the backup), if data has been changed by an operator or if the machine data has been altered for any reason.
- when testing a new application, a backup can be made of the original, stable version. If the new application being tested is not satisfactory, the restore command will recover the original version.

8.5 Information for programming

In this chapter are collected all the product information for programming.

8.5.1 Development suite

The product programming requires the Oview-6 environments to program the OCL code and if the product has a graphic display, also the QPaint-6 environment to design the screen graphics. Noth these softwares are available in the Qworkbench software package that can be downloaded as freeware from the Qem website (in "Support" section).

The contoller has 3 slots. The slots 4 to 32 can be declared and must be used to address recources installed in the Canopen modules.

To use the terminal in a product that has a display, you must declare under INTDEVICE the device MMIQ2.

To program with the QPaint-6 development environment it is important to select the correct target. To do so, in the environment select Project → Target Configuration then select the right controller according to the ordering code.

Example of a statement of the BUS to use on the BUS unit's configuration:



The firmware versione must coincide, and if available, the specialization card name to the 3 slot must be correct. See the dedicate section.

8.5.2 Memories used

This paragraph looks at how to measure an estimate of use of the product's memories. The **non volatile memory** is available to memorise the QCL program and has a capacity of 1MB.

The memory space occupied is equal to the size of the .BIN file generated by Qview. The percentage memory occupied can be viewed in the CPU panel of Qview under "Used CODE memory", or this information can be obtained from the value of parameter "sizeapp" of the QMOS

The non volatile memory available to memorise the HMI program has a capacity of 10MB.

The memory space occupied is equal to the size of the .BIN file generated by Opaint, whose value (in bytes) is viewed in parameter "memqtp" of the MMIQ2 device.

The **non volatile data memory** used to memorise **retentive variables**, has a capacity of 819KB.

The percentage memory occupied can be viewed in the CPU panel of Qview, under "Used RETENTIVE", or this information can be obtained from the value of parameter "sizeret" of the OMOS device.

The volatile data memory used to memorise non ritentive variables has a capacity that depends on various factors (e.g. the HMI and QCL program sizes, the HMI screen being viewed, etc)

The free system general memory, available as volatile data memory, is indicated by parameter "memfree" in the MMIQ2 device.

8.5.3 Communication ports

The PROG and USER serial ports implement the QEM proprietary communication protocol called BIN1.

The SERCOM and MODBUS devices can be used with all communication serial ports including PROG PORT. Use the following number settings during the device declaration to select the communication channel:

```
(if available for this hardware)
```

When the SERCOM and MODBUS devices use the PROG PORT or USER PORT, they address the channel only if the communication status of the device is open (st_opencom = 1). When the channel of the device is closed (st_opencom = 0) in the serial, the BIN1 protocol returns active. To force the BIN1 protocol on the PROG port (thereby preventing the SERCOM device from occupying the channel) active the SW1 dip 3.

When using the MODBUS RTU protocol on serial port AUX2 (se disponibile nell'hardware) with RS485 electric configuration, remember that when the serial port is transmitting, the controller maintains the channel (DE) active for a longer time than the "MODBUS RTU" specification. To this must be consider a minimum time of 5 milliseconds after which it is possible to receive a new message. Also the SERCOM device, when it ends a transmission, has the same time the channel is active (DE).

The Ethernet communication port use the transport protocol TCP/IP, where the BIN1 protocol packets are encapsulated within TCP/IP data packets. There are two active connections identified by two communication ports can be freely set in the communication parameters of the Ethernet port. If the instrument is provided with a display, these values are displayed and modified using the system function 12 - Set Ethernet communic. parameter. Other ways to view and set these figures can be realized through special programs available within the development environment (QConfigurator-1 and QConfigurator-2).

SYSTEM FUNCTIONS

12 - Set Ethernet communic. parameter

```
2-40-00: BC-5E-B2
    address:
IP address.:
GateWay....:
                 192.168.
                               0.141
                 Net Mask.
Port nr. 1:
Port nr. 3:
                                           5002
Press BOOT or F2 to modify
Press FUNC or F1 to EXIT
```

The port set in "Port nr.1:" represents a communication channel equivalent to PROG PORT. The port set in "Port nr.2:" represents a channel equivalente to USER PORT. The ports 3 e 4 are not used.

The Ethernet port can also be used to establish a communication type Modbus TCP/IP with other networked devices. In this case the channel that identifies the Ethernet port can be set by entering the number 43.

```
mdbs MODBUS 2 43
```

The 3 channels of Ethernet communication port (two with BIN protocol and one MODBUS TCP/IP) can be active simultaneously.

8.5.4 Firmware message error

When downloading the Qmove application, the QView-6 development environment can give error messages that are not described in the development environment manual. These errors are special and the description string given by QView-6 is generated directly by the firmware.

The table below describes possible error messages generated by the firmware.

Firmware error messages

Possible error message	Description	
Error: SYSTEM + ARRSYS + DATAGROUP + INTDEVICE size overflow by 234bytes.	Given when the retentive variables exceed the maximum limit.	
Error: serial port not avaliable in SERCOM or MODBUS device declaration.	Given when the wrong number is used during the device declaration to select the communication channel.	
Error: CANOPEN device required if you use more than 3 slots.	In the BUS definition more than 3 slots are being used and so the application requests the use of Canopen modules. To manage this, a CANOPEN device must be declared.	
Error: incorrect bus fault mode in CANOPEN declaration.	The CANOPEN device declaration indicates a fault mode (last value in the declaration) that is not supported.	
Error: incorrect canbus speed in CANOPEN declaration.	The CANOPEN device declaration indicates an invalid speed.	
Error: too much CANOPEN device declaration.	Only one CANOPEN device can be declared.	
Error: absol. encoder resource num in ABSCNT device declar. is not avail.	The ABSCNT device declaration indicates an inexistent resource.	
Error: COUNT in ABSCNT device declaration is not a simulated counter.	The counter address used in the ABSCNT device declaration cannot be a simulated type (e.g. 1.CNT01).	
QMos version error. Unsupported instructions set.	One or more statements in the project QCL are not supported by the firmware.	
Error: compression file type not support.	The compression of the compiled QCL program is not supported by the firmware.	
Error: too mutch slots in bus declarations.	They were declared under BUS more slots than those allowed by the hardware.	

The development environment provides a series of ready-made variables that can be used by putting the word "QMOVE." before the name. For example "QMOVE.is_suspend", "QMOVE.sys001", etc. This paragraph is designed to illustrate the 16 system variables called sys001-sys016, whose meaning depends on the firmware that is being used.

sys001

This is a read only variable that indicates the status of the FUNC (bit 0) and BOOT (bit 1) buttons. The following settings are possible:

0 = no button pressed.

- 1 = FUNC button pressed
- 2 = BOOT button pressed. 3 = FUNC and BOOT buttons pressed.

sys002

This variabile allows to read a dump of the SW1 dip-switches. The dump is acquired only after the controller is powered. The Bit 0 corresponds to dip 1 and so on.

NOTE: Some dips are not connected to the microprocessor and is therefore always read at logic level 0.

sys003

This variable allows the command of led's L1-L2-L3-L4. The bit 0 corresponds to L1, the bit1 to L2 and so on.

sys004

This variable allows toxet the anti-glitch filter on the phase signals in the two-way counters. The setting is expressed in KHz and refers to the signal frequency of one phase. The setting range is 30-220. The default setting is 220KHz. The variable can also be reread. The filter can be modified at any time.

svs005-16

Not used.

8.5.5 The devices

The device term identifies a category of software capable of supporting and monitoring activities, more or less complex, to solve the automation systems problems

The list of implemented devices in the firmware depends from the firmware version.

The firmware version 10 include following device:

Device name	Minimum sampling time (msec)	Maximum sampling time (msec)	Execution time (%)
ABSCNT	1	250	8,31
ANINP	1	250	14,25
CALENDAR	-	-	0
CANOPEN	1	250	100
COUNTER3	1	250	5,94
DAC	-	-	0
DATASTORE	1	20	8,31
FREQ	1	250	4,75
MMIQ2	1	10	90,5
MODBUS	1	250	32,07
QMOS	-	-	0
RECDATA	1	250	5,34
SERCOM	1	250	9,26

The firmware version 20 include also following device:

Device name	Minimum sampling time (msec)	Maximum sampling time (msec)	Execution time (%)
ANPOS2	1	250	8,31
EANPOS	1	250	55,94
HEAD2	1	250	23,75
OOPOS3	1	250	27,91

The firmware version 30 include also following device:

Device name	Minimum sampling time (msec)	Maximum sampling time (msec)	Execution time (%)
CAMMING3	1	250	55,94
INTERP	1	250	35,63

8.5.5.1 Features of the device

This section describes the additional information of the devices. This information complement and complete the maintenance manual of the device available on the Qem site. These are the information related to the implementation of the devices in this product.

8.5.5.1.1 CANOPEN

If in the device declaration CANOPEN set the 0 speed then it becomes can be set by means of SW1 dip. The first slot of the target resources that reside within the Canopen is the 4.

The firmware capture the input interrupt while this is located in a Canopen module.

You can enter the 2 value in the Declaration of the device on the relative sector to the port. This setting makes it possible for the startup of the QCL DS402 drives through a request (QDO number 10). This function is essential in cases where there are driver without enable input and the power supply logical is in common with main power supply. If the main power supply is turn off, the drive ot communicating in CANOPEN because also the logic section are turned off.

8.5.5.1.2 DATASTORE

The files used from the device DATASTORE are contain in the /DS folder. If this folder does not exist it is created automatically. The DATASTORE device can can operate with MMC/SD or USB NAND memory inside the product (not removable). To define how your device used the parameter value priority (0=MMC/SD, 1=NAND, 2=USB). If your application needs to frequently access to the MMC/SD or USB device and do not require physical removal, you can use a particular priority parameter setting that avoids continually MOUNT UMOUNT devices. Before execute the UMOUNT command to set the "priority = -1"

A QCL code example to change device may be:

```
SUB_SETMMC
WAIT NOT data.st_busy
IF data.st_mount
data.priority = -1
data.MOUNT
WAIT NOT data.st_mount
CALL CHECK_ERR_WRN
ENDIF
data.priority = 0
 ENDIF
data.priority = 0
data.MOUNT
WAIT data.st_mount
ENDSUB
 SUB_SETNAND
WAIT NOT data.st_busy
IF data.st_mount
data.priority = -1
data.MOUNT
WAIT NOT data.st_mount
CALL CHECK_ERR_WRN
ENDIF
data.priority = 1
data.priority = 1
ENDIF
data.priority = 1
data.MOUNT
WAIT data.st mount
CALL CHECK_ERR_WRN
ENDSUB
```

Check for the existence of a file on the external memory. Do you use the "filenum" set to the -1 value and use the OPENFILE command. If you set again the -1 value in "filenum" and use the OPENFILE command will search for the name of the next file, and so on. Whenever we will use a different -1 value with OPENFILE the search loop filenum will be closes. When the search is complete and there will be no more files, then the device will response to the OPENFILE command "filenum = -2". The successful execution of the command will be indicated by flag st_busy = 0. If the file extension is not HEX or CSV file itself is ignored by the search. In the case that the file name is not compatible with those managed by DATASTORE (numbers from 0 to 9999999) then the "filenum" will remain set to -1 value and will report a warning

The "disksize" and "diskfree" parameters are represented in KB.

8.5.5.1.3 RECDATA

The device can store 10000 step maximum.

8.5.5.1.4 QMOS

```
The "frwuvalue01" parameter contains the numeric value of the serial number of the product.
```

The "frwuvalue02" parameter contains the numeric value of the Serial number of the "frwuvalue02" parameter contains the numeric value of the PN (Part Number). The "frwuvalue03" parameter contains the numeric value of the hardware release. The "frwuvalue04" parameter contains the numeric value of the VN (Vedi Nota). The "frwuvalue05" parameter contains the numeric values of the QCL Level.

8.5.5.1.5 FREQ

To define the input associated to the device FREQ use the appropriate numeric field on the device. The availability of frequency inputs must be verified with the hardware version of the product. To derive the relationship between numerical value and terminal pin use the information in the "address" column in the tables in the illustration of the terminal.

8.5.5.1.6 CAMMING3

The parameters in the fields sector (CodeQm, CodeQs...) are not ritentive. At power-up they take always value 0.

9. Available accessories

- IQ009IQ013IQ011

- IQ016
- Connectors polarization Kit
- Front panel customization kit

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